ENGLISH IDIOMS abulary practice IN USE

60 units of vocabulary reference and practice

Self-study and classroom use

Second Edition

Advanced

Felicity O'Dell Michael McCarthy

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Using this bookstnemegbelwondbA

Why was this book written?

It was written to help you take your knowledge of idioms to a more advanced level. The ability to use idioms accurately and appropriately is an indicator that you have a truly advanced level of English, and so this book pays attention to the productive use of idioms as well as to the comprehension of their meaning. Many of you will have already worked with *English Idioms in Use Intermediate*, and this book builds on the work done there. However, it does not matter if you have gained your knowledge of idioms in a different way. We do not assume that you have used *English Idioms in Use Intermediate*, although we do present and practise different idioms from those that were presented in the lower-level book.

How were the idioms in this book selected?

The idioms which are presented in this book were mainly selected from those identified as significant by the CANCODE corpus of spoken English, developed at the University of Nottingham in association with Cambridge University Press, and the Cambridge International Corpus of written and spoken English (now known as the Cambridge English Corpus). The idioms selected are all also to be found in the *Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary 4th Edition*, where you can find additional usage notes and examples. You can search this dictionary online by going to the following website:

http://dictionary.cambridge.org

How is the book organised?

The book has 60 two-page units. The left-hand page explains the idioms that are presented in the unit. You will usually find an explanation of the meaning of the idiom, an example of it in use and, where appropriate, some comments on when and how it is used. The exercises on the right-hand page check that you have understood the information on the left-hand page and give you practice in using the material presented.

The units are organised into seven sections:

Learning about idioms (Units 1–8) gives important information relating to idioms in general, such as what they are and how to use them accurately.

Types of idiom (Units 9–13) looks at some different types of idiom, dealing with such areas as Similes and idioms from other languages.

Idioms from the topic area of ... (Units 14–24) focuses on idioms originating from different topic areas. For example, a great many idioms in English are based on sailing, a result of Britain's history as an island with a strong dependence on the sea. This section therefore opens with a unit dealing with idioms originating from the topic area of Sailing. Other units in this section deal with, for example, idioms based on Parts of the body, Games and sport and Literature. Many of us find it interesting to learn about the origins of idioms, and studying them in this way can also help to fix their meaning in your memory.

Idioms to talk about ... (Units 25–38) focuses on the topic areas where certain idioms are frequently used. For instance, there are units dealing with idioms used when talking about *Money*, about *Society* or about *Problems*.

Idioms used in ... (Units 39–41) looks at three types of writing where distinct types of idioms are used – *Journalism*, *Advertising* and *Formal writing*.

Idioms used in conversation (Units 42–47) presents idioms used in conversations from a functional point of view. For example, there are units dealing with *Telling stories*, *Agreeing and disagreeing* and *Emphasising*.

Idioms using these keywords (Units 48–60) groups idioms according to the keywords that they centre on. Unit 53, for instance, presents and practises idioms using the word *hand*, while Unit 59 focuses on idioms using the verb *fall*.

The book also contains a key and an index, listing the idioms we deal with and indicating the units where they can be found.

How should I use this book?

We strongly recommend that you do the first two units in the book first – *What are idioms?* and *When and how are idioms used?* – as these give you basic information that underpins all the other units. After that, you may work on the units in any order that you prefer.

What else do I need in order to work with this book?

You need a notebook or file so that you can write down the idioms that you study in the book as well as any others that you come across elsewhere.

You also need to have access to a good dictionary. We strongly recommend the *Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary*, as this gives you exactly the kind of information that you need to have about idioms. Your teacher, however, may also be able to recommend other dictionaries that you may find useful.

So all that remains is to say if you want to *stand out from the crowd* (Unit 40), start studying the idioms in this book. *There's no time like the present!* (Unit 40). We hope you'll find this an enjoyable and useful way to keep up and extend your knowledge of English idioms in use.

1 What are idioms?

A Formulaic language

Idioms are a type of formulaic language. Formulaic language consists of fixed expressions which you learn and understand as units rather than as individual words, for example:

type of formulaic language	examples
greetings and good wishes	Hi there! See you soon! Happy birthday!
prepositional phrases	at the moment, in a hurry, from time to time
sayings, proverbs and quotations	It's a small world! Don't put all your eggs in one basket. To be or not to be – that is the question.
compounds	car park, bus stop, home-made
phrasal verbs	take off, look after, turn down
collocations collocations	blonde hair, deeply disappointed

B Idioms

Idioms are fixed combinations of words whose meaning is often difficult to guess from the meaning of each individual word.

For example, if I say 'I put my foot in it the other day at Linda's house – I asked her if she was going to marry Simon', what does it mean? If you do not know that put your foot in it means say something accidentally which upsets or embarrasses someone, it is difficult to know exactly what the sentence means. It has a non-literal or idiomatic meaning.

Idioms are constructed in different ways, and this book gives you practice in a wide variety of types of idiom. Here are some examples:

Tim **took a shine to** [immediately liked] his teacher. (verb + object + preposition)
The band's number one hit was just **a flash in the pan** [something that happens only once] (idiomatic noun phrase)

Little Jimmy has been as quiet as a mouse [extremely quiet] all day. (simile. See Unit 9 for more similes.)

We arrived safe and sound [safely]. (binomial. See Unit 10 for more binomials.)

Idioms are often based on everyday things and ideas, for example, the human body: Mark and Alistair **don't see eye to eye**. [don't agree with each other]

How can I use idioms?

Many idioms are quite informal, so use them carefully. You will need to be able to understand a lot of idioms if you want to read English fiction, newspapers or magazines, or understand TV shows, films and songs. People also often use idioms for humour or to comment on themselves, other people and situations.

You will sound more natural and fluent if you can use idioms in everyday conversation or informal writing. Be careful not to use too many, though!

Language help

The words and word order of idioms are usually fixed, and we cannot change them in any way. For example, we cannot say *gave a shine to* or *sound and safe*.

Exercises a smolbile as a world by a markly

1.1 Read the beginning of this story and label the type of formulaic language used in the words in bold. Use the information in A opposite to help you.

In 2009, I set off on a long journey. As I left my house, my neighbour shouted, 'Good luck!' I didn't know at that moment that I would not see him again for three years. I boarded the plane at Heathrow, and soon it took off for Malaysia. When we touched down in Kuala Lumpur, I couldn't wait to get off the plane. I took a bus to the city centre and spent the night at a youth hostel. The first person I met was someone I had been at school with years ago. 'It's a small world!' he said when he saw me.



1.2 Underline the seven idioms in the rest of the story you read in 1.1.

My friend suggested that we join forces. 'There's safety in numbers,' he said. 'Let's hit the road together.' I was in two minds whether to go with him but finally decided to say yes. We travelled together for six months and had a whale of a time. We spent money like there was no tomorrow. I had to twist my dad's arm and persuade him to send me some more money so I could travel further.

1.3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 His first novel was just a) a flash in a pan b) a flash of the pan c) a flash in the pan.
- 2 I think Philip has a) given a shine to b) taken a shine to c) got a shine to his new babysitter.
- 3 I hope you have a good trip and come home a) safely and soundly b) sound and safe c) safe and sound.
- 4 Oh dear! I think I've a) had a foot in it b) put my foot in it c) got my foot in it!
- 5 Kate is really noisy, but her best friend is a) as quiet as a cat b) as quiet as a mouse c) as quiet like a mouse.
- 1.4 Look at these newspaper headlines. Each one has an idiom based on a part of the human body. What do you think they mean? Choose the correct answer.
 - University **goes cap in hand** to finance minister
- Rita Soraz is the apple of Hollywood's eye
- Airline **foots the bill** for delays and cancellations
- Government is burying its head in the sand, says Opposition leader
- 1 A university a) apologises to the minister b) asks the minister for financial help c) awards the minister a great honour.
- 2 An airline a) has refused to pay the costs b) sends the bill to someone else c) will pay the costs.
- 3 Rita Soraz is a) loved by everyone in Hollywood b) hated by everyone in Hollywood c) missed by everyone in Hollywood.
- 4 The government is a) refusing to face a difficult situation b) about to resign c) making unpopular plans.

Δ

Idioms and change

Idioms frequently change in English. Although many idioms last for a long time, some disappear very quickly. Therefore, some idioms that were popular 50 years ago may sound very old-fashioned and odd today. For example, the idiom **as stiff / straight as a ramrod** [sitting or standing with a very straight and stiff back] is not frequently used nowadays. It is therefore important to be careful if you learn an idiom from, say, an older novel, as it may sound unnatural if you use it in your own speech or writing. In this book we focus only on up-to-date idioms which are still commonly used.

B

What are idioms used for?

- For emphasis, e.g. 'The singer's second album sank like a stone.' [failed completely]
- · To agree with a previous speaker, e.g.
 - A: Did you notice how Lisa started listening when you said her name?
 - B: Yes, that certainly made her **prick** her **ears up**. [start listening carefully]
- To comment on people, e.g. 'Did you hear Tom has been invited for dinner with the
 prime minister? He's certainly gone up in the world!' [gained a better social position or
 more money than before]
- To comment on a situation, e.g. 'The new finance minister wants to knock the economy into shape.' [take action to get something into a good condition]
- To make an anecdote more interesting, e.g. 'It was just one disaster after another today,
 a sort of domino effect.' [when something, usually bad, happens and causes a series of other
 things to happen]
- To catch the reader's eye. Idioms particularly those with strong images are often
 used in headlines, advertising slogans and the names of small businesses. The writer
 may play with the idiom or make a pun (a joke involving a play on words) in order to
 create a special effect, e.g. a debt of dishonour instead of the usual debt of honour. [a
 debt that you owe someone for moral rather than financial reasons]
- To indicate membership of a particular group, e.g. surfers drop in on someone, meaning to get on a wave another surfer is already on. This kind of group-specific idiom is outside the focus of this book.

C

Where will you see or hear idioms?

You will see and hear idioms in all sorts of speaking and writing. They are particularly common in everyday conversation and in popular journalism. For example, they are often found in magazine horoscopes, e.g. You'll spend much of this week **licking your wounds** [trying to recover from a bad experience], or in problem pages, e.g. 'Do you think that my relationship has **run its course**?' [come to a natural end] However, idioms are also used in more formal contexts, such as lectures, academic essays and business reports, e.g. 'It is hoped the regulations will **open the door to** better management.' [let something new start] **See Unit 41 for more idioms used in formal writing.**

Language help

Look out for idioms being used in headlines and advertisements. Make a note of any interesting examples that you find.

Using reference resources assistant unital

2.1 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 Few idioms stay in frequent usage for a long time.
- 2 Your English may sound unnatural if you use certain idioms.
- 3 Idioms can be used for dramatic effect.
- 4 Idioms are frequently used to comment on people and situations.
- 5 Headline writers always use idioms in their correct form.
- 6 Idioms are only used in some types of speaking and writing.
- 7 Newspapers and magazines are a good place to find idioms in use.
- 8 Idioms are not used in academic writing.

2.2 Complete each idiom.

- 1 My essay is really not very good. Could you please help me knock it into
- 2 It's time you stopped ______your wounds and got back to your normal life.
- 3 Although the film cost a lot of money to make, it enjoyed no success at all; in fact, it sank like a
- 5 Ben and Sarah went out together for a long time, but the relationship eventually ran its ______ they're both happily married to other people now.
- 6 The children up their ears when they heard the word 'chocolate'.

2.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









2.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Would *Going up in the world* be a better name for a mountain-climbing organisation or a furniture business?
- 2 Would Knock yourself into shape be a better slogan for dance classes or a boxing club?
- 3 Would Let things run their course be advising someone to act quickly or to be patient?
- 4 If a headline mentioned a *debt of honour*, would it be suggesting that the law or the person's conscience should be encouraging them to pay something back?
- 5 Would *This'll make you prick your ears up* be a better slogan for a hi-fi company or an earring business?

Over to you

Do an Internet search for 'company names with puns'. Find three puns that you can explain.

3 Using reference resources

At advanced level, your aim will be not only to understand idioms, but also to use them accurately and appropriately. This book will help you achieve these aims. There are other resources which you should use too.

A Dictionaries

To help you study idioms, you need a good learner's dictionary, ideally one which focuses on idioms. The *Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary* gives you examples of how idioms are used and also gives information on their use, e.g. whether they are used humorously, or informally, or in a more literary context. It also highlights the most important idioms to learn. You can access this dictionary online at www.dictionary. cambridge.org. The best learner's dictionaries are corpus-based, i.e. they focus on idioms that people actually use and give authentic examples of their use. *English Idioms in Use Advanced* is based on the Cambridge International Corpus, which is a collection of over one billion words of real spoken and written English. Here is an example of how idioms are presented in the *Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary*:

like it or lump it informal

if you tell someone to like it or lump it, you mean they must accept a situation they do not like, because they cannot change it • The fact remains, that's all we're going to pay him and he can like it or lump it. • Like it or lump it, romantic fiction is read regularly by thousands.

B The Internet

You can use the Internet to find out more about the meanings and origins of idioms, and to see more examples of their use.

- The website http://www.phrases.org.uk lists the meanings and origins of many idioms, and the site provides examples of how the idioms are used. There is also a link to a Phrase Finder Facebook page, where you can ask questions about the meaning and origin of idioms.
- Use a search engine such as Google to find further examples of idioms in use. You could
 specify the context in which you want to find examples, for example by typing 'like it or
 lump it news', to find examples of the idiom used in newspaper headlines or articles.

C Vocabulary notebooks

Always make good, detailed notes about idioms in your vocabulary notebook. Include an example of the idiom in context, as well as its meaning. Add any notes about its usage, e.g. *informal* or *literary*. Doing a quick drawing of an idiom may help you to learn it.

Each time they asked him a question, he was <u>like a rabbit caught in the headlights</u>. The speaker unfortunately looked <u>like a rabbit caught in the headlights</u> during most of the discussion.

= looked very frightened, unable to move or think (also 'deer' instead of 'rabbit')

Exercises oibi mi anon destem nommo 3

- 3.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A opposite to help you.
 - 1 What two things does a good learner's dictionary do, as well as explain the meaning of idioms?
 - 2 How much language and what kind of language is in the Cambridge International Corpus?
 - 3 What does the dictionary say about the usage of like it or lump it?
- 3.2 Use the Cambridge Advanced Learner's Dictionary (book or online) to match each idiom on the left with the label used in the dictionary on the right. Can you explain the meaning of the idioms?

1 get off your backside informal
2 have occasion to do something formal
3 the shit hits the fan slang
4 know something inside out old-fashioned

5 not soil your hands offensive 6 send someone to Coventry humorous 7 pigs might fly literary

3.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 3.2. You may need to change the form of the verb.

1 Henry will help you deal with these forms. He the system

- 2 They think he's the boss of the criminal gang, but he never by committing crimes personally.
- 3 Joey can be so lazy. I wish he'd
- 4 'I won't be late to work ever again.' 'Oh yes, and!'
- 5 If Greg finds out what you've done,
- 6 I live very close to the hospital, but luckily I've never _______go there.
- 3.4 Search for "like it or lump it" in the two ways described in B on the opposite page. What information did you get?
- 3.5 Underline the eight idioms in this newspaper article. What do you think each idiom means? Use a dictionary to help you.

SPORTS MINISTER HOPPING MAD

John Hamilton has made a name for himself by running a tight ship at the Ministry of Sport. So it was no surprise to his staff that he reportedly 'went spare' when he learnt what had been going on behind his back. Two of his leading advisors had been feathering their own nests with government money intended for young people's sports organisations. 'Such behaviour is quite beyond the pale,' said Hamilton, 'and the two people concerned have already been given the sack'.



Noticing the meta-lice underlying many disenses they you understand and learn them. Look out for either consistence are not represented and learn

4 Common metaphors in idioms

A What is a metaphor?

Metaphors describe a person, object or situation by comparing it to something else with similar characteristics. They are often used in poetry and literature. In Shakespeare's *Romeo and Juliet*, for example, Romeo says 'Juliet is my sun,' suggesting that she is the most important force in his life, bringing him light and warmth.

Many idioms are based on metaphors. However, idioms are expressions that are used so frequently and are so fixed in the language that people often do not think about the metaphors behind them. The metaphors used in idioms are therefore much less original and thought-provoking than those used in literary contexts. People say, for example, 'The new president **was / took centre stage** at the meeting' [was the most important or noticeable thing or person], without thinking of the original image of a theatre.

B Work = war

The language of idioms seems to suggest that English speakers see work and business life as a kind of war, with many work and business idioms based on images connected with war and fighting. For example, companies **launch** marketing **campaigns**, and they may **join forces with** one another. Business people might say that a situation **is a minefield** [is potentially dangerous] or that a company **is a casualty** of a difficult economic situation [was badly affected by it]. A manager may **pull rank** on his employees [use the power his position gives him to make them do something], and he may have to **get / take the flak** for a problem [receive strong criticism]. An employee may **be given** or **get his marching orders** [lose his job]. **See Unit 15 for more idioms based on war and conflict**.

C Understanding = seeing

Idioms often equate seeing with understanding. For example, we talk about **seeing sense** or **seeing reason** [becoming sensible / reasonable] or **seeing the point** [understanding the importance of something]. Similarly, if someone **sees the joke**, they understand it. To **see the light** can mean to suddenly understand something.

Some other metaphors

Emotion = colour

Red can suggest anger, e.g. 'My brother **saw red** when I broke his phone.' Black is often associated with unpleasant feelings: if you get a **black mark** for something, it means people think you have done something bad, and they will remember it in future.

Life = a journey

If someone **is at a crossroads**, they are at a stage in life when they have to make an important decision. If you say that you **are going / getting nowhere**, you mean you are making no progress. If you say something is taking you into **uncharted territory / waters**, you mean it is taking you into unknown areas of experience.

Life = a gamble

If you have something up your sleeve, you have a secret plan or idea (someone playing cards for money may hide a card up their sleeve). If you **bluff your way** into or out of a situation, you get yourself there by deception in the same way that a gambler may bluff (pretend to be in a weaker or stronger position than is really the case).

Language help

Noticing the metaphors underlying many idioms will help you understand and learn them. Look out for other common concepts such as time = money.

4.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A opposite to help you.

- 1 How do metaphors describe people, objects and situations?
- 2 In what kind of writing are metaphors frequently used?
- 3 How are the metaphors used in literary contexts different from those used in idioms?
- 4 Why do you think it can sometimes be useful for you to be aware of the origins of idioms?

4.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









4.3 Complete each idiom.

1	lax legislation can be a for new businesses; there are so many rules to
	follow.
2	Our company is planning to a new marketing campaign in April.
3	Shouting at his manager got Tom a black at work.
4	I'm sure your boss willsense eventually and agree to your plan.
5	At first I didn't see the of going to university or college, but then I saw
	theand realised studying would give me more choices for the future.
6	If she doesn't offer to write the report, I'llrank on her and tell her to do it
7	Noor isa crossroads in her life now that she has finished her medical
	degree. She has to decide what she is going to specialise in.
8	George doesn't know much about the job, but I'm sure he'll be able to
	his way through the interview.

4.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Everyone else was laughing, but Katie couldn't understand what was funny.
- 2 Eva is making no progress with her research.
- 3 BritTel is going to work together with SatCom to lobby the government.
- 4 The teacher was furious when Matt refused to do his homework.
- 5 The errors in the report really weren't Sam's fault, but he was blamed for them.
- 6 Tina is hoping her father will eventually <u>become more reasonable</u> and let her drive the family car.
- 7 Unfortunately, my brother's transport business was <u>very seriously affected by</u> the rise in fuel prices.
- 8 As the president of a major company, Ross is used to being the focus of attention.

All the examples in this unit come from the Cambridge Learner Corpus. This is a collection of over 95,000 exam scripts by students from over 190 countries taking Cambridge ESOL exams. The errors in this unit were actually made by learners in advanced-level exams, including CAE, Proficiency and IELTS (level 6+).

A major difficulty with idioms is that they are fixed expressions which cannot be changed – except when you are deliberately playing with the language. It is therefore very important to use idioms accurately. **See Unit 6 for more information on playing with idioms**.

A Getting the keywords right

You say that rising unemployment figures are just **the tip of the iceberg** [a small part of a much bigger problem], NOT the top of the iceberg.

You say that the state is responsible for its citizens' welfare **from the cradle to the grave** [from birth to death], NOT from the cradle to the coffin.

If you want to talk about people that you do not know or that you do not think are important, you can say **every Tom, Dick and / or Harry** could do that job, NOT every Tom and Jerry!

If you pay for something yourself, you pay for it **out of your own pocket**, NOT out of your own wallet.

If someone is in a bad mood, you can say they are **like a bear with a sore head**, NOT like a bear with a sore throat.

When you remember the past nostalgically, you talk about **the good old days**, NOT the good old time.

To say that someone or something will not exist for much longer, you can say their **days are numbered**, NOT their days are counted.

To talk about limiting someone's freedom, you can use the idiom **to clip someone's** wings, NOT to cut someone's wings.

Getting the details right

Using idioms accurately also means getting even the little words exactly right.

You must not add articles where they are not needed: someone has a **spirit of adventure** [enthusiasm for adventurous activities], NOT spirit of an adventure. You must not leave out articles either: fashion can be described as **up-to-the-minute** [new], NOT up to minute.

Take care with prepositions too: someone can **be at a loss for words** [not know what to say], NOT at a loss of words.

Make sure that you also use singular and plural forms correctly: you talk about a couple **tying the knot** [getting married (informal)], NOT tying the knots.

Word order is very important too: you can be **sick and tired of** something [angry and bored], NOT tired and sick of it.

Language help

Translating idioms word for word can cause problems. For example, we **make a mountain out of a molehill** [make a small difficulty seem like a serious problem], NOT make an elephant out of a mouse. Always check in a good dictionary before translating an idiom from your own language.

Playing with idioms

5.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?







5.2 Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 My sister is always buying up-to-minute gadgets.
- 2 I'm sick and tired of listening to him complaining all the time.
- 3 My grandad's always talking about good old days.
- 4 They've been engaged for six months but haven't made any plans about when they're going to tie the knots.
- 5 Magda was at a loss for words when her son told her he had quit his new job.
- 6 Engineering isn't the kind of job that every Tom, Dick or Henry could do.

5.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 Don't make such a ______out of a molehill.
- 3 My son's got a real ______ of adventure. He's going travelling around the world for a year.
- 4 We won free train tickets to Paris in the competition, but we had to pay for the hotel out of our own _______.
- 5 Freddie keeps shouting at everyone today. I don't know why he's behaving like a ______ with a sore head.

5.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them? Looking up the word in brackets in a good idioms dictionary should help you find the correct idiom.

- 1 You'll pass your driving test if you really want to <u>where there's a will, there's a power.</u>
 [WILL]
- 2 I get bored if I always do the same things at the weekend <u>change is a spice of life</u>. [VARIETY]
- 3 Sh! Be quiet! There's no need to talk at the top of your head. [TOP]
- 4 He never saves any money. He spends whatever he has. <u>Easy coming easy going</u> is his motto. [EASY]
- 5 I was so upset when I failed the exam. I wept my eyes out of my head. [CRY]
 - 6 She's a total optimist she always manages to look the good part. [LOOK]

6 Playing with idioms

People often play with idioms for humorous effect or to make something more memorable. This wordplay is particularly common in journalism and advertising. **See Unit 40 for more examples of idioms used in advertising**.

A Memorable names for businesses

Here are some catchy names of hairdressers' salons.

name of salon	explanation
FRINGE BENEFITS	Fringe benefits are something extra you get because of your job in addition to your pay, e.g. a company car. A <i>fringe</i> is the hair that hangs down over your forehead.
BLOWN AWAY	If you are blown away by something (e.g. a performance or a piece of music), it amazes you because it is so good. A hairdresser <i>blows</i> hair dry with a hair dryer.
WAVELENGTHS	If two people are on the same wavelength , they think in the same way. People often have, or want, <i>waves</i> in their hair.

News headlines

В

News headlines often play with idioms in some way, to attract people to read the article.

headline	explanation
DELIVERY DELAYS PART AND PARCEL OF POST OFFICE PROBLEMS Recent delays in the postal service are symptoms of wider problems, a government report claims.	a necessary part of an event or experience which cannot be avoided. (The Post Office delivers letters and <i>parcels</i> .)
FIREWORKS FUND BURNING A HOLE IN THE POCKET OF CITY COUNCIL The city council today voted to spend £100,000 on a massive public fireworks display.	If you have money burning a hole in your pocket, you want to spend it as soon as possible. (Fireworks <i>burn</i> , and if one burnt in your pocket, it would make a <i>hole!</i>)
OPTICIANS FAIL TO SEE EYE TO EYE The National Association of British Opticians (NABO) today disagreed about a new set of standards for the industry.	If two people do not see eye to eye, they disagree with each other. (Opticians care for people's eyes and help them see better.)
THEATRE MANAGERS FINALLY GET THEIR ACT TOGETHER The managers of the Cleo Theatre have come up with a rescue package to save the theatre.	organise themselves so that they do things efficiently (informal). (Actors <i>act</i> in a theatre, and performers have an <i>act</i> which they perform.)
AGRICULTURAL REFORM POLICY – FARMERS SIT ON THE FENCE The Farmers' Union has stated that it remains neutral over the latest plans for reform.	delay making a decision when they have to choose between two different options in a dispute. (Farms often have <i>fences</i> which separate the fields.)
CHESS COMPUTER BEATEN BY HUMAN – DESIGNERS ARE BACK TO SQUARE ONE Software engineers now have to rethink the design of the <i>Redray</i> software that failed to work as planned.	have to work on a plan from the beginning again because a previous attempt failed and the progress made was wasted. (A chessboard has 64 squares on it.)

Look at the salon names in A opposite. Which idioms do these pictures make you 6.1 think of?

1







- These sentences all use idioms from the opposite page. Why are they humorous? 6.2 Use a dictionary to find both the idiomatic and literal meanings of the expressions if necessary.
 - 1 I was offered a job at a hairdresser's salon but the fringe benefits weren't very good, so I turned it down.
 - 2 Both John and Emma work as newsreaders for the local radio station, so I'm not surprised they're always on the same wavelength.
 - 3 The audience were blown away by Tom's solo in the wind instrument competition.
 - 4 Walking a lot and carrying heavy bags is part and parcel of working as a postman.
 - 5 The two film stars have got their act together and resolved their marital problems.

6.3	Comp	lete ea	ach ic	liom.
-----	------	---------	--------	-------

	1 The money was burning	my pocket.
	2 Her two brothers don't see	and haven't spoken to each other for
	over a year.	
	3 Learning how to manage your finances i	s part of becoming an adult
	4 It's time you got	
	5 The president refused to make a decisio	n and was accused of sitting
	6 My computer crashed, so I'm back to	with my assignment.
6.4	Match the idioms on the left with the cor	npanies or organisations on the right.
	1 BACK TO SQUARE ONE	a a delivery firm
	2 GETTING OUR ACT TOGETHER	b a gardening company
	3 PART AND PARCEL	c a company that makes board games
	4 SITTING ON THE FENCE	d a local drama club

Over to you

What products, organisations or services do you think these idioms from other units in this book could be used to advertise? it never rains but it pours (Unit 11)

fighting fit (Unit 47) two left feet (Unit 50)

Idioms from other varieties of English

In this book we focus mainly on idioms which are widely understood throughout the English-speaking world. However, there are many other idioms which are typical of specific English-speaking countries, such as the US, Scotland, Australia and South Africa. There is not space in this book to include idioms from all these different countries, but a few idioms from the US are included here for interest.

A

Idioms from the US

Many US idioms originate from baseball. For example, if you do something **right off the bat**, you do it immediately; if you **throw someone a curveball**, you surprise them with something difficult or unpleasant to deal with. If someone **is batting a thousand**, they are doing something extremely well, better than they had hoped. If someone **drops the ball**, they do something stupid or careless.

Other examples of US idioms:

He's trying to catch some z's/zI:s/. [sleep (informal)]

The store **is fresh out of** tomatoes. [has just finished or sold all its supply] His advice **isn't worth a dime**. [has little or no value]

33

в

Variations between British and American English

There are sometimes slightly different forms of idioms in US and British English. Here are some examples:

British English idiom	US English idiom	meaning
the icing on the cake	the frosting on the cake	something that makes a good thing even better
fight like cat and dog	fight like cats and dogs	argue violently all the time
donkey work	grunt work	hard, boring work
take the biscuit	take the cake	used informally to describe something the speaker finds very annoying
weep buckets	cry buckets	cry a lot (informal)
hard cash cold cash		money in the form of cash or notes, not a cheque or credit card
like the cat that got the cream	like the cat that ate the canary	very pleased with oneself (informal, usually collocates with 'look', 'grin' or 'smile')

Language help

Idioms that are used mainly in one specific country will often not be easily understood by native English speakers from other parts of the world. You may not see or hear them outside the countries where they originate, so it's safer to use the idioms in this unit when you are in the appropriate country.

lodern idioms

7.1 Complete each US idiom.

- 1 I'm exhausted after such a difficult day at work. I'm going to try to ______some z's before I have to go out again this evening.
- 2 I'm afraid we'reout of milk. Try next door maybe they have some.
- 3 Will was doing well at college until he had some problems with his girlfriend and the ball.
- 4 Joe is very efficient he always deals with jobs right off the
- 5 Her ring may look expensive, but it isn't ______ a dime.
- 6 Rachel's batting a at the moment she's making a great success of her new job.
- 7 The speaker found it hard to answer the questions. He clearly wasn't expecting the audience to him so many curveballs.

7.2 Is each speaker more likely to be from the US or from Britain?

- 1 You have to pay the deposit for hiring the boat in cold cash.
- 2 Rhiannon and her sister have always fought like cat and dog.
- 3 It was such a sad film I wept buckets.
 - 4 There's a lot of grunt work to be done before we can open the new restaurant.
 - 5 Having such perfect weather on holiday was the frosting on the cake.
 - 6 Having to stay late at work on a holiday weekend really took the biscuit.
 - 7 What's happened? You look like the cat that got the cream.

7.3 Rewrite the sentences in 7.2. If the speaker used US idioms, change them to the equivalent British idiom and vice versa.

7.4 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?







Over to you

Find out more about a variety of English that interests you by going to the website http://www.world-english.org/accent.htm. The site includes recordings so you can listen to the speech of people from different regions too.

8 Modern idioms

A Where do new idioms come from?

As Units 15–24 show, many English idioms have very deep roots in history and culture. They have their origins in traditional skills, such as sailing (Unit 14), and in such areas as war (Unit 15), ancient myths (Unit 20) and literature (Unit 22).

However, new idioms evolve all the time from TV, advertising, politics and business. These idioms often quickly become expressions understood and used by many people in their everyday lives. Some of these idioms will be popular for a few years but then get forgotten; others may last. In this unit, we look at some examples of common, but relatively new, idioms.

B Some modern idioms

example	meaning		
Is Madonna still the first lady of pop?	the expert, or the best (by analogy with how the wife of a US president is referred to as the First Lady)		
This programme looks at one couple's experience of living next to neighbours from hell.	People frequently refer to difficult people or unpopular things as being the from hell, e.g. the neighbours from hell or the airport from hell.		
That young politician was in the news every day for weeks, but now he seems to have fallen off the radar .	been forgotten		
Sofia is a wonderful nurse. She'll always go the extra mile for her patients.	make an extra big effort or do things that are more than is strictly necessary		
The website www.cheapholidays.org does exactly what it says on the tin.	does exactly what it claims to do		
Finding out what really happened is like nailing jelly to a wall.	difficult to understand or describe because it is not clear or focused enough		
I'm cool with that.	I'm happy with a suggestion		
It doesn't float my boat!	I don't agree with what you like or are interested in. (Also Whatever floats your boat!)		
I'm fed up with him big time . / He's into judo big time .	extremely		

C Modern conversational fixed expressions

If you do not want to discuss anything further, you can say 'That's it! End of (story)!'

If you think that someone is telling you about very personal things that you do not want to hear about, you can stop them by saying '**Too much information**!'

If a friend starts talking about a subject you do not want to discuss, you could respond 'Don't even go there!'

Look at B opposite. Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, 8.1 correct them.

- 1 You have to be prepared to go the further mile if you want to get promoted.
- 2 Whatever happened to that pop star you used to like so much? He seems to have completely fallen off the radar now.
- 3 This shampoo is great it does exactly what it writes on the tin.
- 4 I'd never share an apartment with her she'd be the flatmate of hell.
- 5 Stella McCartney is often called the 'first lady of fashion'.

8.2 Complete the dialogue with idioms from B and C opposite. Use one word per space.

Hi, Meg. Great to see you again. Where's Kate?

Meg: She just texted. She's not coming. Apparently she's really sick and has been throwing up all night.

Jo: (1)! I don't want to know! What shall we do then?

Meg: I really want to go that new photography exhibition.

.....! I know you're into art (3) but I'm not. How about the cinema instead?

Meg: Yeah, (4)

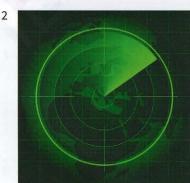
We broke up.

Meg: Really? What happened? Jo: I don't want to talk about it. We're finished. (6)

8.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









8.4 Do these sentences make sense? Explain why / why not.

- 1 It could be fun to live next door to the neighbours from hell.
- 2 Tilly's father was happy about her plans to marry, but her mother was cool with it.
- 3 Rani loves that painter's work, but it doesn't float my boat.
- 4 Getting him to say what he thinks is like nailing jelly to a wall he's always honest and open.

9 Similes

A What are similes?

Similes are expressions which compare two things; they always include the words *as* or *like*. You can use similes to make your spoken and written English more colourful and your comparisons more powerful. For example:

My brother's as thin as a rake. [extremely thin]

The baby's skin is as smooth as silk. [extremely smooth]

Pilar is as bright as a button. [extremely clever]

I slept really well, so I feel **as fresh as a daisy** this morning. [extremely fresh and full of energy]

George **ran like the wind** to get the message to Paula before she left. [ran extremely fast]

I don't want to go in the car with Lottie. She **drives like a maniac**! [drives fast and badly] My new sweater **fits like a glove**. I'm so pleased with it. [fits extremely well]

The two men were in the next room, but I could hear every word they said as clear as crystal. [very clearly]

Ben claimed to be **as poor as a church mouse**, but we knew he was rich. [very poor] As Beth walked in, the house was **as silent as the grave**. [totally silent]

You should learn similes as whole phrases, because it is usually not possible to change the individual words (e.g. we do not say as thin as a stick or as thin as a pole). Where it is possible to change the individual words, the meaning of the simile often changes, for example: I needed a drink of water. My mouth was **as dry as a bone**. [extremely dry / thirsty] His lecture was **as dry as dust**, and everyone was bored. [extremely boring]

B Everyday similes

The similes in these emails are often used in everyday conversation and informal writing.



Hi Freya,

Fatima

Have you noticed how Chiara and Rita are **as thick as thieves** lately? Rita said she needed some help and **as quick as a flash** Chiara volunteered – you know, **as keen as mustard**. And just think, they used to hate each other and were always **fighting like cat and dog** over the most stupid things. Any idea what's happened? Anyway, speak later.

Hello Manami,

I'll be late for the restaurant tonight – having a bad day at work. I've been working like a dog, but the boss just came in with a face like thunder and said I'd made a mess of some sales figures. I've tried to argue with him, but he's as stubborn as a mule, and you can never convince him that he's wrong. Time to change my job! Mariusz

Language help

Be careful how you use similes. They have strong meanings and are often used in a humorous or sarcastic way, e.g. *My teacher's explanations are* **as clear as mud** [not clear at all].

Look at A opposite. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending. Then 9.1 complete the sentence with as or like.

- 1 My new dress fits 2 You'll need to run 3 She's as thin 4 Ana always looks as fresh
- 5 He drove off 6 Her mouth felt as dry
- 7 Their son is as bright 8 Her hair felt as smooth

- a maniac.
- silk.
- a button.
- a bone. a rake.
- a glove.
- the wind to catch the train.
- a daisv.

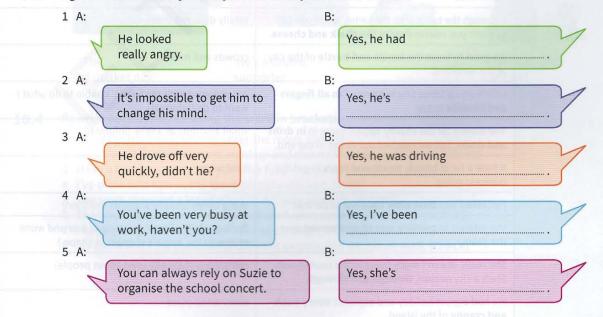
9.2 Choose the correct word to complete each simile.

- 1 That book was so boring. It was as dry as [a bone / dust].
- 2 You explained it so well it's a difficult concept, but it's as clear as [crystal / mud] now.
- 3 I wonder what they're plotting they look as thick as [two short planks / thieves].
- 4 After working in that airless room my mouth feels as dry as [a bone / dust].
- 5 I can't understand what he's trying to say it's as clear as [crystal / mud].

9.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with a simile.

- 1 Tom and Rosa have been arguing all the time recently.
- 2 Amy <u>blushed and looked very embarrassed</u> when Lasse commented on her new dress.
- 3 When our teacher asks the class a difficult question, Hatsuki usually answers without a moment's hesitation.
- 4 It was early Sunday morning, and the house was strangely silent.
- 5 Emma was behaving towards Jakob in a very affectionate way at the barbecue last week.
- 6 All her sisters are extremely poor.
- 7 Caterina felt full of energy after her shower.
- 8 The students in my class are great hardworking, punctual and very enthusiastic.

9.4 Agree with what A says. Complete each response with a simile.



A

What are binomials?

Binomials are a type of idiom in which two words are joined by a conjunction (linking word), usually *and*. The order of the two words is fixed. For example, we always say **black and white**, NOT white and black: 'Managing climate change isn't a **black and white** issue.' [separate and clear]

The words can be

- · synonyms (words which mean the same): Sara's work is always very neat and tidy.
- opposites: If you go for cheaper speakers, the sound quality may be a bit hit and miss.
 [sometimes good, sometimes bad (informal)]
- · the same word: They finished the race neck and neck. [equal]
- rhyming: Tables in the canteen take a lot of wear and tear. [damage through everyday use]
- · alliterative: After the match, the players' legs were black and blue. [very bruised]
- joined by words other than and: The traffic was bumper to bumper all the way to the
 coast. [very heavy] Little by little, Vera gained the horse's confidence. [gradually] The
 house must be worth a quarter of a million, give or take a few thousand. [plus or minus
 (informal)]

Trinomials are a similar type of idiom, in which three words are joined, e.g. 'I've looked **here, there and everywhere** for my glasses but can't find them.' [everywhere]

В

Other examples

example	meaning
Let's toss a coin to see who starts. You call: heads or tails?	heads is the side of a British coin with the monarch's head on it; tails is the other side
We're at sixes and sevens at work this week.	in a state of confusion (informal)
Hannah had flu last week, but she's out and about again now.	active, doing her usual activities (informal)
Although the twins look the same, when you talk to them you realise they're like chalk and cheese .	totally different (informal)
It's great to leave the hustle and bustle of the city at the weekend.	crowds and noise
I can't do up these tiny buttons – I'm all fingers and thumbs today.	am awkward with my hands, unable to do what I want to do (informal)
The money for the charity appeal came in in dribs and drabs, but we reached our target in the end.	small amounts at a time (informal)
It took a lot of blood, sweat and tears to get the business going.	hard work
I've asked you time after time not to do that.	many times (usually suggests irritation)
Her interest in painting waxed and waned over the years.	fluctuated (The literal meaning of wax and wane relates to the moon's changes in shape.)
She really doesn't enjoy living in the countryside. She's a city person, through and through .	completely (typically used about people)
We had a great holiday and explored every nook and cranny of the island.	every small place

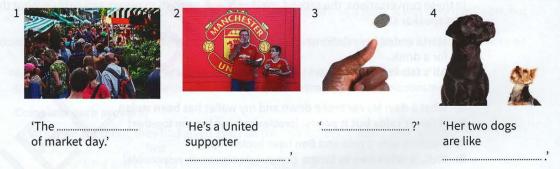
Combine the words in the box to form ten binomials or trinomials from A opposite. For each, you will need to add and or another joining word.

black	neck	little	bumper	every	where	give	cranny	here	hit	little
bumper	miss	neat	blue	neck	nook	take	tear	there	tidy	wear

10.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.

- 1 A: Was the traffic bad on the way here? B: Yes, it was 2 A: Did you get everything you needed today?
 - B: Yes, but I had to goto find it all.
- 3 A: This sofa is only six months old, but it looks really old.
 - B: Well, it gets a lot of
- 4 A: We're making very slow progress with this project. B: But we're getting there
- 5 A: Have you found your watch yet?
 - but I still can't find it! B: No, I've searched in every
- 6 A: What's Galya's flat like?
 - B: Well, you know how organised she is! It's very
- 7 A: Which horse won the race?
 - B: Two of them finished
- 8 A: Were there a lot of people at the party?
 - B: About a hundred,

10.3 Which binomials do these pictures make you think of? Complete the captions.



Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets. 10.4

- 1 People started to gradually enter the room. [DRIBS]
- 2 Jack's commitment to work went up and down throughout the year. [WAXED]
- 3 Have a few days' rest, and you'll be fully recovered in no time. [ABOUT]
- 4 I've often told him not to leave his car unlocked. [TIME]
- 5 The work required a lot of effort, but it was worth it. [BLOOD]
- 6 The whole team's been in a state of confusion since Kay resigned. [SEVENS]
 - 7 I keep dropping things today I'm so clumsy. [THUMBS]
 - 8 My mum and I are completely different people, but we get on well. [CHALK]

11 Proverbs

Proverbs are short sentences which refer to something most people have experienced and which give advice or warnings. Like idioms, their form is fixed, and it is not always possible to guess the meaning from looking at the individual words.

A Positive situations

In these conversations, the second speaker uses a proverb to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: We all want to solve this problem, and I'm sure we'll find a solution.
- **B:** Yes. Where there's a will, there's a way. [if we really want to achieve something, we can]
- **A:** Well, we'll have to invest all of our savings and work really hard, and there's still a chance the project won't succeed.
- **B:** I know, but **nothing ventured, nothing gained**. [you need to take risks to achieve something]
- **A:** I was upset when I didn't get into university, but at least it leaves me free to go travelling.
- **B:** Yeah. **Every cloud has a silver lining**. [there is something good in every bad situation]
- A: My job is different every day. It's never boring.
- B: Well, variety is the spice of life, isn't it? [change makes life interesting]
- A: Josh found it impossible to get a new job, so he set up his own business instead.
- **B:** Yes, well, **necessity is the mother of invention**. [if people really need to do something, they will find a way to do it]

B Negative situations

In these conversations, the second speaker uses a proverb to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- **A:** Marta ended her relationship with Jakob, and the next day her friend Ellie met Jakob for a drink.
- **B:** All's fair in love and war! [all behaviour is acceptable in extreme situations, especially in romantic situations and competitions]
- A: What a day! My car broke down and my wallet has been stolen.
- **B:** It never rains but it pours. [problems always happen together]
- A: I wonder why Sylvia and Ben have broken up.
- B: Well, it takes two to tango. [two people are equally responsible]

Other popular proverbs

I'm really impatient to finish decorating my flat, but **Rome wasn't built in a day!** [it takes a long time to do important things properly]

We should buy extra travel insurance for our skiing trip. **Better safe than sorry**. [it is better not to take risks, even if it seems boring or hard work]

I have to study hard and do a lot of exams to become an accountant, but **no pain no gain**. [there must be some suffering in order to succeed]

We don't have enough tickets for everybody, so it's a case of **first come**, **first served**. [the first to arrive will get something]

Exercises nametate beat bas aentil

1.1	Look at A opposite. Match th	ne beginning of each se	ntence with its ending.	
	1 Every cloud	a mot	her of invention.	
	2 Nothing ventured,	b ther	e's a way.	
	3 Necessity is the	c spice	e of life.	
	4 Where there's a will,	d noth	ning gained.	
	5 Variety is the	e has	a silver lining.	
1.2	Write a suitable response to	each remark with a pro	overb from B opposite.	
	 having affairs. 2 Someone tells you about the someone tells you about an affairend tells you that they and faster. 5 A friend tells you that they business. 	hree bad things that hap small lie they told in ord missed the train they wa are frustrated that it is to are determined to save	pened to them all on the same der to meet somebody that the anted to get, but the next train aking a long time to set up the up enough money to go travel	e day. ey really like. was cheaper ir own
1.3	Correct the mistakes in thes			
	storm. It was a case of need2 I'm doing three jobs at the spice of life!3 I went to the gym every da nothing pained, nothing ga	d is the mother of invent moment to pay for my s y for three months and f ained.	nes and leaves to protect ourse tion. tudies. Still, they say that char elt so much fitter. It was very h and didn't go with my friends	nge is the
			first come, first serve. : it rains!	
1.4	Complete each proverb.			
	1 When we got there, they ha	Milian)		
	2 Take your time and don't b		i't in	
	every	ur flight, but at least we has	can spend more time together	r. They do say
	4 All my problems seem to co		's true what they say: it never	
	5 It's going to be a lot of hard			
	6 They are both in the wrong	g. It takes	to	

Clichés and fixed statements

A

Clichés

A cliché is a comment that is often used in certain common, everyday situations. It is a comment that most people are familiar with and is therefore not original. Clichés are often used in everyday conversation, and they are also frequently played with in advertising slogans and newspaper headlines.

There are plenty more fish in the sea. [There are plenty more people or possibilities. Often used to cheer up someone who has found one person or opportunity unsuccessful.]

Look on the bright side. [Try to see something good in a bad situation. This is usually followed by an explanation of what the bright side might be, e.g. after failing a job interview you are told that you probably wouldn't have enjoyed the job if you'd got it.]

It's easy to be wise after the event or Hindsight is a wonderful thing. [When you know what happens next, it's easy to say what you or others should have done.]

It's not over until the fat lady sings. [You cannot be sure what will happen until the very end of something, often a sports event. The expression refers to a long opera which ends with a female singing the final song.]

Enough is as good as a feast. [You shouldn't have more of something than you need, e.g. food.]

Ignorance is bliss. [You may be happier sometimes when you do not know all the facts about a situation.]

You can lead a horse to water (but you can't make it drink). [You can give someone the opportunity to do something, but you cannot force them to do it. The second part of the idiom (but you can't make it drink) is often not actually said.]

Truth will out! [The truth will always become known.]

B

Fixed statements

fixed statement	meaning
Get your skates on! (informal)	Hurry up!
I'll believe it when I see it.	I'm doubtful that it will happen.
Mum's the word. (informal)	I promise not to tell a secret.
Good riddance! (informal)	I'm happy something or someone has gone.
Take it easy!	Calm down! Relax!
Fair's fair. (informal)	Their behaviour is reasonable.
So far, so good.	Things are going well up to this point.
Give me a break! (informal)	Stop criticising me!

Language help

It is best not to use clichés in formal writing or when you want to express an original or complex idea.

Other languages

13

12.1 Answer these questions about the idioms in A opposite.

- 1 Who do we say has to sing before we can be confident something has finished?
- 2 What do we say is as good as a feast?
- 3 What side do we say you have to look on if you are trying to be optimistic?
- 4 What do we say there are plenty more of in the sea?
- 5 What do we say that ignorance is?
- 6 When do we say that it is easy to be wise?
- 7 Which animal do we say you can lead to water but not make drink?
- 8 What do we say will happen with truth?

12.2 Complete each dialogue with a suitable idiom from the opposite page.

1	A:	You won't tell anyone what I told you, will you?
	B:	No, I promise.
2	A:	You're always late. It's just not good enough.
	B:	That's not fair! It's only the third time this week.
3	A:	Lucy says she'll have finished her dissertation by Friday.
	B:	Hmm.
4	A:	! We need to leave in five minutes.
	B:	Don't worry – I'm nearly ready.
5	A:	I'm not sorry Boris is leaving our office. Are you?
	B:	Not at all!
6	A:	I'm never going to get this finished in time.
	B:	! Don't panic. I'll help you, if you like.
7	A:	Sonia's made a bit of a mess of this work, hasn't she?
	B:	Just
8	A:	How are you enjoying your new job?

9 A: Who do you think was behind the plot to bring down the government?

. But it's early days yet.

12.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Let me a break!
- 2 There are plenty more sharks in the sea.

B: I don't know, but I'm sure we'll find out.

- 3 So long, so good.
- 4 It's not over until the fat lady dies.
- 5 Truth will escape.
- 6 Dad's the word.

Over to you

Search online to find examples of the following clichés: Any friend of yours is a friend of mine. Beauty is only skin deep. Money is the root of all evil. What does each cliché mean? Write a short dialogue illustrating it in use.

13 Other languages

As you probably know, English includes many words from other languages. The idiomatic expressions in this unit all come from Latin or French.

A Latin

idiom	example	meaning
ad hoc /æd'hɒk/	He was paid on an ad hoc basis.	not planned but arranged or done when needed
ad infinitum /ædɪnfɪˈnaɪtəm/	Their list of demands seemed to go on ad infinitum.	without end, forever
compos mentis /kompos'mentis/	My grandfather is nearly 100, but he is perfectly compos mentis.	in control of his actions, mentally healthy
de facto /deɪˈfæktəʊ/	Jorge is the de facto head of the organisation.	existing but not officially agreed (formal)
non sequitur /non'sekwitə/	Keiko's response seemed like a complete non sequitur to me.	a statement which does not seem to be connected with what was said before
status quo /steɪtəsˈkwəʊ/	The Conservatives favoured maintaining the status quo, while the Liberals hoped for change.	the present situation

French

В

A -	A	familiar with	aur baalth	and anfat	procedures?
44	AIR VOII	ranniai wiin	OH Dealin	and Salen	DIOCEOURAS

B: No, I'm not really au fait /əʊˈfeɪ/ with them yet.	[fully knowledgeable about]
---	-----------------------------

A: I hate people who talk loudly on their mobile phones on trains.

B: I agree. They're my absolute bête noire /bet'nwa:/. [what the speaker hates m	B:	I agree. They're	e my absolute bête i	noire /bet'nwa:/.	what the sp	peaker hates mo
--	----	------------------	-----------------------------	-------------------	-------------	-----------------

A: It's always beautiful weather when you have to study for exams.

B: I know. It's always the way. C'est la vie /seɪ.læ'vi:/!	[you say this when something happens that you
at the amayout to tray, a sound the months that	do not like but which you have to accont?

A: Only the very best students are accepted on this course.

B: I know. They really are the crème de la crème /krem.də. la:'krem/. [very best]

A: I wish he'd consulted with us first about changing the computer systems.

B: Yes, he just presented us with a fait accompli /fet.əkpm'pli:/.

[a decision that has been made or a completed action that cannot be changed]

A: I think she should make more effort to control her children.

B: Yes, she has quite a laissez-faire /lesser'feə/ approach, doesn't she? [desire not to control]

A: The older generation criticising young people! There's nothing new about that.

B: Yes, plus ça change /plu: sæ' fong/! [times change, but some things stay the same.]

he was guilty.

Sailing

13.1 Complete each sentence with a Latin expression from A opposite.

1	We don't receive many complaints, so we just deal w	ith them on an
2	They are now the	government and will remain in
	power until the election results are finalised.	odenbilya wikityaniki ili baata wa
3	This sentence in your essay is a	– it's not logically
	connected to your previous point.	
4	I could go oncountryside.	about the advantages of moving to th
5	Whenever a new person takes over as manager, they	disturb the
	, at least to	some extent.
6	His lawyer claims he wasn't fully	when he admitted

13.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with a suitable expression.

- 1 There were no opportunities for discussion. The reform was presented as a <u>decision</u> which had already been made.
- 2 All players must be confident that they know the rules of the game.
- 3 I can't come out tonight because I have to work late. Oh well, it can't be helped.
- 4 Of course, I love being a movie star, but I must say that awards ceremonies are <u>what I most detest</u>.
- 5 So Dan has been arguing with his boss again. Things don't change!
- 6 A lot of the parents are not very happy about the new headmaster's <u>liberal</u> attitude to behaviour.

13.3 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 A laissez-faire approach is strict and intolerant.
- 2 A de facto leader is the officially recognised leader of an organisation.
- 3 The crème de la crème of applicants are the best applicants for the job.
- 4 It is good to include non sequiturs in your writing.
- 5 A bête noire is something that you do not like.
- 6 If you are compos mentis, you are not responsible for your actions.
- 7 A fait accompli can easily and quickly be changed.
 - 8 If someone talks about something ad infinitum, they talk about it for a long time.

Over to you

Match the following literal translations to idioms on the opposite page: *cream of the cream, it does not follow, a done deed.* What is the connection between the translation and the way the idiom is used in English? Can you work out any more literal translations to idioms in this unit?

14 Sailing

As Britain is an island nation, with the sea playing a major role in the country's history and its economy, it is not surprising that the language has developed many idioms from sailing.

A Talking about a business

Read this magazine article about a couple who bought a hotel.

When we took over the hotel five years ago, the business was on the rocks¹. The economy was doing badly and people were giving luxury hotels like ours a wide berth². The previous owners had decided to cut and run³, but we loved the place and were sure we could make a go of it. We battened down the hatches⁴ by cutting costs as much as possible and did all we could to run a tight ship⁵. Holidays and any other luxuries for our own family went by the board⁶ for two years. However, we managed to weather the storm⁷ and are now making good headway⁸. We have lots of major bookings in the offing⁹ and are confident of making excellent profits this year.



- ¹ in serious difficulty
- ² avoiding (berth is an old sailing term meaning the distance a ship should leave between itself and a potential danger such as rocks)
- ³ avoid a difficult situation by leaving suddenly (the image comes from cutting mooring ropes in order to make a quick departure)
- ⁴ got ready for a difficult situation by preparing in every way possible (the image comes from closing the ship's doors securely when a storm is likely)
- ⁵ control a business or organisation firmly and effectively
- ⁶ were abandoned (the image comes from something being thrown overboard into the sea)
- ⁷ survive difficult times
- ⁸ making good progress
- ⁹ likely to happen soon (offing was a term used to refer to the part of the sea on the horizon)

More sailing idioms

idiom	example	explanation
be taken aback	We were taken aback when Ben announced his resignation.	were very surprised (If a boat is taken aback, it is suddenly attacked from behind.)
leave high and dry	Many holidaymakers were left high and dry when the tour company collapsed.	put in a difficult situation which they could not improve (The image is of a boat stuck on a sandbank and unable to move.)
take the wind out of sb's sails	Amelia was keen to become an actor, but her teacher's criticism of her performance took the wind out of her sails.	made her feel less confident, by saying or doing something unexpected (If there is no wind in a boat's sails, then it is unable to move.)
in the wake of sb / sth or in sb's / sth's wake	Thousands of people lost their jobs in the wake of the recession. The consultant strode through the hospital, several students in his wake.	following closely behind (The wake is the trail of foam left by a boat as it moves.)
all hands on deck	We'll need all hands on deck if we're going to be ready for the party on time.	everyone must help (A <i>hand</i> is a sailing term for a sailor and <i>deck</i> is the area you walk on outside on a boat.)
any port in a storm	I really don't like staying there, but I had no choice but to accept Jan's offer. Any port in a storm , I'm afraid!	You must accept any help you're offered when you're in a difficult situation. (When there is a storm at sea, a boat has to go to the nearest port.)

14.1 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 Are you more likely to cut and run if a) things are going badly or b) things are going well?
- 2 Would you give a wide berth to a) something that attracts you or b) something that you do not want to approach?
- 3 If a politician is said to have weathered the storm, has he a) got through some problems or b) created some problems?
- 4 Would you batten down the hatches if you are a) expecting problems or b) expecting a relaxed period?
- 5 Is your daily exercise regime more likely to go by the board if a) you have some extra time or b) you are very busy?
- 6 If you were making good headway with your language studies, would you be a) pleased or b) upset?
- 7 If an event is in the offing, a) has it already happened or b) is it still in the future?
 - 8 If a boss likes to run a tight ship, is he/she a) strict or b) relaxed?
 - 9 If you had a business which was on the rocks would you be a) pleased or b) worried?

14.2 Complete each idiom.

1	I'd like all hands onfor the next few hours, please.
2	The bad reviews of his first album took theout of the singer's sails.
3	He wrote an interesting article about European politics
4	I was quite aback to hear that Maura had handed in her notice.
	Alex went home early, leaving me and dry at the party with no one else to talk to.
	Unfortunately, our plans to go on holiday this summer have had to go by the, as we're moving house.
7	I didn't want to sleep on my aunt's sofa for two weeks, but any port in aas they say.
	Despite the financial problems, I am confident that the company will succeed in the storm.

14.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1	There's trouble ahead, so we'd better batten down the		a offing.
2	It's a long journey, but we're making good		b wake.
3	The business is doing so badly that I'm tempted to cut and		c hatches.
4	There are some interesting plans for new projects in the		d sails.
5	The film star left the room with a group of journalists in her	П	e run.
6	It's about time someone took the wind out of Marco's		f headway.

14.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I try to <u>avoid</u> the city centre on Saturdays if I possibly can. [BERTH]
- 2 Jaime's mother was very surprised by his decision to leave school. [ABACK]
- 3 Amy's plans to buy a new car <u>were abandoned</u> when she lost her job. [BOARD]
- 4 Their relationship has been in serious difficulty for some months. [ROCKS]
- 5 Asim controls the business in a firm and efficient way. [SHIP]
- 6 The cost of home insurance has risen as a result of last summer's floods. [WAKE]
- 7 We were in a difficult situation when the babysitter didn't turn up. [HIGH]
- 8 I know it's been hard for you, but I'm sure you'll get through the bad times. [STORM]

15 War and conflict

A Idioms based on war

Many idioms come from the topic of war. They are used to refer to actions and events that are seen as similar to battles, conflicts or struggles.

In these newspaper cuttings, the first sentence explains the idiom in the headline.

Emotional **call to arms** inspires a generation

President Forga's recent challenge to young people to show solidarity and vote in the next election has won widespread support.

Sales tax - PM beats a retreat

After widespread negative reaction to his suggestion yesterday that sales tax should be raised, the prime minister today said there were 'no immediate plans for an increase'.

More bad news for shell-shocked investors

Investors, who are already suffering from the financial crisis, are feeling nervous today as Southern Bank prepares to announce unexpectedly high losses.

Minister drops an economic bombshell

The shock announcement by Ms Hanaria that the country is in a deep economic crisis, and that the currency must be devalued, stunned city economists today.

School closures – parents on the warpath

'Parents are very angry and have decided to take action immediately,' said a spokesperson. Demonstrations are planned for all major cities.

Teachers come out fighting

The head of the teachers' union said today that teachers would not accept a drop in salary and would oppose the decision to the very end.

B Idioms connected with firearms

I think you **shot yourself in the foot** by leaving your old job before getting a new one. [unintentionally did or said something foolish which made your situation worse]

When I suggested raising the membership fee, Sergio **shot me down in flames**. [immediately criticised my idea and refused to accept it]

I think we should **hang / hold fire** before making any rash decisions about redundancies. [delay making a decision]

Idioms connected with violent events, armies, conflict and struggle

Now that I have a PhD, I've at least got **a fighting chance** of getting a teaching job in a university. [a small but real possibility]

Winning the cup in 1998 was just **a flash in the pan** – they haven't won a match since then! [something that happened only once and was not repeated]

Our new IT manager had a **baptism of fire** on her first day at work – all the computers crashed! [very difficult first experience of something]

As she left the studio, Dana Freen had to **run the gauntlet** of reporters asking her about her controversial new film. [face a lot of people who were criticising or attacking her]

Sometimes it's a real **battle of wills** between me and my dog – he wants to go one way across the park and I want to go another! [conflict between two different, strong desires or intentions]

After college, I **joined the ranks of** the unemployed for a year before I got my first job. [became (unemployed)]

Zetec **stole a march on** its rivals by launching its new car model six months earlier than expected. [got an advantage by acting before their rivals did]

.6 Transpor

15.1 Complete the text with idioms from A opposite.

Teachers are on the (1)

after the education minister yesterday dropped his (2) ______ about government plans to reduce teachers' pay and increase their working hours. Teaching unions have issued a call to (3) ______, and (4) _____-shocked teachers

have instantly agreed to oppose the plans, with strike action if necessary. 'All our members have come out (5) _____ and we are confident that the government will be forced to (6) _____ a retreat,' said union leader Chris Banks at a press conference this afternoon.

15.2 Match words from each box to form six idioms.

shoot down in baptism a flash in a battle run hang / hold

of fire the pan of wills flames fire the gauntlet

15.3 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from 15.2. You may need to change the form of the verb.

- 1 A: I think it would be better to postpone making a decision for a bit.
 - B: Yes, let's _____ until the situation is clearer.
- 2 A: Well, your first day at work was certainly full of drama.
 - B: Yes, it was a real
- 3 A: Has he written any other books?
 - B: No, I think the first one was just
- 4 A: Would you like to be a celebrity?
 - B: No, I'd hate to have to ______ of the paparazzi whenever I left the house.
- 5 A: He's very critical, isn't he, your boss?
 - B: Yes, all my ideas usually get
- 6 A: Why do parents and teenagers always seem to clash?
 - B: Well, you often have _______, especially between sons and fathers.

15.4 Correct the ten mistakes with idioms in this paragraph.

When Ali graduated, he decided he didn't want to meet the ranks of commuters struggling to work every day. He wanted to set up his own online gift-ordering business so that he could work from home. He knew it was a risk but felt he would have at least a fighting opportunity of success. Initially, he and a college friend planned to start the business together. Ali had the idea and Igor, his friend, had the money to invest in the company. But then just weeks before the launch, Igor dropped a bomb: he said he no longer wanted to be part of Ali's plans. Despite Ali's attempts to persuade him to wait fire on his decision, Igor said he was no longer prepared to take the risk and was going to hit a retreat before it was too late. However, two weeks later Igor took a march on Ali by launching his own online gift-ordering company. Ali was gun-shocked by this betrayal, but he soon came out battling. He took Igor's behaviour as a call to weapons and has persuaded a bank to lend him the money he needs. Ali's introduction to the business world has certainly been a beginning of fire, but I'm sure he will be really successful.

Over to you

Use a search engine to search for these words: warpath, shell-shocked, bombshell, qauntlet. Write down an example sentence where each word is used in an idiom.

16 Transport

As transport is such an everyday experience for many people, it is unsurprisingly a rich source of idioms.

A Trains

Karl was full of enthusiasm when he started his university course. He worked extremely hard at first, but, after a couple of years, he **ran out of steam**¹ and lost interest in his studies. He spent much more time going to parties and staying out all night than studying, and his tutor worried that he had **gone off the rails**². But then Karl fell in love with a student in his department. Now, six months **down the line**³, he is **back on track**⁴ towards gaining an excellent degree and fulfilling his dreams.

B Cars

We use **at / behind the wheel** to mean 'be the driver' (NB in this expression, *wheel* refers to the steering wheel): I saw their car this morning but couldn't make out who was **at the wheel**.

We talk about someone being **in the driving seat** to mean that they are in control of the situation: Although the general manager is officially in charge, everyone knows his deputy is really **in the driving seat**.

We talk about **life in the fast lane** to mean a life that is active, exciting and dangerous. **Life in the slow lane** is correspondingly lacking in excitement and danger: I've had enough of **life in the fast lane**, so I'm giving up my executive sales job and moving to the countryside.

Doing a U-turn means changing direction, and it is used idiomatically when talking about politics: Initially, the minister was against increasing road tax, but he has now **done a U-turn** and is defending the plan.

If we **go / move / step up a gear**, we start to work or play more effectively or quickly than before: After half-time, the team **stepped up a gear** and managed to score three goals.

C Planes

idiom	example	meaning	
be flying high	The company had some initial problems but now it is flying high .	is very successful	
fly by the seat of your pants	We had no business experience before opening the shop, so we were really flying by the seat of our pants at first.		
do something on autopilot	I've written so many references now that I can more or less do it on autopilot .	do something without thinking (informal)	
take a nosedive	Share prices took a nosedive last week.	went down suddenly and fast	
be on a collision course	The two countries are on a collision course , and it seems that nothing can be done to prevent serious trouble.	are behaving in such a way that is likely to cause a major disagreement or fight	
come to a standstill	Production has come to a standstill because of the strike.	stopped	

¹ lost energy or interest

³ later

² started behaving in an unacceptable way

⁴ again on the way to achieving something

16.2

Exercises

16.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?







Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.

1	Tim:	Edward's moving to New York. He said he needs more excitement in his life.
	Ruth:	Yes, I think he's tired of
2	Rob:	The government have changed their mind completely on the new vehicle tax!
	Pierre:	Yes, they've
3	Mona:	Their son has started getting into trouble with the police.
	Leon:	Yes, he seems to have
4	Rajiv:	They were so enthusiastic when they started the new conservation scheme, but

	now it all seems to have slowed down.
Nick:	Yes, the whole project seems to have

5	Ursula:	We need to start doing things more effectively and quickly.
	Mark:	Yes, we definitely need to
	1000	the state of the s

6 Freda: Did you see who was driving when the accident happened?

Krishnan: No, I couldn't see who was

16.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1 I'm glad to say that things are now back	a driving seat any more
2 We don't know what could happen a year down	b a collision course.
3 Things are out of control. Nobody seems to be in the	c the line.
4 Profits of Internet-based companies have taken	d a complete standstill.
5 I think the employers and the unions are on	e on track.
6 Nothing's happening. Things have come to	f a nosedive recently.

16.4 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If a business is flying high, it is a) failing b) just starting up c) doing well and is profitable.
- 2 If you do something on autopilot, you do it a) without thinking b) using a computer c) deliberately.
- 3 If someone is back on track, they are a) being punished for bad behaviour b) behaving in a less responsible way c) behaving responsibly again.
- 4 If you are flying by the seat of your pants, you are doing something a) without much ability or experience b) without thinking about it c) which is very exciting.

Over to you

Find the meanings of these idioms in a dictionary or online and make a note of them in your notebook under the heading 'Transport idioms'. Note down the definition, an example sentence and any other useful information, such as whether it is formal or informal, etc.: *drive someone round the bend, a back-seat driver, step on it, put the brakes on, give / get the green light.*

17 Animals

A Cats and dogs

- A: Matt and Jess are so arrogant.
- B: Yes, they think they're the cat's whiskers. [better than everyone else]
- A: Do you think he'll get the job?
- B: With no qualifications or experience? He hasn't got a cat in hell's chance! [no chance at all]
- A: It's not fair that we have exams immediately after the school holidays!
- B: I know, it's a dog's life! [life is hard and unpleasant]
- A: I know I don't need the car over the weekend, but I don't want you to use it either.
- **B:** Don't be such a **dog in the manger!** [keeping something so that other people can't use it, not because you really want it yourself]

Farm animals

В

idiom	example	meaning	
flog a dead horse	You're flogging a dead horse trying to persuade Kim to move house again.	wasting time trying to do something that won't succeed (usually used in continuous tenses)	
(straight) from the horse's mouth	Guess what? Juan is going to work in Moscow! I got it straight from the horse's mouth!		
until the cows come home	You can argue until the cows come home, but I'll never agree.	for a very long time	
sort (out) the sheep from the goats	Setting the class such a difficult exercise will certainly sort the sheep from the goats.	find the people or things of high quality from a group of mixed quality	
might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb	You're already late, so just take all day off. You might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb!	might as well do something more serious as you are going to be punished anyway	

Other animals

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: The president's just pretending to be upset about the situation, don't you think?
- B: Yes, he's shedding crocodile tears to get popular support.
- A: Thomas was really upset when his team let in an own goal.
- B: Yes, he was sick as a parrot, wasn't he?
- A: Ana's hoping that Carlos will stop gambling once they're married, but I doubt he will.
- B: No, a leopard can't change its spots.
- **A:** He complained his business was about to fail so often that no one believed him when it finally did.
- B: Yes, he cried wolf once too often.
- A: He looks kind and gentle, but he's not like that at all.
- B: You're right. He really is a wolf in sheep's clothing.
- A: I'm sure everyone is thinking about the divorce, but no one ever mentions it.
- B: That's right. It's certainly the elephant in the room.

17.1 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from A opposite.

- 1 A: She obviously thinks she looks really good in that new dress, doesn't she?
- B: Yes, she thinks
- 2 A: Things are pretty hard for you at the moment, I guess.
- B: Yes, it's
- 3 A: Do you think you'll pass your driving test?
 - B: No, I haven't got
- 4 A: Her husband is so selfish. he never shares anything, even if he doesn't want it.
 - B: Yes, he has a real ______attitude

17.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









17.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 He's flogging a dead trying to revive that old idea.
- 2 He'll never stop causing trouble acan't change its spots.
- 3 Lucy will argue with you about that until thecome home.
- 4 He was sick as anot to make the finals.
- 5 Let's stay out a bit longer. We might as well be hung for aas a

17.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Don't pretend there's an emergency, or no one will help when you really need it.
- 2 The minister pretends to be upset about homelessness, but does nothing about it.
- 3 I hate our neighbours' <u>selfish</u> attitude they don't want the parking space, but they won't let us have it.
- 4 We can discuss it for a very long time, but I won't change my mind.

Over to you

Look up these animals in your dictionary: *snake*, *fish*, *rat*. Can you find an idiom using each of them?

A The head and face

You should face up to your problems. Don't just **bury** your head in the sand¹

My dad has a good head for⁴ figures. He can do complicated sums in seconds.

There's more to this news story than meets the eye⁶.

Let's **put our heads together**⁸ and organise a surprise birthday party for Sam.

I think the success of his first film has gone to his head¹⁰. He thinks he's wonderful.

She won't apologise because she doesn't want to **lose face**¹².

Kate **is head and shoulders above**² her twin sister when it comes to passing exams.



I don't know why I didn't get the job. Perhaps **my** face just didn't fit¹³. It was one in the eye for³ his critics when he won the tennis tournament.

I just **held / bit my tongue**⁵ and said nothing.

As an English speaker, I find it difficult to **get my tongue round**⁷ Scandinavian names.

After some **teething troubles**⁹, our new wireless network is working well.

I like my economic history class. I've enjoyed **getting my teeth into**¹¹ a new subject.

In a **face-saving**¹⁴ exercise, the minister agreed to meet the demands of the striking firefighters.

¹ refuse to think about unpleasant facts or problems because you do not want to deal with them
² a lot better than ³ a disappointment for ⁴ is good at something; collocates strongly with business, figures or heights ⁵ stopped myself from saying something which I really wanted to say ⁶ it is more difficult to understand or involves more things than one thought ⁷ pronounce ⁸ plan something together ⁹ problems in the early stages of doing something new ¹⁰ made him think he's very important and made him a less pleasant person ¹¹ becoming involved in something enthusiastically ¹² lose the respect of others ¹³ my appearance or personality was not suitable for the job ¹⁴ done so that other people will continue to respect you

B Other body idioms

I **would give my right arm for** a job in the film industry. I've always loved the movies. [would very much like to have]

I don't want to **tread on your toes**, but would it be OK if I added a few paragraphs to your report? [do something that could upset someone by getting involved in something that is their responsibility]

The media tend to **point the finger at** the government for most of the current problems. [accuse of being responsible for]

He gave an awful speech. He made lots of jokes but nobody laughed. It **made my toes curl**. [made you feel extremely embarrassed or ashamed for someone else]

You have to read the newspapers daily if you want to **keep your finger on the pulse**. [stay up-to-date]

Language help

Draw pictures to help you remember the idioms, e.g. draw toes and write the 'toes curl' idiom in it.

made my toes curl



Instagram Channel: @IELTS_Matters

Telegram Channel: @IELTSMatters

Exercises

Games and spor

18.1 Correct the mistakes in these idioms from A opposite.

- 1 I wonder what is really behind the president's decision. I'm sure there's more to it than meets the mind.
- 2 Melissa is head and hair above her brother when it comes to maths.
 - 3 I'm sure we can think of a good present for Jim if we put our hearts together.
 - 4 Kasia really loves getting her mouth into a new project.
 - 5 You mustn't bury your feet in the sand problems don't go away if you ignore them.
 - 6 It was one in the nose for Liliana's brother when she passed her driving test first time it had taken him five attempts.

18.2 Read these statements and answer the questions.

- 1 The government is anxious not to lose face and so is refusing to back down. Is the government afraid of losing respect or money?
- 2 Danny finds it very hard to bite his tongue when his boss says something foolish. Does Danny want to laugh or to speak?
- 3 The novelist said she always enjoyed getting her teeth into a new book. Is the novelist talking about starting or finishing a new book?
- 4 Management has introduced some face-saving measures in the attempt to make the problems seem less serious.

Is management concerned about a loss of staff or a loss of respect?

5 Winning the prize has gone to Lucia's head. Is Lucia nicer or less nice because of her success?

18.3 Match the statements on the left with a suitable response on the right.

1	Let's talk about planning the party.	i leav	a	the eye.
2	Bruno was upset when he lost the race to his rival.	al cab	b	That's right, his face didn't fit.
3	Ahmed's been so arrogant since he won that competition.	A s rikno	С	Yes, he was afraid of losing face.
4	He didn't want people to think less of him.	10.16	d	Yes, it was one in the eye for him
5	They never really liked him in his old job.		е	Yes, they're all pointing the finge at him.
6	It's a very complicated issue, I think.		f	Yes, let's put our heads together.
7	Everyone says that Karl is to blame.		g	Well, it's good to keep your finge on the pulse.
8	I read a newspaper every day.	g Finbib	h	Yes, it's really gone to his head.

18.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I wish I could go to Japan with you! [ARM]
- 2 After some <u>initial small problems</u>, the business began to do well. [TEETHING]
- 3 I find it very hard to pronounce some Welsh place names. [TONGUE]
- 4 I don't know why they're accusing me I'm not guilty. [FINGER]
- 5 I'm not very good at maths, but my brother <u>understands all about</u> figures. [HEAD]
 - 6 I hope I'm not interfering, but could I suggest you try a different approach? [TOES]
 - 7 Paulo's speech at the wedding was so embarrassing! [TOES]
- 8 I don't see how you can <u>keep in touch with what's going on in the world</u> if you never watch TV or listen to the radio. [FINGER]

A Card games and board games

You'd think it was **Monopoly money**, the amount he spent last week. [money that has no value and is used only in games]

I wanted the job in Paris, but I knew **the dice were loaded against** me because my French isn't very good. [I would be unlikely to succeed]

He drives so fast! You're **dicing with death** if you let him drive you. [taking a great risk]

The audience sat there **poker-faced** all through the play. [expressionless; this comes from the card game *poker*, where you must not let your face reveal whether you have good or bad cards]

Management found that the union **held all the cards** in the pay talks. [was in a strong position]

I kept / played my cards close to my chest in the interview. [didn't reveal my plans]

The politician **played his ace / trump card** by promising lower taxes for all on the day of the election. [used his advantage, especially one others did not know about]

Ball games

Reply Forward Reply Forward

Hi Daniel

Having a bad day at work. My boss has just increased my sales targets again! It's so unfair. He just keeps **moving the goalposts**¹. On top of that, my colleague Jen has just announced she's leaving, which has completely **knocked me for six**² because I really like working with her. Apparently, she **got the red card**³ from Jerry because she was late a few times, and she's decided to leave. Anyway, fancy going to see a film tonight?

Hi Craig

Sorry you're having a hard time. It seems unfair to push Jen out just because of something so minor – it's just not cricket⁴! My new company is a whole new ball game⁵ from the last one. People here like to play hardball⁶. Everybody is always competing against everyone else. I think I'll have to take a rain check tonight⁷. I promised I'd make the dinner.

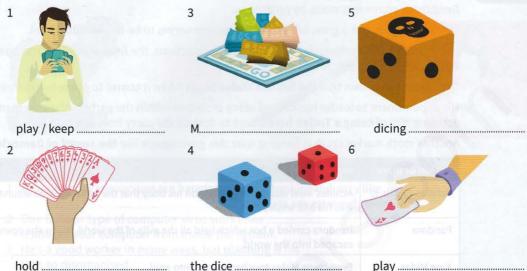
¹ changing the rules in a situation in a way that is not fair ² surprised and upset me ³ received official criticism for bad behaviour ⁴ it's not right or fair behaviour; usually used humorously ⁵ a completely different situation ⁶ be so determined to get what they want that they use unfair methods ⁷ something you say when you have to refuse someone's invitation to something that you would like to do at another time

C Boxing

idiom	example	explanation
not pull any punches	The coach did n't pull any punches when he told the team how badly they had played.	spoke in an honest and direct way without trying to be tactful
be / feel punch-drunk	The trade fair was so noisy and busy that I felt punch-drunk by the end of the week.	was tired and confused (If a boxer is punch-drunk, he is dazed as a result of being hit on the head.)
below the belt	It was below the belt to mention his rival's marital problems to the journalist.	an unfair attack (In boxing, hitting someone below the belt is not allowed.)
throw in the sponge / towel	Kisho will never agree to throw in the sponge , even if he has lost any chance of winning the election.	In the past, throwing the sponge or towel into the ring meant admitting defeat.

Exercises Ancient myths and history sesions.

19.1 Look at A opposite. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



19.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using an idiom from 19.1.

- 1 I felt I was taking a huge risk riding at high speed on the back of his motorbike.
- 2 I didn't tell anyone about my plans and didn't mention that I was going to resign soon.
- 3 He's so rich. He spends money as if it were toy money.
- 4 The barrister <u>used an advantage none of us knew about</u> and revealed the final piece of evidence.
- 5 I wanted a job in politics, but felt <u>I was unlikely to succeed</u> as I had no personal contacts in the political world.
- 6 Masa is so much more qualified and experienced than I am. He <u>has all the advantages</u> if we both apply for the same job.

19.3 Read these statements and answer the questions.

- a Joseph just sat there with a blank expression on his face.
- b I think Ivana was unfair when she mentioned to her boss that Kim had once been in prison.
- c Jung said he was too busy to come with us this time, so we went without him.
- d The news obviously surprised and upset Gina a lot.
- 1 Who said something that was below the belt?
- 2 Who took a rain check?
- 3 Who was knocked for six by something?
- 4 Who was poker-faced?

19.4 Complete each idiom.

1	Jin's in a very powerful position; he	all the	•
2	The teacher has the	so many times that	none of the
	students knows what the rules are any more.		
3	Liam is very direct with people; he never	any	
4	What? The headteacher changed the holiday fro	m a whole day to a half day! Poor	kids! It's just
	not, is it?		
5	The two presidential candidates have played	recently and ha	ve made
	quite personal attacks on each other.		
ŝ	Advertising on TV is not the same as it was 20 ye	ars ago; it's a whole	now.
7	Everyone felt after six hour	s of political debate.	
3	At 10 pm on the night of the election, the presid	ent threw and	d admitted
	he had lost.		

Ancient myths and history

A

Greek mythology

Read these comments made by politicians:

I think this party has a great future, but corruption seems to be our **Achilles' heel**.

In his latest speech criticising the prime minister's actions, the finance minister has opened a **Pandora's box** of political and legal problems.

Our leader has shown that she has the Midas touch when it comes to economic planning.

His appointment to leader has caused many problems within the party, with some members accusing him of being **a Trojan horse**, sent to destroy the party from within.

Another stock market crash is hanging over this government like the sword of Damocles.

person or place	explanation
Achilles /əˈkɪlɪ:z/	Achilles' heel was the only place on his body that the hero could be wounded or killed. It was his one weak point.
Pandora	Pandora carried a box which held all the evils of the world. When she opened it, evil escaped into the world.
King Midas	Everything Midas touched turned into gold.
Troy .1.21 m	The Greeks sent a huge wooden horse into the city of Troy as a gift. Soldiers were hiding inside, who then attacked the city.
Damocles	During a banquet, Damocles saw a sword hanging by just one hair above his head, ready to fall and kill him.

В

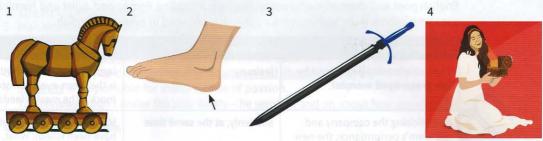
Other expressions related to ancient myths and history

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: The government needs to act now before it's too late!
- B: I know. It's like they're fiddling while Rome burns.
- A: We've won an important victory, but we must fight on.
- B: Yes, we mustn't rest on our laurels.
- A: I'll examine every word in every single document until I find the answer.
- B: Yes leave no stone unturned.
- A: We knew it was going to end in disaster. It was so obvious!
- B: I know we all saw the writing on the wall.
- A: The early days of our business were such fun, and we were so successful!
- B: Yes, they really were the halcyon days.
- A: I don't think we should react to their insults.
- B: I agree. Let's just turn the other cheek.
- A: We won our court case, but we've got no money left. It wasn't such a great success after all!
- B: No, I agree. It was more of a Pyrrhic victory.
- A: So Marco accepted responsibility for the situation and resigned as director?
- B: Yes, he decided to fall on his sword.
- A: The last thing Edward said to his boss when he left the job was that she was a fool!
- B: Yes, that wasn't such a great parting shot, was it?
- A: The dispute has got bigger and bigger everyone's involved now.
- **B:** Yes, it seems to have grown to **epic proportions**.

21 Shakespeare

20.1 Look at A opposite. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



20.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 20.1.

1	New financial regulations are hanging ove	r the banking industry like
	Committee and the Committee of the Commi	Bankers are extremely worried.

- 4 She opened _____ when she started investigating corruption in the building industry.

20.3 Complete the crossword.

Across

- 1 the writing on the
- 2 avictory
- 3 leave no stone

Down

- 4 days
- 5 Don't on your laurels.
- 6 turn the other

1			
		_	
2	11071		5
oge y	wille		
3	1 481	5	

20.4 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Julia's leaving shot as she walked out of the room was to say that she never wanted to see any of us ever again.
- 2 The police left no stones unturned in trying to trace the missing child.
- 3 Piero fell into his sword and accepted full responsibility for the disaster.
- 4 She really has the Pandora touch everything she does is hugely successful.
- 5 It was a task of epic size, but everyone tried their hardest to succeed.
- 6 We should continue to work hard and not sleep on our laurels.
- 7 If we are faced with a violent attack, we should just turn the other face and not react.
- 8 Doing nothing at this stage would be like singing while Rome burns.

Over to you

Use the Internet to find out where the idioms in B come from. You can use a search engine like Google or a specific site about idioms, e.g. www.phrases.org.uk

Shakespeare

Many common idioms actually come from the works of Shakespeare (1564–1616), the famous English poet and dramatist who wrote 38 plays, including *Romeo and Juliet* and *Hamlet*. Here are some idioms from Shakespeare's plays that are used in everyday English.

modern-day example	meaning	origin
Their relationship was ruined by the green-eyed monster.	jealousy	lago: O, beware, my lord, of jealousy; it is the green-eyed monster which doth mock / The meat it feeds on. (Othello)
By criticising the company and the team's performance, the new manager succeeded in upsetting everyone at one fell swoop.	suddenly, at the same time	Macduff (on hearing that all his family have been killed): What, all my pretty chickens and their dam / At one fell swoop? (Macbeth)
My nephews came to stay at the weekend and have eaten me out of house and home.	eaten all the food there is in my house (informal)	Mistress Quickly: He hath eaten me out of house and home; he hath put all my substance into that fat belly of his. (Henry IV Pt II)
It was a terrifying film – it made my hair stand on end.	frightened me very much	Ghost: I could a tale unfold [which] would make each particular hair to stand on end, like quills upon the fretful porpentine. (Hamlet)
Let me finish this email – I'll be with you in the twinkling of an eye.	in an instant	Launcelot: I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye. (<i>The</i> <i>Merchant of Venice</i>)
The police were sent on a wild- goose chase, looking for the money that the criminals had already spent.	a search that has no hope of success (informal)	Mercutio: If thy wits run the wild-goose chase, I have done. (Romeo and Juliet)
The TV presenter laid it on with a trowel when he was introducing that film star.	praised somebody or something excessively (informal)	Celia: Well said: that was laid on with a trowel. (As You Like It)
The film is a classic love story about star-crossed lovers .	people unlucky in love	Prologue: A pair of star-crossed lovers take their life. (Romeo and Juliet)
Nick and Maria have broken up again! The course of true love never did run smooth.	There are always difficulties to face in romantic relationships.	Lysander: The course of true love never did run smooth. (A Midsummer Night's Dream)

21.1 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 The film is about two people unlucky in love and their relationship.
- 2 Max and his friends managed to eat all the food I had in the house.
- 3 Harry's driving terrified me, but we arrived safely.
- 4 He set off on a hopeless quest to find the buried treasure he'd read about.
- 5 Masha prepared a delicious meal in what seemed like no time at all.
- 6 Jealousy is responsible for many crimes of passion.
- 7 The reviewer didn't praise the play subtly he went on and on about how wonderful it was.

21.2 Complete each idiom.

- 1 So, Helen's parents are trying to persuade her not to get married to Tom? Oh well, the course of love never did run!
- 2 This thriller is terrifying. It'll make your hair stand on
- 3 I need to go shopping. The kids have eaten us out of _____ and home.
 - 4 I'll just let the cat out, then I'll be with you in the twinkling of an
 - 5 Let's try and write all our holiday postcards at one fell this morning.

21.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









21.4 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 21.3.

- 1 The bank robbers left the country after they had cleverly managed to send the police off
- 2 The ghost story David told made
- 3 Maya and Harry's relationship was destroyed by
- 4 Simply tell your daughter that you like her work. There's no need to

Over to you

'Pound of flesh' and 'send someone packing' are two other idioms from Shakespeare. Search for these phrases online and see if you can find their meaning and origin. You could search using a search engine such as Google, or visit the website http://www.phrases.org.uk. See if you can find any other Shakespearean idioms in common usage.

A Famous literary characters

example	explanation
My grandmother's attic was an Aladdin's cave of old paintings and other valuable objects.	In <i>The Arabian Nights</i> , Aladdin is imprisoned in a cave full of treasure.
All the cameras on our streets mean that Big Brother is watching us all the time.	Big Brother is the dictator who watches everybody all the time in George Orwell's novel 1984.
When I was learning to play golf, Jack was my Man Friday. He advised me and even carried all my equipment. (You may also see Girl or Person Friday)	Man Friday is the servant on a desert island in Daniel Defoe's novel <i>Robinson Crusoe</i> .
George is a real Jekyll and Hyde character. One minute he's happy and friendly, the next minute he's aggressive and violent.	Jekyll and Hyde represent two opposite sides of Dr Jekyll's personality in Robert Louis Stevenson's novel The Strange Case of Dr Jekyll and Mr Hyde.
I'm single and still waiting for Prince Charming to appear on his white horse!	Prince Charming is the handsome prince in many fairy tales. The expression is often used humorously.

Novels, plays, fairy tales and poems

The idioms in these horoscopes all come from novels, plays, fairy tales and poems.







Horoscopes



В

ARIES Someone asks you to take on a big responsibility, but be careful: it may become an albatross around your neck¹.



LEO You have decided you need a new challenge. Why not **go the whole hog**⁵: sell your house, leave town and travel the world?



TAURUS You meet someone this week who you think will play an important role in your life. But be prepared to say goodbye; you may be like ships that pass in the night².



VIRGO Spending all your time studying has put you in **an ivory tower**⁶. Try to live life more in the real world, not just with your books



GEMINI You sometimes feel that your hopes and ambitions are just **castles in the air**³. But hold on to your dreams; one of them will soon come true.



LIBRA There may be a big argument with someone close to you. But don't worry: it will just be a storm in a teacup⁷.



CANCER You find yourself in **a Catch-22 situation**⁴ with someone very close to you.

One of you needs to be mature and act first, but who will it be?



SCORPIO You don't like offending people, but sometimes you have to **call a spade a spade**⁸. Don't be afraid to say something that may hurt someone.

¹ a problem that it is difficult to be free of ² be like people who come into your life and leave again after a short time ³ plans that have very little chance of happening ⁴ an impossible situation where you are prevented from doing one thing until you have done another thing, but you cannot do the other thing until you have done the first thing ⁵ do something as completely as possible ⁶ a situation where you are separated from the ordinary and unpleasant things that happen in life ⁷ a situation where people get very angry or worried about something that is not important ⁸ to tell the truth about something, even if it is not polite or pleasant

Learning

23

22.1 Answer these questions. Use the information in A opposite to help you.

- 1 Which servant helped Robinson Crusoe?
- 2 What was the surname of Dr Jekyll's evil side?
- 3 Who do fairy-tale heroines fall in love with?
- 4 Which authoritarian figure do we say watches everything we do?
- 5 Who found himself in a cave full of treasure?

22.2 Complete each sentence with a literary character from 22.1.

- 1 My sister's getting married next week. I'm so happy she's found her ______.
- 2 The Internet service providers know exactly which websites we visit ______is watching us all the time.
- 3 My life is totally chaotic. I need a ______ to help me with everything.
- 4 The old cupboard was a(n) _______'s cave of valuable objects.
- 5 Roberto is a real Jekyll and _____ character. You can never predict how he's going to behave.

22.3 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Don't worry, it's just <u>one of those problems where everyone gets upset and then it's forgotten.</u>
 [STORM]
- 2 He wants to borrow a lot of money to go travelling, but paying it back could become a problem that he can't escape from. [NECK]
- 3 Why are you just getting a new fridge and cooker? Why not do things completely and get a new kitchen? [WHOLE]
- 4 He's always got some new money-making plan or scheme, but most of the time they're just <u>plans</u> that will never happen. [AIR]
- 5 I met him ten years ago and then saw him again last year. We seem to <u>be like people who enter</u> and leave each other's lives after a short time. [SHIPS]

22.4 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

- 1 She's very direct and always calls
- 2 I found myself in a ridiculous
- 3 People say that academics live in
- 4 There's nothing to worry about; it's just

- a Catch-22 situation.
- b a storm in a teacup.
- c ivory towers.
- d a spade a spade.

22.5 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?

1



2



3



4



Over to you

Use the Internet to find out the literary origins of the idioms in B opposite. The Phrase Finder at www.phrases.org.uk is a good place to start your research.

A Studying and making progress

Tom and Harry are twin brothers. Tom had **set his sights on**¹ going to university, but some of his teachers told him his grades were not **up to scratch**². So he decided to work harder, **burning the candle at both ends**³ and studying long hours. As a result, his work improved **in leaps and bounds**⁴ and he got a place at university.



Harry, on the other hand, was naturally clever. When he was younger, all his teachers thought he was **on track**⁵ for a place at university. In his last couple of years at school, however, he started getting poor grades and had **a lot of ground to make up**⁶ in order to improve. Unlike his brother, though, he didn't work **round the clock**⁷, and as a result he didn't get in to university.

 1 decided to achieve something (You can also say 'have your sights set on (doing) something') 2 up to a satisfactory standard or quality 3 going to bed late and getting up early 4 progressing rapidly (You can also say 'by leaps and bounds') 5 working on and likely to achieve something 6 a lot of work to catch up 7 all the time

B Remembering and forgetting

How do you learn and remember new vocabulary in English? Here are some tips from other students:



Kasia: I usually try to **learn** new expressions **off by heart**¹, especially when they don't exist in my language.



Sadiq: I've got a memory like a sieve², so I find a mind map or drawing can help. If I have a few key words or an image, it jogs my memory³.



Massimo: Because I like acting in my spare time, I often learn certain things like I would learn a script, so I can repeat them **word for word**⁴. Stuff like irregular verbs, for example.

Farah: At school, we were always taught to **learn by rote**⁵, so that we could repeat things from memory, and I still use that technique to help me remember new vocabulary.



Ana: I've got a terrible memory.

Most things just go in one ear and out the other⁶, so I always try to make a mental image when I learn new words. Often it's something funny. I find that helps the words stick in my mind⁷ better.



¹ learn something so that you can remember it perfectly ² a bad memory ³ helps me to remember / reminds me ⁴ using exactly the same words ⁵ learn something to be able to repeat it exactly (even if you do not understand it) ⁶ are forgotten immediately ⁷ be easily remembered

Teaching and learning

example	meaning
I've been doing this job for 20 years, but now they're bringing in new software which I'm finding difficult to use. You can't teach an old dog new tricks.	It's difficult to make someone change their way of doing things, especially if they have been doing it for a long time.
You're teaching your grandmother to suck eggs! I've been fishing here for years, so I think I know where the best places are.	You are giving advice to someone about something they know more about than you.
I stayed up all night the night before the exam, but was so tired the next day I did really badly. I've learnt my lesson and won't be doing that again.	to learn from a negative experience not to do something again
The next time he arrives late, just go without him – that will teach him a lesson.	to show someone as a result of experience what not to do

23.1	Match the beginning of	each sentence	with its	ending.
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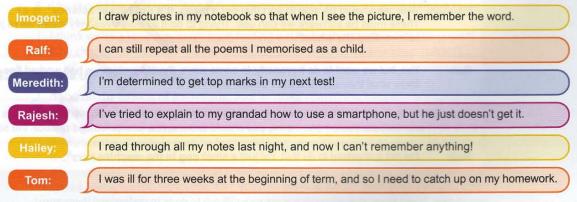
1	I'm absolutely exhausted at the moment. I've been working round	a track to graduate in the summer.
2	Since she started at her new school, Tanya's work has come on in leaps	b for word today. I was very impressed!
3	I handed in my essay, but my tutor gave it back and said it wasn't up to	 the clock to finish my essay on time.
4	Michael's working hard at university and is on	d scratch. I have to rewrite it.
5	I taught the children a new song yesterday and they repeated it back to me word	e heart for a test tomorrow.
6	Our chemistry teacher told us we had to learn	f and bounds.

23.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

part of the periodic table off by

- 1 Alain was always eating sweet things, but after the dentist gave him several fillings, I think he's studied his lesson.
- 2 Florence seems to be burning the candle at both sides at the moment going to parties every night and then getting up early to study.
- 3 Dev started telling the IT manager how to set up a spreadsheet. Talk about teaching your grandmother to eat eggs!
- 4 I keep forgetting that I can use online banking to pay my bills. You can't teach an old bird new tricks, I suppose.
- 5 Frida has set her eyes on becoming CEO, and after her latest promotion, she's well on the way.
- 6 After his rude behaviour, Oli's mother decided to learn him a lesson and didn't let him play with his friends.

23.3 Read these statements and answer the questions.



- 1 Who learnt things by rote?
- 2 Who can't teach an old dog new tricks?
- 3 Who needs something to jog their memory?
- 4 Who has a memory like a sieve?
- 5 Who has a lot of ground to make up?
- 6 Who has set their sights on achieving a high grade?

23.4 Do these sentences make sense? Explain why or why not.

- 1 Habib's work came on in leaps and bounds, so he failed his exam.
- 2 My password sticks in my mind. I keep forgetting it.
- 3 Rafaella learnt all her lines for the play off by heart. She didn't need any help remembering them.
- 4 We've had a great year this year. The company is on track to make a big profit.
- 5 I've got a great memory for names. They go in one ear and out the other.
- 6 Jamie's been working round the clock recently, so I'm sure he'll have plenty of energy.

24 Science and technology

A

Science and technology idioms in positive contexts

Some science- and technology-based idioms are used to evaluate things in a positive way. Read these magazine reviews and note the idioms.

The Soundboom 88 software suite is at the cutting edge¹ of audio technology, providing a complete home studio

Hot off the press², this online survey of consumer preferences is essential for anyone setting up a small business.

This new web search engine is **the** brainchild of³ Alex Wells, who originally developed *Worldseek* software.

With its modern design and functionality, the *Autoband* USB turntable **pushes** all **the right buttons**⁴.

¹ at the most recent stage of development in a particular type of work or activity ² having just been printed and containing the most recent information ³ a clever and original idea, plan or invention ⁴ does exactly what is necessary to get the result you want

В

Science and technology idioms in negative contexts

Science- and technology-based idioms can also be used to evaluate situations in a more negative way. Read this conversation about a problem at work and note the idioms.

Rob: We'**re light years away from**¹ developing good software for our customer database. The hardware doesn't help either. The main computer **is on the blink**² and needs replacing.

Hannah: Well, we can replace the computer, but I thought the database was OK.

Rob: So did I, but Krishnan **threw a spanner in the works**³ when he found some faults in its design.

Hannah: Well, we should be able to sort that out. I mean, it's not rocket science⁴, is it?

There must be software we can use. Trying to do it all ourselves may mean we're just reinventing the wheel⁵.

Rob: Yes, but we want to do it properly. In some ways, the old system we had worked fine – you know what they say, '**If it ain't broke**, **don't fix it**⁶!'

Hannah: Well, if we don't fix things soon, the system will **go haywire**⁷ and we won't be able to contact our customers. I think you should order a new computer and replace the software.

Rob: I'm not authorised to do that. I'm just a small cog in the machine here8.

¹ be a long way away from ² is not working correctly ³ did something that prevented a plan from succeeding ⁴ used to say that something is not very difficult to do or to understand (humorous) ⁵ wasting time trying to create something that someone else has already created ⁶ said when you see that something works well, and there is no reason to try to change it ⁷ stop working normally and start working in a different and strange way (informal) ⁸ one part of a large organisation

C

Other science- and technology-based idioms

The government has **set the wheels in motion**¹ for a complete reform of the tax system. My new car is very economical. The old one was such a **gas guzzler**². Government investment has **oiled the wheels**³ of economic development in the poorer regions.

 1 done something which will cause a series of actions to start 2 car that uses a lot of fuel 3 made it easier for something to happen

24.1 Look at A opposite. Read these statements and answer the questions.

Matthew:

My new tablet is great: it's easy to use, it looks good, and it was cheap.

Clara:

This phone has features that no other phone has yet; it's amazing.

Apparently, it was invented by a Russian scientist, who worked on it for ten years.

Who is talking about ...

- 1 something that is at the cutting edge of technology?
- 2 something that was hot off the press?
- 3 something that pushes the right buttons?
- 4 something that was the brainchild of someone?

24.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I try my best to do my job well, but sometimes I feel as if I'm just <u>an unimportant person in a massive organisation</u>. [MACHINE]
- 2 I don't want to do anything to prevent your plan from working, but I think you should apply for official permission first. [SPANNER]
- 3 I worry sometimes that we're just <u>wasting time doing something someone has already done</u> in our research. [WHEEL]
- 4 I'm afraid I couldn't print the document; our printer is not working properly. [BLINK]
- 5 There was a power failure and everything suddenly stopped working. [HAYWIRE]
- 6 She should be able to write a simple text message. I mean, it's not a difficult thing to do, is it? [SCIENCE]
- 7 I think we're a long way away from finding a cure for this terrible disease. [LIGHT]
- 8 Why change the system? If it works OK, we don't need to do anything! [BROKE]

24.3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If you oil the wheels of something, you a) make something happen very suddenly b) make it easier for something to happen c) stop something happening.
- 2 A gas guzzler is a) a type of cooker b) a person who drinks a lot c) a type of car.
- 3 If you set the wheels in motion for something, you a) cause it to start b) create complications for it c) cause it to stop.
- 4 If a machine is on the blink, it a) is working correctly b) is not working at all c) is working, but not correctly.

24.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them?

- 1 My school was new. We had all kinds of cutting-hedge technology.
- 2 Suddenly, everything went hayware, and there was complete chaos.
- 3 She felt she was just a cog in the wheel and that no one ever noticed her.
- 4 The city council set the wheel to turn for the construction of the new park.

25 Films, plays and books

A Idioms from film and theatre reviews

The show had the audience rolling in the aisles1.

The plot will keep you on the edge of your seat⁴.

The finale brought the house down2.

His dramatic performance sent shivers down my spine⁵.

Helena Good stole the show³ with a fantastic performance.

¹ laughing a lot ² made the audience laugh or clap a lot; was extremely successful ³ got all the attention and praise at an event or performance ⁴ keep you excited and interested in what happens next ⁵ was very moving

Talking about books

Ben: I read that novel that Laura recommended. I eventually managed to wade through¹ all 400 pages, but I didn't like it very much. It was really heavy going². It's not what I would call a page-turner³!

Nina: Yeah. The critics in the Sunday papers certainly did a hatchet job on4 it.

Ben: Well, it's pretty easy to pick holes in⁵ the plot. I didn't think it was at all convincing.

Nina: Mind you, I could never write a short story, let alone a novel.

Ben: Yes, it's much easier to be an armchair critic⁶, isn't it?

¹ finish reading something, but with difficulty ² difficult to read or understand ³ a book that is so exciting that you have to read it quickly ⁴ criticised strongly and cruelly ⁵ find mistakes in; criticise ⁶ criticise, but without any personal expertise in what is being criticised (You can also say 'armchair traveller' and 'armchair gardener'.)

An actor's career







Portia Cole had always dreamt of having her name in lights¹. At school she was a leading light² of the drama club, and she spent all her free time treading the boards³. Portia's tendency to play to the gallery⁴ meant she was quickly noticed when she started acting professionally. When she got the opportunity to take over the leading role in a popular new crowd-puller⁵ in a major London theatre, she was waiting in the wings⁶, ready and eager to take centre stage⁷. She was surprised to feel very nervous before her opening night. However, all her friends and relatives assured her that it would be all right on the night⁸, and it was! The audience and the critics loved her, and her career was well and truly launched.

¹ being famous ² an important member ³ acting on stage (in the theatre) ⁴ behave in a way to make people admire or support her; often slightly disapproving ⁵ something attracting a lot of attention and interest ⁶ ready to become important (this idiom is often used in non-theatrical contexts too, e.g. 'Investors are **waiting in the wings**, ready to act if the business is sold'.) ⁷ become the most important person in the play (this idiom is often used in non-theatrical contexts too, e.g. 'Education **took centre stage** in the new political manifesto'.) ⁸ without problems on the day of the actual performance

a shivers down my spine.

d holes in her performance.

b in the aisles.

e of our seats.

g the show.

c hatchet job on it.

f through that novel.

h the house down.

Exercises basebasini – anidenoitale R

O	Match the beginning of		
25.1	Match the neginning of	each sentence	With its ending

- 1 The critics didn't hesitate to pick
- 2 The hero's dying words sent
- 3 The comedian's jokes brought
- 4 It took me all of my holiday to wade
- 5 The singers were all great, but the young soprano stole
- 6 The play was so funny it had the audience rolling
- 7 The film was really exciting and kept us on the edge
- 8 The Sunday News critic hated the book and did a

25.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?











25.3 Complete each sentence. There may be more than one possible answer.

- 1 When a politician plays to the gallery, it is because they want people to _______ them
 2 People say 'It'll be all right on the night' when they want to ______ you.
 3 The boards referred to in 'tread the boards' are those of a ______.
- 4people would be at a crowd-pulling show.
- 5 _____people do not usually enjoy taking centre stage.

25.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Richard is an important person in the local tennis club. [LIGHT]
- 2 The teacher was very critical of my essay. [PICKED]
- 3 Don't worry about your presentation. It'll all go well, I'm sure. [NIGHT]
- 4 The dog got all the attention in the evening's performance. [STOLE]
- 5 She spent years acting in the theatre before getting a part in a TV soap. [BOARDS]
- 6 The new manager is good at saying things that make her popular. [GALLERY]
- 7 The book was very difficult to read. [HEAVY]
- 8 I can't believe that the *Sunday News* critic described such a boring novel as a <u>book you just have to read quickly</u>. [PAGE]

Relationships - friends and family

A Family relationships

Alice and Sara are talking about their families. The idioms they use are fairly informal.

Alice: How quickly time passes! It seems like only yesterday that my son Jason was a twinkle in his father's eye¹, and now suddenly he's 18 and about to fly the nest². He's got a job in Spain, so he's moving there.

Sara: Yes, my son Richard's the same. He's 21, and he's the spitting image of³ his dad now. He's just like him in character too – he's a real chip off the old block⁴!

They're both so tall too – tall men seem to run in the family⁵. Richard's already left home – we only see him a couple of times a year.

Alice: Yes, it's sad when your nearest and dearest⁶ move away. Our daughter lives in the US, and we hardly ever see her. It's hard not being able to visit your own flesh and blood⁷ very often.

Sara: Yes. But then, you know, our family always preferred being independent. We never lived in each other's pockets⁸, so I suppose this is the result.

¹ was not even born (humorous) ² leave home to live independently ³ looks very much like ⁴ similar in personality to one of his parents or an older family member ⁵ a lot of people in the family have that characteristic ⁶ your family (humorous) ⁷ relatives ⁸ did everything together

Friends and other social contacts

Note the idioms in these horoscopes.

4:21PM

Horoscopes



В

You and a good friend **go back a long way**¹, but friendship doesn't always last forever. Be careful what you say this week, or you may find that your old friend **won't** even **give you the time of day**².



You have the ear of ³ someone in authority, so don't be afraid to tell them your opinion. If you have friends in high places ⁴, and if you often rub shoulders with ⁵ important people, you should use it to your advantage.



This week, a fair-weather friend⁶ will let you down when you need them most. Remember, real friends are those who stand by you through thick and thin⁷ and are a tower of strength⁸ in difficult times.



An **old flame**⁹ makes an appearance this week. Are you ready to settle down or do you want to stay **footloose and fancy-free**¹⁰ forever?

¹ have known each other a long time ² will refuse to speak to you because they think they're better than you or they don't like you ³ the person is ready to listen to your views and ideas ⁴ know important and influential people ⁵ spend time with important or famous people ⁶ someone who is your friend only when things are going well for you ⁷ through good and bad situations ⁸ someone who supports you a lot in difficult situations. (You can also say 'pillar of strength'.) ⁹ someone you had a romantic relationship with in the past ¹⁰ free and without responsibilities to anyone

Exercises and brown and a state of the state

26.1	Look at A opposite. Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.			
	1 They invited their nearest	a father's eye three years ago!		
	2 We don't live in each other's	b the old block – he's just like his uncle Rex.		
	3 He has deserted his own flesh	c the nest and went to live in Australia.		
	4 Young Sam is the spitting	d and dearest to the wedding.		
	5 She was just a twinkle in her	e run in the family.		
	6 When he turned 18, he flew	f pockets, but we're a happy family.		
	7 Harry is a real chip off	g and blood and gone to join the army.		
	8 Both girls are pretty. Good looks	h image of his grandfather.		
	both girts are pretty. Good tooks			
26.2	Complete each sentence with an idiom from	26.1.		
	1 Ana is the			
		ur own and		
	3 She was born in 1986. In 1983, she was just	ain		
	4 All her and	gathered round her for a family photo on her		
	90th birthday.	Santa and the santa s		
		lives		
	6 He's 42 and still living with his parents. Mos earlier.	's 42 and still living with his parents. Most peoplea lot		
	7 All of her sisters are really musical too. It must			
	8 Max is as generous as his dad. He's a			
		esn't even give me the time of day any more.		
	Connor: My friend Tessa has been wi	th me through thick and thin.		
	Ashley: I've got friends in high places	s, you know.		
	Chelsea: My best friend and I go back	a long way.		
	Zenab: I've come to the conclusion t	hat Ben is just a fair-weather friend.		
	1 Who has known someone for many years?	4 Whose friend has given support in difficult		
	2 Whose friend is only there when things are	times?		
	going well?	5 Who knows powerful and influential people?		
	3 Who has a friend who won't speak to her?			
26.4	Rewrite each sentence using an idiom from	the opposite page.		
	1 If the boss listens to him and respects his id			
	2 Joanna was incredibly supportive when I w			
	3 Amina has invited a former boyfriend of her			
	4 My friend Ali has stood by me through good 5 He was independent and had no responsible			
	6 I've known Raisa a very long time.			
	The part of the same of the sa			

B

A Positive characteristics and behaviour

In this conversation, Lucy uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what Beth says.

Lucy: I'm trying to organise a quiz team. Who do you think I should ask?

Beth: Why not ask Nathan? He knows a lot about all sorts of different things.

Lucy: You're right. He's a mine of information.

Beth: He can do all sorts of different things too. He's good at sport, and he's set up his own software business, which is doing very well, I believe.

Lucy: That's right. He's a man of many parts¹.

Beth: Why don't you ask Matt as well? He's young, but he's so clever and really successful.

Lucy: Yes, he's a whizz kid, if ever there was one. Good idea!

Beth: His sister Georgie is nice too, isn't she? Full of energy and enthusiasm.

Lucy: That's right. She's got plenty of get-up and go.

Beth: She'd be great in a quiz too. She's a trained chef; she's a qualified singing teacher, so she knows about music; and she's studying film at college.

Lucy: Yes, she has plenty of strings to her bow. Thanks, Beth. I'll ask them all!

Negative characteristics and behaviour

idiom	example	meaning
a glutton for punishment	She's certainly a glutton for punishment . She's started doing a second degree, even though she's got a full-time job and two small children.	someone who likes working hard or doing things other people would find unpleasant (humorous)
highly strung	She's so highly strung that even a loud noise can make her jump.	very nervous and easily upset
act / play the fool	He'd be a nicer person if he didn't play the fool so much.	behave in a silly way, often to make people laugh
look out for number one	Trust Fred to take the last piece of cake. He always looks out for number one .	puts himself first, as he thinks he is the most important person (informal)
eat sb for breakfast	The lawyers are going to eat the accused man for breakfast .	speak angrily or critically to easily control or defeat someone
a love rat	Movie star Jake King was exposed as a love rat yesterday, when details of his affair with co-star Kelly Black emerged.	a man having a secret sexual relationship with someone not his wife or girlfriend (informal, mainly used in popular journalism)
a wet blanket	Stop complaining about the weather. It's not that cold. Enjoy the picnic and stop being such a wet blanket.	someone who says or does something that stops others from enjoying themselves (informal)
a loose cannon	Our sales manager is a loose cannon . You never know what he'll say or do next.	someone who cannot be trusted because they act in an unpredictable way

¹You can also say 'woman of many parts'.

Exercises manufacture bus so

27.1 Complete each idiom from A opposite.

- 1 Let's hire Dan. He has a lot of get _____ and go, and will really inspire the team.
- 3 The restaurant is popular with banking whizz ______, all talking loudly about the financial deals they're doing.
- 4 Schools often encourage their students to collect as many to their bow as possible.
- 5 Ask Auntie Lily to help with your geography project she's a ______ of information about different places.

27.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Concentrate on your homework and stop playing a fool!
- 2 I hope Joe doesn't come to the party he's such a cold blanket.
- 3 I suppose that everyone ultimately has to look out for figure one.
- 4 Kate volunteers for all the jobs that no one else will do she's a real glutton for work.
- 5 I always said she was a loose gun, so I'm not surprised she's causing trouble.
- 6 The newspapers are claiming that the prince is a love snake.
- 7 Be extra kind and calm with Jarek he's very tightly strung.
- 8 Everyone admires the young entrepreneur for his get-up and buy.

27.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









27.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 I'm really scared about meeting them. I'm sure they'll be angry and criticise me.
- 2 I don't want to be <u>miserable and spoil your fun</u>, but please can you turn the music down? It's too loud.
- 3 Some people say that to succeed in business, you need to put your own interests first.
- 4 There always seems to be a child in every class who <u>acts in a silly way</u> to make the other pupils laugh.
- 5 Martina would be easier to live with if she weren't so nervous and easily upset.
- 6 Some see him as an unpredictable and untrustworthy person, but this is unfair.

28 Crime and punishment

A Crime

Carlos and Ayse are talking about a crime at work. Read the conversation and note the idioms. All the idioms they use are informal.

Carlos: I'd never have dreamt Ben was on the fiddle¹, would you?

Ayse: Well, no. I knew money was going missing, but I never thought it would be **an inside job**².

Ben seemed so honest, yet he had his hand in the till³ all the time.

Carlos: Yeah, he pulled the wool over everyone's eyes4.

Ayse: I can't believe he was taking us all for a ride⁵. He was so strict with us, and yet he was lining

his own pockets⁶ the whole time!

Carlos: He sacked Jay when he was found selling things under the counter⁷ last year.

Ayse: I know! And now Ben has done a runner⁸. Carlos: Well, I hope they catch up with him.

¹ was getting money in an illegal or dishonest way

² a crime committed by someone from within the organisation affected

³ was stealing the business's money

⁴ deceived everyone

5 tricking us

⁶ was making money for himself in a

dishonest way
⁷ secretly; illegally

⁸ run away to avoid a difficult situation

Punishment

В

Today we'd like you to tell us what you think about police and punishment in today's world. Is **the long arm of the law**¹ doing a good job?

The boys in blue⁸ should recruit more reformed criminals. There's nothing more effective than a poacher turned gamekeeper⁹!



They're too quick to **throw the book at**² people. Why should someone **do a stretch**³ for a minor offence? **Doing time**⁴ just makes people more likely to commit another crime when they're released.

I think young offenders should always **be brought to book**⁵. **A short sharp shock**⁶ would keep them **on the straight and narrow**⁷ in future.

- ¹ the police (suggesting it has far-reaching powers)
- ² punish someone as severely as possible (informal)
- ³ have a prison sentence (informal)
- ⁴ spending time in prison (informal)
- ⁵ be punished (usually used in the passive)
- ⁶ a brief but severe punishment
- ⁷ behaving in an honest, moral way
- 8 the police (informal)
- ⁹ someone whose job involves working against the kind of person they used to be

28.1 Read these comments about people's attitudes to banks. Complete each idiom.

Interviewer: 'Do you think banks are honest and open?'

1	No, there's too much secrecy and too many deals done under the		
2	Well, I think there are a minority of bankers who are just, which gives the banks a bad name.		
3	They're OK on the whole. But occasionally you get major financial crime involving billions of pounds. And often it's an inside involving someone working in the bank. We all suffer then.		
4	No, banks are on the all the time, defrauding us and pulling the about what's really going on.		
5	Well, I think the banks are us all for a They never		

28.2 Match each statement (1-9) with a suitable response (a-i).

- 1 I think teenagers who commit a crime should be sent to prison for a week and given a really hard time.
- 2 I see the police have been called in about the missing money at the tennis club.
- 3 People who throw litter in the street ought to be prosecuted.
- 4 Wow, the police charged Max with every possible offence they could think of!
- 5 It didn't take long for the police to arrive, did it?
- 6 I heard that Donald was actually in prison years ago.
- 7 Apparently, Ellie was in prison when she was younger.
- 8 That famous computer hacker, Jin Soon, is apparently a reformed character.
- 9 It's amazing how that former burglar is helping the police investigate crime in the neigbourhood.
- a Yes, they say she did time for attacking her husband's lover.
- b Yes, it's a real case of poacher turned gamekeeper.
- c Yes, I agree. They should be brought to book.
- d Yes, someone told me he had done a stretch, but I don't know what for.
- e Yes, the thieves won't be able to escape from the long arm of the law.
- f Yes, a short sharp shock would do them good!
- g No, the boys in blue were soon on the scene!
- h Yes, they really threw the book at him, didn't they!
- i Yes, he's back on the straight and narrow.

28.3 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 If someone has their hand in the till, they are illegally taking money from a business.
- 2 If someone does a runner, they chase after a criminal.
- 3 An inside job is a crime committed by someone from within the organisation affected.
- 4 If someone does a stretch, they tell the police who committed a crime.

Over to you

Find an article on the Internet relating to crime. Either go to a newspaper site or use a search engine to look for 'crime stories in the news'. Try to find three or four idioms used in the article. Write them down in their context.

A

Describing people's work situation

Read these comments by people about work situations. Idioms marked * in this unit are particularly informal.

'Clare's babysitting job is such **a cushy number***. All she has to do is take the children to the beach and watch them play.' [a very easy job]

'Lily's really **at the top of the ladder** now. She finally has the success she deserves.' [in the highest position in an organisation]

'I took the job at Linderhoffs to **get a foot in the door**, even though it wasn't well paid.' [take a job at a low level in an organisation, because you want a better job in the same organisation in the future]

'I **slogged my guts out*** for years in the water company and never got a pay rise.' [worked very hard or used a lot of effort]

'Harry doesn't do very much, even though he owns half the company. He's just **a sleeping partner**.' [a partner in a company who does not take an active part in its management, but often provides some of the money; you can also say 'silent partner']

'Erica has a good **track record** as a sales person. She deserves to be promoted.' [all the achievements or failures that someone or something has had in the past]

'Did Charlie get **a golden handshake** when he left the company?' [a large payment made to someone when they leave their job, either because their employer has asked them to leave, or as a reward for good service when they retire]

'She got a very generous **golden hello** when she started her first job after university.' [a large payment made to someone when they accept a new job]

В

The world of work

These business news cuttings contain idioms used to talk about the world of work and business. Idioms describing work and business are often quite strong and colourful.

Roaflex is **doing a roaring trade**^{1*} and has effectively **cornered the market**² in camping equipment. 'The company is **going great guns**^{3*}. We've had a record year,' its president said today.

More travel agents will **go belly up**^{4*} if the economic recession continues. Two major operators have already **gone to the wall**⁵: Worldex **went bust**^{6*} in February, and Overglobe closed in April.

"The big international companies dominate the fast-food market, and we're **shutting up shop**^{7*}. We can't compete any more. I'm getting out of **the rat race**⁸ and retiring to Spain,' said the owner of a small sandwich bar.

'I worked very hard and hoped I would get a promotion,' said Ms Kirby, 'but now I realise I've hit **a glass ceiling**⁹ and won't go any further in this company.'

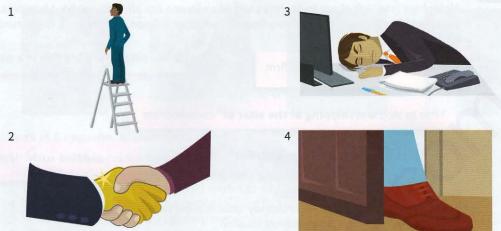
¹ selling a lot of goods very quickly ² become so successful at selling a product that almost no one else can sell it ³ doing something very successfully ⁴ fail ⁵ been destroyed financially ⁶ was forced to close because of financial problems ⁷ closing the business ⁸ a way of life in which people compete with one another for power and money ⁹ a point after which you cannot progress in your career (The idiom is mainly used to express the idea that women are unable to progress because the top jobs are given only to men in some companies.)

Language help

Always make a special note if an idiom is very informal, and be careful not to use informal idioms in formal situations.

Business news

29.1 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



29.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 29.1.

- 1 She founded the company, but she's not very active in it now. She's just a
- 3 When he retired, the company gave him a
- 4 It took him years to become chief executive, but he's

29.3 Do these sentences make sense? Explain why or why not.

- 1 She had a good track record, so they fired her.
- 2 It was a cushy number, so he had to work very hard indeed.
- 3 I slogged my guts out and was exhausted.
- 4 She changed jobs and got a golden hello from her new employer.
- 5 The shop was doing a roaring trade, so they had to close down.
- 6 Porterfax Ltd went belly up and employed 30 new staff.
- 7 Opticarm cornered the market in digital cameras and faced strong competition.
- 8 He went to live in the country because he was tired of the rat race.

29.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Our new online business is doing extremely well. [GUNS]
- 2 Some airlines are in danger of collapsing financially. [WALL]
- 3 That new farmers' market seems to be selling a lot of goods. [ROAR]
- 4 Mr Olsen decided to <u>close his business</u> and retire to the coast. [SHOP]
- 5 Another insurance company was forced to close down last week. [BUST]
- 6 She realised she had hit a point where she could go no higher at work. [GLASS]

A

Metaphors in business news

Metaphors (see Unit 4) are frequently used when journalists are writing about business. Notice how these headlines use metaphors from the weather, religion, horse riding, the natural world and the sea.

Cloud on the horizon1 for local firm

Smith opts to be a big fish in a small pond4

Time to stop worshipping at the altar of 2 consumerism

Bank throws small companies a lifeline3

Axco saddled with⁵ debt

B Financial news

idiom	example	meaning
the bottom drops / falls out of the market	The bottom has dropped / fallen out of the housing market.	people have stopped buying something
a ballpark figure	What's a ballpark figure for replacing the office furniture?	an estimated price
shoot / soar sky-high	Oil prices shot sky-high last month.	rose dramatically
take a nosedive	The company's shares took a nosedive yesterday.	fell suddenly and quickly
receive a windfall	Investors will each receive a windfall of \$10,000.	get some unexpected money
rein in spending	Many firms try to rein in spending during times of financial difficulty.	spend less
across the board	The impact of the reorganisation will be felt across the board.	by people at every level

C

Management news

Following the company's disastrous performance, the CEO has announced that **heads will roll**. [people will be severely punished, often by losing their jobs]

The managing director of Lo-cost supermarkets has been put on **gardening leave** since being offered a new job with rival company Costless. [told not to come into work during their notice period, although they will receive payment for this period]

The EatWell restaurant chain **takes** luxury catering **to the next level**. [makes something even more special or dramatic]

The company's controversial sales manager has been warned that he will lose his job if he does not **fall into line**. [start to follow the rules]

The director said that she **is under no illusions** about how difficult it will be for the company to survive. [understands the truth]

¹ problem likely to happen in the future

² being totally dedicated to (You can also say 'worship at the shrine / temple of'.)

³ gives help to someone in a very difficult situation

⁴ an important person in a not very important organisation

⁵ given a problem which will cause them a lot of difficulty

Business meetings

30.1 Look at A opposite. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









30.2 Look at B opposite. Answer these questions.

- 1 Which idiom is a horse-riding metaphor?
- 2 Which two idioms are metaphors based on flying?
- 3 Which of the two flying metaphors relates to a bird and which to a plane?
- 4 Which idiom is based on a metaphor relating to fruit trees?
- 5 Which idiom is based on a sporting metaphor?
- 6 Which idiom is based on a metaphor relating to a breaking box?

30.3 Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 The speaker said he was concerned about the way in which young people queue at the altar of instant gratification.
- 2 If people are given gardening leave, they are not allowed to come into work during their notice period.
- 3 Receiving a sizeable winddrop from one of our investments allowed us to extend our premises.
- 4 Changes in the company's structure will take place across the boards.
- 5 Jackson was underneath no illusions about how long it would take his business to get established.
- 6 Unfortunately, our profits took a nosedive last month.
- 7 It's time we considered how we can take our business to the next step.
- 8 The senior staff all went into line with the new CEO's demands.

30.4 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1	The latest crisis at work means that heads will	a with debt.
2	I can't tell you the exact price, but I can give you a ballpark	b in a small pond
3	No one will want to take over a company so saddled	c horizon.
4	As our profits have fallen, we'll have to rein	d of the market.
5	Jake likes being a big fish	e board.
6	There are fears that the bottom may fall out	f roll.
7	For the first time in ages, there are no clouds on the company's	g figure.
8	The plan is to implement substantial changes across the	h in spending.

Over to you

Look at the business news on an English-language newspaper website. Make a note of any idioms that you find there.

31 Business meetings

A Features of business language

Business language can be lively, but it is sometimes criticised for certain negative features. It can be 'wordy', using more words than are necessary, for example, using **at this moment in time** (instead of 'now') or **on a weekly basis** (instead of 'weekly').

A second negative feature of business language is its use of clichés (certain phrases that are used so often in specific contexts that they lose their originality), for example, **have a window** (have some time available) or **touch base** (talk to each other).

- A: Can we touch base next week?
- B: Sure, I have a window on Monday afternoon between two and four.

Many of the idioms in this unit could also be considered clichés.

B Idioms in business meetings

I have two issues to bring to the table at our next meeting. [raise for discussion]

It's hard to know what do. We're **between a rock and a hard place**. [whichever decision we make, there is a problem]

The fact of the matter is that we are in a very difficult situation. [the truth is]

I think Hari is the ideal person for the job. He **ticks all the boxes**. [has all the characteristics we want]

The two managers used to be polite to each other; but now **the gloves are off**, and they make no attempt to hide their feelings. [they challenge each other in an unpleasant way (informal)]

We must work 24/7 [twenty-four seven] to achieve our aims. [all the hours we can]

It's a **dog-eat-dog** world in our line of business. [situation where people will do anything to be successful, even if it is harmful to others]

Idioms to talk about business ideas

idiom	example	meaning
at the cutting edge	We have to try to develop a product that is truly at the cutting edge.	the most up-to-date and advanced
blue-sky thinking	Management are going away for a weekend of blue-sky thinking about the company's future.	creative thinking
think outside the box	We hired Frank because of his ability to think outside the box .	think in an original and imaginative way
push the envelope	We don't want to lose our company's reputation for pushing the envelope .	innovating; going beyond normal boundaries
joined-up thinking	Unfortunately, there hasn't been enough joined-up thinking in our approach over the last year.	making appropriate connections
suck it and see	The idea might work, and it might not. We need to just suck it and see .	do something you have not done before to find out whether it is successful or not (informal)

31.1 Read these comments and answer the questions.

When do you next have a window, Sandra?

What does the speaker want to find out?

We'll need to **touch base** soon.

What is the speaker suggesting?

Things are rather difficult at this moment in time.

Why would some people not like this expression?

We should have a meeting on a weekly basis.

Does this sentence mean exactly the same as 'We should have a meeting every week'?

31.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









31.3 Complete each idiom.

- 1 I don't know what to advise. The only solution is to it and see.
- 3 We've tried all the obvious solutions. Now we'll have to try thinking outside the
- 4 The two managers have become serious rivals, and the gloves are
- 5 In the business world, it's a matter of dog eat
- 6 There is a need for more joined-..... thinking from our managers.
- 7 It's a very difficult situation. We're between a and a hard place.
- 8 Some of his ideas are very innovative. They really push the

31.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Do you have any points that you would like us to discuss today?
- 2 We need to prove that our products are the most up-to-date if we are to stay competitive.
- 3 They've been working all hours of the day and night to complete the project.
- 4 The truth is that our previous advertising campaign was not as successful as we had hoped.
- 5 I have some time when we could meet on Thursday afternoon if that suits you.
- 6 They chose Mark for the job because he had everything they were looking for.

A People's financial circumstances

Alex:	If this business idea is as successful as we think it'll be, we'll be quids in for a change.		the Section of Contract of Con	t; <i>quid</i> is a colloquial und sterling (informal
Sam:	Yes, we'll be laughing all the way to the bank.	[ma	king a lot	of money easily]
Alex:	And it will be so easy too – it really will be money for old rope.		ney that i	
Lee:	I'd love to get a job with a decent salary. I'm tired of living on a shoestring.	[livi	ng on ver	y little money]
Kumiko:	Me too. It would be great to be rolling in it , wouldn't it?	[hav	ve lots of	money (informal)]
Paula:	Since my husband lost his job, I'm the breadwinner in my family.	[person who earns the money the family needs]		
Maria:	Really? Well, I guess I bring home the bacon in my family too.	[earn the money the family lives on (informal)]		
Kallum:	Could you lend me 20 pounds?			
Phil:	Sorry, mate, I'm a bit strapped for cash at the moment.	[don't have enough money]		
Dave:	That singer's ex-wife – you know the one I mean – she took him to the cleaner's when they got divorced. He's ruined!			much money n as she could]
Beth:	I know. She's so greedy, isn't she? She would sell her own grandmother / mother.		1774	do anything to get (informal)]
Laura:	I can't believe you've bought a new car! We can't afford to throw money down the drain.		[waste i	money]
Tim:				[being sold very
				cheaply]

B How people use money

Enter our rags to riches¹ competition!

Are you tired of **scrimping and saving**² in order to **make ends meet**³?

Fed up with **paying over the odds**⁴ for things and **penny-pinching**⁵ all the time?

Are you always on the lookout for **cheap and cheerful**⁶ things that **won't break the bank**⁷?

Would you like to feel you had money to burn8?

Then enter our competition for a chance to win £10,000 and a **no-expense-spared**⁹ weekend in Paris.

All you have to do is ...



¹ from poverty to wealth ² living very economically ³ have just enough money to pay for the things you need ⁴ paying more than something is worth ⁵ spending as little money as possible ⁶ cheap but good or enjoyable ⁷ don't cost a lot ⁸ excess money ⁹ luxury; a lot of money is spent to make it good

32.1 Complete each idiom.

1	Working as a security guard is money	, unless someone actually			
	tries to break in.				
2	He went from, but	, but he was always afraid he'd end up			
	poor again.				
3	A lot of students find it difficult to	and end up borrowing money			
	from the bank or from their parents.				
4	When I was a student, I was always cash, so I had to get part-time jobs.				
5	He's completely immoral about financial matters.	He would			
6	He sued the newspaper for libel, won his case and took them				
7	They set up a social networking website. It was an instant success, and now they're laughing				
8	Why do I work so hard and such long hours? Well, someone has to bring				
9	Jessie paid me for that job I did last week, so I'm				
0	I bought a new guitar at the weekend. It was going only £80.	g for a at			

32.2 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 In the current financial crisis, people are finding it harder to make ends match.
- 2 I'm tired of living on a shoelace. I need to earn more money.
- 3 You should buy that old house it's going for a tune.
- 4 Spending money on ready-made meals is just throwing money down the hole.
- 5 Did you know he took his girlfriend to the Caribbean for a luxury holiday? He must be absolutely running in it.
- 6 We had lunch in a cheap and cheesy restaurant.
- 7 I know you love that dress, but it's so expensive. There's no point in paying over the evens for it it's just not worth it.
- 8 Why don't you buy her a bunch of flowers? It won't break the wallet.
- 9 Rachel is the main breadearner in our family.
- 10 I wish we had more money. I hate being so penny-picking all the time.

32.3 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 The prize is a luxury weekend in a London hotel. [SPARED]
- 2 Ivana is always going shopping. She must have a huge amount of money. [BURN]
- 3 Kim has never had much money. She has always had to live economically. [SCRIMP]
- 4 If you like children, babysitting is a very easy way to earn money. [ROPE]
- 5 Everyone has to go to work in order to earn enough to live on. [BACON]
- 6 You sold the car for £200 more than you paid for it, so you've made a good profit. [QUIDS]
- 7 Rosie has no principles when it comes to making money. [GRANDMOTHER]
- 8 I don't make much money, so I find it almost impossible to live on what I earn. [MEET]

32.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 What would you buy if you were rolling in it?
- 2 What would you stop buying if you felt strapped for cash?
- 3 Have you ever paid over the odds for something?
- 4 Have you ever bought anything that was going for a song?

A People in society

The table below shows some idioms used to describe people in relation to their roles in society.

idiom	example	meaning
a self-made man	Andrew Carnegie is the typical self-made man : he was born into a poor family but became one of America's richest men.	person who is rich and successful because they have worked hard, not because they were born into a rich family
the chattering classes	A lot of people find his books boring and pretentious, but he's really popular among the chattering classes.	educated people who enjoy discussing social, political and cultural issues
a second- class citizen	Pensioners often feel they are treated as second-class citizens by younger people.	someone treated as if they are less important than others in society
the grass roots	Football managers often go to smaller clubs to recruit new players from the grass roots .	ordinary people in a political or sporting organisation, not the leaders
the silent majority	I don't think their new policy represents the views of the silent majority .	the large number of people who do not express their opinions publicly
the (men in) grey suits	The men in grey suits have a lot to do if they are to win back public confidence in our banking system.	people in business or politics with a lot of influence or power, although they are not well known to the public
public enemy number one	Smoking has become public enemy number one since the introduction of the smoking ban.	something or someone that a lot of people dislike or disapprove of
new kid on the block	I've only been working here for a few weeks, so I really feel like the new kid on the block .	someone who is new in a place or organisation and has many things to learn about it (informal)

Power in society

В

Bob: Have you seen this newspaper article? It seems like all **the movers and shakers**¹ were at the president's post-election party: all those people who helped him **win by** a landslide².

Tim: Or at least helped **rig the election**³ if you believe what some of the papers say!

Bob: Who knows! Apparently his wife is **the power behind the throne**⁴, although she hates **being in the public eye**⁵.

Tim: Yes, I'm sure she pulls the strings⁶. She's popular with the grey vote⁷ too, I believe.
Bob: Oh well. It looks like there's another few years for Mr Big⁸ and his government on the gravy train⁹.

- ¹ the people with power and influence
- ² win by a very large majority
- ³ arrange an election in a dishonest way
- ⁴ someone with no official position in government or an organisation but who secretly controls it
- ⁵ being famous; written about in the media and seen on TV
- ⁶ is in control, often secretly

- ⁷ the vote of older people (You can also say 'grey pound', the spending power of older people.)
- 8 the most important person in a company or organisation (informal)
- ⁹ used to refer to a way of making money quickly, easily and often dishonestly, usually through your position in society

33.1 Match the words in the box to form five idioms from A opposite.

man	citizen	class	ses	roots	5	self-made	majority
second	l-class	grass	sile	nt	chat	tering	

33.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 33.1.

- from the public.

 2 It's time the ______ was heard, instead of the more vocal and aggressive minority.

- 5 If you are poor, you may sometimes think you are ain terms of access to university.

33.3 Answer these questions.

- 1 How do you feel if you are the new kid on the block?
- 2 What, or who, in your opinion, is public enemy number one?
- 3 What kind of people are in the public eye?
- 4 What kind of people make up the grey vote?

33.4 Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

- 1 Second-class citizens are the people with most influence in a society.
- 2 The gravy train refers to the big travel expenses which politicians can claim.
- 3 The chattering classes means very talkative people.
- 4 If you rig an election, you arrange it in a dishonest or criminal way.
- 5 If someone wins an election by a landslide, they win by just a small number of votes.

33.5 Complete each idiom.

- 2 I hate the way some politicians seem more interested in getting on the train than in helping ordinary people.
- 3 After a few days at your new school you won't feel like the new kid on the ______any more.
- 5 The owner of this TV company is the Mr of the media world.
- 6 Sunbathing is publicnumber one as far as doctors are concerned.

33.6 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Although Ollie receives all the media attention, his mother is really in control.
- 2 In the election, the Green candidate got far more votes than any other party.
- 3 Everyone suspects that the elections were not honestly won.
- 4 Mark has become very successful in business, despite starting out with nothing.
- 5 Journalists need to establish good contacts with the people who have influence in society.

A Eating and sleeping

idiom	example	meaning
square meal	You shouldn't just snack – try to have at least one square meal every day.	a proper meal with all the types of food your body needs
done to a turn	The meat is delicious. It's done to a turn .	perfectly cooked
eat like a pig	He has no table manners – he eats like a pig .	eats very greedily and unpleasantly (disapproving)
eat like a horse	She's quite thin, even though she eats like a horse.	eats a lot
eat like a bird	My grandmother's tiny, and she eats like a bird.	eats very little
burn the midnight oil	Try not to burn the midnight oil the night before an exam. It's best to get an early night.	work or study until very late at night
sleep on it	Don't decide now – sleep on it and see how you feel in the morning.	postpone making a decision until after a night's sleep
go / be out like a light	The little boy went out like a light as soon as he went to bed.	fell asleep very quickly
not lose sleep over sth	It was just a silly argument – I would n't lose any sleep over it.	not worry about

More daily life idioms

Jack: Hi, Tara. Haven't seen you for ages! How are things?

Tara: I've been really busy. In fact, I don't know whether I'm coming

or going¹!

Jack: Is that because of work?

Tara: Partly. But I've also got some friends staying with me this week. They're lovely, but they want to **go out on the town**² every

night. I'm exhausted!

Jack: But surely they could go out on their own?

Tara: Well, last night I suggested I give it a miss³, but they wouldn't

listen.

Jack: Sounds like they've outstayed their welcome⁴!

Tara: Yes, they have. And also we're so busy at work that I don't have time to eat lunch. I just have a sandwich **on the hoof**⁵.

There's not even a spare moment to **pass the time of day**⁶ with

colleagues. And I'm having a bad hair day today too!

Jack: Poor you! You just need to take each day as it comes⁸. We're having a difficult week too. We've got no electricity, so the flat's freezing, and we can't cook or have a hot shower. As you know, I like my creature comforts⁹, so I'm finding it really hard. We were lucky last night, though. We went out for a meal and the owner let us have it on the house¹⁰ because I once did a favour for him. Anyway, here's my train. See you soon. Bye.

because I once did a favour for him. Anyway, here's my train. See you soon. Bye.

¹ am unable to think clearly or decide what to do because there are so many things to deal with ² spend the evening in bars, restaurants or clubs ³ not take part (informal) ⁴ stayed longer than the host would like ⁵ while doing other things ⁶ have a short, informal conversation or chat ⁷ having a day when you feel that you look unattractive, especially because of your hair; often used humorously to describe a day when everything seems to go wrong (informal) ⁸ deal with things as they happen and not worry about the future; often used to describe recovering from an illness ⁹ physical comforts like a comfortable bed, hot water, food and warmth ¹⁰ given free by the business



Positive feelings

Look	at A oppo	Site. Matti ti	ne neg	ginning of each s	cure	ence v	ith its	enam	8.	
1 Do	n't worry.	There's no po	int los	sing any					а	like a light.
2 We	had a gre	at meal. The i	meat v	was done					b	meal every eveni
3 He	len has be	en up all nigh	nt burn	ning			百		С	sleep on it.
				nuch lunch. She e	ats				d	sleep over it.
		I was tired, b					H			like a pig.
		and tired if I								the midnight oil.
	1000			now – we need to	g V to		H			like a bird.
						ha.			-	to a turn.
				rants with him. He		LS	Ш		11	to a turn.
Comp	lete the	paragraph us	ing idi	ioms from the bo	x.	trative.	avilto 1	50/100		
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				e really missed his						
				er, he loved being						
				ent countries. He						
	ally too D	usy to eat a (3)	/							
				from street man	KHIS	Sam				
(4)				from street mar	kets	. Sam	15 11000	back a	LVVO	TR Duc 13
(4)				from street mar	kets	. Sam	15 110W	back a	t wo	TR Duc 13
(4) pla	nning his	next trip.				-		back a	t wo	WK Bucis
(4) pla	nning his	next trip.	th an i	idiom from the o		-		back a	t wo	11 Date 15
(4) pla Comp	nning his olete each How is y	next trip. I dialogue with the court new job g	th an i	idiom from the o	ppo	site p	age.	of the		yara O
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(4) pla Comp 1 A: B: 2 A: B: 3 A: B: 4 A:	How is y It's reall Are you Well, I w Do you Yes, let's	next trip. I dialogue with a dialogue	th an i going? t whet ng Lisa now l' some	idiom from the o	ppo with	n you? ub or t	age. wo on		lay r	
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(4) pla Comp 1 A: B: 2 A: B: 3 A: B: 4 A: B: 5 A: B: 6 A: B: 9 A: 10 A:	How is y It's reall Are you Well, I w Do you i Yes, let's Excuse i It's OK. Are you I was ho Shall we Sorry. I' Do you Not real How is y He's just Anythin Oh, notl I made a	dialogue with your new job go y busy! I don't enjoying having as at first, but fancy going to some t's	th an igoing? t wheting Lisa now l' s some n't cha e to ch m afra ch tod work. ighbou eling af	idiom from the o	with a cluffee ming yet to ble a cluffee when the cluffee we the cluffee when the cluffee with a cluffee when the cluffee with a cluffee when the cluffee with a cluffee wi	n you? ub or t toge r a sanc	wo on ther.	Saturd	lay r	night?

Successful events

Read these positive reviews about the arts and note the idioms.

It's difficult to get children interested in sculpture, but the special exhibition at the City Gallery hits exactly the right note¹.

Wilma Gore's performance of Beatles songs went down a treat² with the family audience at the Priory Theatre last night.

The Tara Dance Festival went with a swing³ this year, with a wide variety of fun events.

Everyone entered into the spirit of 4 things at the opening of the museum by dressing up as their favourite historical characters

Coldplay have certainly hit the jackpot⁵ with this, their third number one album.

The exciting dishes at the Hantown Food Festival certainly hit the spot⁶ with everyone.

Personal experiences

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to agree with the first speaker.

Tim:	Molly has entered that pop singer contest on TV, The Nation's Best.
Daisy:	I know, she's really got stars in her eyes, hasn't she! [is very excited about the future and thinks she's going to be famous]
Gina:	The new album by Adele is absolutely amazing! Just fantastic!
Eva:	Yeah, it really blew my mind the first time I heard it! [made me feel extremely excited or surprised (informal)]
Ciaran:	Congratulations on getting the job in Italy. You always wanted that, didn't you?
Fran:	Yes, it's a dream come true! I can't believe my luck. [something that happened, although it was not likely that it would]
Lily:	Steve seems so happy ever since he passed his exams.
Ana:	Yes, he's been on a high ever since he got the news, hasn't he? [been feeling very happy and excited (informal)]
Ben:	Hugo seems so happy and contented now that he's married, doesn't he?
Lisa:	Yes, he's as happy as Larry. [very happy indeed (informal)]
Theo:	William seems very happy today. I wonder why.
Natasha:	Yes, he seems to be full of the joys of spring ! [very happy indeed]
Dan:	The boss has said we can all go home early today!
Hilda:	Wow, that's music to my ears . Great news! [makes me feel happy]
Stefano:	Osvaldo is always so happy and never seems to worry about anything!
Fred:	Yes, he's such a happy-go-lucky person. [someone who is always happy and never worries]

 $^{^{1}}$ is suitable and has the right effect (You can also say 'strike the right note'.) 2 was enjoyed by everyone very much ³ was successful and exciting ⁴ showed that they were happy to be there ⁵ been very successful (and probably made a lot of money) 6 tasted good and made everyone satisfied

35.1 Complete each idiom from A opposite.

- 3 That apple pie you made went down with our dinner guests.
- 4 We were freezing, so she gave us some hot chocolate to drink it really spot.
- 5 Everyone was in a happy mood and entered ______ the fancy-dress ball.

35.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









35.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 After winning the race, I was <u>feeling extremely excited</u> for the rest of the day.
- 2 The decision to cancel the rugby match <u>was very good news to me</u>. I hadn't been looking forward to it at all.
- 3 Meeting the president was something I had always dreamt of, and now it was real.
- 4 Shona was looking very happy this morning. Something good must have happened.
- 5 George is <u>dreaming of becoming famous</u> he's joined a rock band and given up his job.

35.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Sam Bagg's new album filled me with amazement and excitement. [BLEW]
- 2 My sister is such a happy and easy-going person. [LUCKY]
- 3 Iris is incredibly happy today! [SPRING]
- 4 He's so very happy in his new job. [LARRY]
- 5 This new series of adventure novels is just perfect for a teenage audience. [STRIKE]

35.5 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 The music festival went on a swing, and a lot of money was raised for charity.
- 2 The song we wrote for the end-of-course party went as a treat for all the teachers.
- 3 My cousin's got a star on her eye ever since her music teacher told her she could be famous one day.
- 4 Edward is such a happy-lucky person; he never worries about anything.

Over to you

Look in a good dictionary or visit Cambridge Dictionaries Online and find at least one idiom referring to positive feelings based on each of these words: *content*, *cheerful*, *moon*.

A

Anger

Chewing gum in class really **rattles** my teacher's **cage**⁶! People who are rude to waiters make my blood boil¹!

People who talk loudly on their mobiles on the train make me **see red**²!

Mum **almost burst a blood vessel**⁵ when she saw my brother fighting on the street.

What makes people angry?

People who drive too closely behind me make me all hot and bothered³!

Phone calls from people trying to sell me things I don't want really **get my goat**⁴!

¹ make me very angry ² get angry ³ angry and worried (informal) ⁴ irritate me (informal) ⁵ got very angry (informal) ⁶ makes sb angry (This idiom is often used to describe someone who has been made angry on purpose.)

B (

Other negative feelings

idiom	example	meaning
knock sb for six	Losing his job has knocked John for six .	shocked or upset him very much (informal)
wild horses couldn't make me	Wild horses couldn't make me have a filling at the dentist's without an injection.	I would never
have a sinking feeling	I had forgotten to do my homework, so I had a sinking feeling when my teacher asked for it.	felt that something bad was about to happen
down in the dumps	Katy has been down in the dumps since she failed her exam.	miserable (informal)
not be your bag / not be your thing	Playing cards is not my bag / not my thing . It's really boring!	is not something I am interested in or like (informal)
wouldn't give sth house room	The new government wouldn't give house room to those outdated policies.	don't like or approve of
kick yourself	I could kick myself for forgetting my sister's birthday.	am very cross with myself because I did something stupid
reduce to tears	Her brother's unkind words reduced her to tears .	made her cry
be a bundle of nerves	Amy was a bundle of nerves before her wedding.	was extremely nervous (informal)
run out of patience	I'm running out of patience with these naughty children.	am beginning to feel annoyed

Language help

Help yourself remember these idioms by writing sentences about situations where you experienced the feelings they describe.

36.1	Correct the mistakes in these idioms from A opposite.						
	 Dad almost split a blood vessel when I told him I'd de Lucy felt all warm and bothered after having to push Dave saw black when he heard the boy speak so rud You're in a bad temper today. What's rattled your boy What Lily said to her mother really made my water b It really gets my dog when you say such stupid thing 	her way onto the train. ely to Maddie. <br oil.					
36.2	Complete the idioms. What idiom would you use if y	ou felt					
	 1 very nervous? 'I'm a 2 unhappy? 'I feel 3 apprehensive? 'I 4 impatient? 'I'm 5 upset? 'The argument I had with my best friend has 6 unwilling to do something? ' 	today.' about this exam.' with that incompetent company.'					
36.3	Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending	g.					
	1 Going to the opera isn't my	a six.					
	2 I wouldn't give that artist's work	b boil.					
	3 On rainy days I often feel down in the	c feeling.					
	4 People dropping litter makes my blood	d bothered.					
	5 Oliver's rudeness made me see	e bag.					
	6 Not getting the job has knocked Ben for	f house room.					
	7 Losing his keys made Tom all hot and	g dumps.					
	8 When the phone rang, I had a sinking	h red.					
36.4	Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using	the word in brackets.					
	 Selfish behaviour makes me very angry. [BOIL] The film's sad ending made Jess cry. [TEARS] Cruelty to animals makes me very angry. [RED] I am going to get angry soon with James. [PATIENCE My brother's laziness makes me very angry. [GOAT] I was angry with myself for missing the train. [KICKE What's made Paul so annoyed? [CAGE] I shouldn't let him make me so angry. [BOTHERED] Long walks in the countryside are not the sort of th Your father will be furious if you say you're dropping 	D] ing that appeals to me. [BAG]					
36.5	Complete these sentences so that they are true for y	ou.					
	1	e to tears. house room. at. ag.					
	o minimum kilocked ili						

A Problems with situations

Matt: How are things at work these days, Nadia?

Nadia: It's a nightmare¹. I took my eye off the ball² when I was trying to negotiate an

important deal and managed to lose quite a bit of money.

Matt: Can't you sweep it under the carpet³?

Nadia: Well, I did wonder about that, but decided I'd just have to own up to making a pig's

ear of 4 it.

Matt: Was your boss angry?

Nadia: Very! He said I was losing my touch⁵. It was quite a slap in the face⁶ because I've

brought in lots of good business until now.

Matt: So are you thinking of looking for another job?

Nadia: That was my first reaction, but I've thought about it again in the cold light of day⁷,

and I think it might be better to stay there for a bit and try to make up for it.

Matt: Well, I'm sure you'll be able to do that without any problems.

Nadia: I certainly hope so. I'd hate to feel I'd really lost the plot8.

¹ is terrible (informal) ² lost concentration ³ hide what happened ⁴ doing something very badly (informal) ⁵ losing my previous skill ⁶ hurtful; upsetting ⁷ later, when feeling calmer ⁸ gone crazy

Problems with people



Dear Zena,

I work in the same office as my sister. We get on well, but she is very jealous of me. I have now been offered a promotion, which would mean earning a much higher salary than her. If I accept it, it will really put her nose out of joint¹. However, I'm in over my head² with debt just now, and if I don't accept the job I will be in a tight corner³ financially. I can't see the wood for the trees⁴ at the moment, so please help me. What do you think I should do?

Emma

Dear Zena,

I'm getting married next month, but it's all going wrong! The venue where we wanted to get married has cancelled our booking. This has really **pulled the rug from under our feet**⁵, as it's too late to find somewhere else. My fiancé's brother is also refusing to come. I think he's trying to **settle a score**⁶ after a big argument they had last year, but it's very upsetting. And now my dress is too small! This is just the latest thing in a **chapter of accidents**⁷. Is this a sign that our marriage won't work? Should I just cancel the wedding?

Megan

¹ upset or offend her by getting something she wanted

² in a difficult situation that I can't deal with

³ in a difficult position (You can also say 'in a tight spot'.)

⁴ am unable to understand a situation because I am too involved in it

⁵ done something that causes difficulties for us, or suddenly taken away help or support from us

⁶ punish someone for something they did in the past and that you cannot forgive

⁷ a series of unlucky events

37.1 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom from A opposite.

- 1 When children help you cook, you can't take your eye off the [TV / car / ball].
- 2 You're refusing to speak to her now, but I suspect you'll feel differently in the cold [time / air / light] of day.
- 3 I really don't want to make a speech at my friend's wedding I'm sure I'll make a total [pig's / dog's / cow's] ear of it.
- 4 Trying to park in town was an absolute [nightfall / nightcap / nightmare] this morning.
- 5 Dan's behaving very strangely. Do you think he's finally lost the [map / plot / plan]?

Which idioms do these pictures make you think of? 37.2







37.3 Match the beginning of each sentence with its ending.

1	I'm not making as many sales as I used to. I must be losing my	a	corner.
2	I don't know why Bill is still so determined to settle a	b	accidents.
3	I wonder if you could help me out of a tight	С	the ball.
4	His neighbours' new car certainly put Ted's nose out of	d	touch.
5	He realised he'd made a terrible mistake in the cold light of	е	score with Jack
6	No one in this business can afford to take their eye off	f	day.
7	There have been problems all week – it's just been a chapter of	g	the trees.
8	Stand back from the problem so you can see the wood for	h	joint.
A	gree with what A says. Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opp	osi	te page.

37.4

1 A: This job is really much too difficult for us now. B: I agree. We're in 2 A: Selina has upset Gemma by going out with her ex-boyfriend. B: I know, it's really 3 A: It will be impossible to hide our mistake. B: Yes, there's no point trying to 4 A: That singer's nothing like as popular as he used to be. B: You're right, I think he's 5 A: We need to get away for a while and think about the situation more clearly. B: Good idea. At the moment we 6 A: I keep forgetting things recently. B: Me too. I feel like I'm 7 A: You have to concentrate all the time in this job. B: You're right. You can't

8 A: He's got himself into a very difficult position now financially.

B: Yes, he's

A Having an argument

- A: I'm having difficulty working with Ronan at the moment the venue for the training course has become a real **bone of contention**¹ between us.
- **B:** I know what you mean he's always got a **bone to pick**² with people. Even when we've all agreed something, he'll decide he wants to **argue the toss**³. It's really frustrating.
- A: Yes, exactly! At the last meeting we'd discussed the venue and all agreed on The Grand, so I booked it.

 Then yesterday he started **picking holes in**⁴ the hotel, saying it wasn't good enough. That really **put** the cat amongst the pigeons⁵!
- **B:** Oh no! I don't understand why it's become such a **sticking point**⁶. I would have thought it's obvious that changing the venue at this stage is **out of the question**⁷.

 1 something which causes a lot of disagreement 2 something you want to talk about because you are annoyed 3 to keep disagreeing with something that is already decided (disapproving) 4 to find mistakes or problems in something 5 to do something that causes a lot of trouble for other people 6 a subject which two sides in an argument cannot agree on 7 impossible or not allowed

Reacting to an argument

Hope for peace as government and rebels find common ground¹

President puts her foot down² with new energy minister

Unions stand their ground3 on 2% wage increase

Ministers told to toe the line⁴ on foreign policy

Chairman put in his place⁵ as shareholders reject pay rises for board members

C Moving on

example	meaning
After all the difficulties in the department last week, we've just had a meeting to clear the air .	to make bad feelings or disagreements disappear
Although I personally still don't agree with the new office layout, I'm going to let sleeping dogs lie.	to ignore a bad situation from the past because you don't want new problems
The prime minister held out an olive branch to the opposition by offering them more power in the new coalition government.	to do or say something to show that you want an argument to end
Tara and I had a lot of arguments last year, but it's all water under the bridge now.	a problem or disagreement which happened in the past but that no one is upset about any longer
After a very public disagreement last week, the two ministers have agreed to let bygones be bygones and work together to support the proposal.	to forget about a disagreement or unpleasant situation and move on

¹ topics or areas which the two sides can agree on ² to use your authority to tell someone they must (not) do something ³ to refuse to change your opinion or position when others try to persuade you to ⁴ to do what someone orders or expects you to do (also spelt *tow the line*) ⁵ to let someone know they are not as important as they think they are

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Exercises

Journalism

39

38.1 Which idiom does the picture remind you of?



2





38.2 Use the idioms from 38.1 to complete these sentences.

- 1 My mum was pretty easy-going about mess, but I remember sheand said no when we wanted to fill the bath with mud!
- 2 We'd already agreed the schedule when the board asked us to bring the dates forward and that
- 3 We had a lot of disagreements when we were at school together, but I'm hoping that's all
- 4 The packaging for the new shower gel is a real between the marketing department and the production team. They both want completely different designs.

38.3 Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If someone says something is out of the question, they mean a) it's a good idea b) they're not sure about it c) they won't consider it.
- 2 A sticking point in a negotiation is a) something which is difficult to agree on b) something which everyone agrees on c) a compromise.
- 3 If you have a discussion to clear the air after an argument you a) don't want to apologise b) want to create a good atmosphere c) don't want to discuss a difficult subject.
- 4 If somebody picks holes in your suggestion, they a) find a lot of faults with it b) partly agree with it c) don't want to discuss it with you.
- 5 If someone has a bone to pick with you, they want to a) move on after an argument b) talk about something you have done which has annoyed them c) stop you from doing something.
- 6 If you stand your ground in a discussion, you a) refuse to change your opinion b) say something in order to cause trouble c) find something you can agree on with the other side.

38.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets

- 1 Sylvia is very difficult to work with. She always disagrees with every decision. [Toss]
- 2 Although the negotiations were difficult, we managed to find some areas where we agreed in terms of product development. [COMMON]
- 3 When I told my dad I was thinking of dropping out of university, he told me I was not allowed to.
- 4 A group of ministers refused to do what they were expected to do and voted against the latest tax bill. [TOE]
- 5 Somebody should really tell Rashid he's not as important as he thinks he is. He can't keep telling everyone what to do. [PLACE]
- 6 After our disagreement, I wanted to forget about the situation and move on, but Emma still seemed very angry with me. [BYGONES]

39 Journalism

There are many expressions in English which are frequently used in journalism but are rarely used in other contexts. This kind of idiomatic language is sometimes called *journalese*.

A Newspaper articles about politics

Marathon talks¹ come to an end

Several weeks of lengthy talks are coming to an end, and planners are now almost certain to be given the go-ahead² to build a new housing estate on what is now North Park.

PM fighting for his political life³

The prime minister is facing increasing problems today, amid mounting calls⁴ for his resignation. Many say he has blood on his hands⁵ after the number of civilian deaths in the recent war.

Eleventh-hour⁶ agreement reached

Management and unions have at last managed to hammer out⁷ a possible agreement on wages. If, and it's a big if⁸, the final contract is not signed today, workers plan to strike next week.

A newspaper article about war

Vorinland attacked

The war-torn country¹ of Vorinland has been further plunged into chaos² by a series of cross-border raids from the Sornak Republic, which took place under cover of darkness³ last night. A number of bloody confrontations⁴ have resulted in warehouses near the border being **engulfed in flames**⁵. The situation has brought an end to the **uneasy peace**⁶ which the two countries had been experiencing for the last few weeks. The immediate motive for the raids is as yet shrouded in mystery⁷, but one theory is that it was a last-ditch attempt⁸ to sabotage the peace negotiations currently underway. The international community has appealed for calm.

Language help

To find more examples of journalese, type "journalese" into a search engine, e.g Google. You should find both idioms and other language characteristic of modern journalism.

¹ very long talks ² get permission ³ in danger of losing his position ⁴ with more and more people asking ⁵ is responsible for the death of someone or something ⁶ last-minute ⁷ reach (also collocates with other nouns, for example *deal*, *treaty* and *compromise*) ⁸ used to emphasise that something is not certain

¹ country which has suffered a lot as a result of war ² put into an extremely difficult situation

 $^{^3}$ protected by the fact that it was dark 4 violent acts of conflict 5 set alight 6 peace that is not stable

⁷ not known 8 a final try (also collocates with other nouns, for example challenge and effort)

40 Advertisins

39.1	Read the headlines. Are the statements below true or false? If they	are false, say why.
------	---	---------------------

1 City mayor fighting for his political life

The mayor is going through a successful period.

2 New road link given the go-ahead

The new road link will be built.

3 Eleventh-hour agreement to save battleship

The agreement to save the battleship was made in plenty of time.

4 Court finds man has blood on his hands

The court found the man guilty.

Ministers determined to hammer out agreement

The ministers want to come to an agreement.

Marathon talks end in failure

The talks were brief.

39.2 Complete each idiom.

1	shrouded	mystery	
2	engulfed	flames	
		cover	darknes
4	plunged	chaos	

39.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 39.2.

- 1 The forest fires resulted in some entire villages being

5 hammer an agreement

- 3 It will not be easy for the two sides to
- 4 The reasons for the bank manager's disappearance are still
- 5 The power cuts _____ the whole area ____

39.4 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

- 1 Jessica Matthews, the British actor, has agreed to take the part if, and it's a [big / strong / hard] if, she gets the co-star she has requested.
- 2 Amid [rising / climbing / mounting] calls for his resignation, the president has not been seen in public today.
- 3 The [handy / bloody / hearty] confrontations show no sign of coming to an end.
- 4 There is now an [uncomfortable / unpleasant / uneasy] peace in the area.
- 5 The councillor is fighting [for / over / to] his political life.
- 6 There is growing evidence that the CEO himself has [dirt / mud / blood] on his hands.
- 7 The directors are making a [last-time / last-line / last-ditch] attempt to save the company.
- 8 It is a [war-worn / war-torn / war-broken] country, with problems of poverty and disease.

39.5 What images do these words make you think of? Why do you think journalists like such images?

1 engulfed

3 shrouded

5 eleventh-hour

2 plunged

4 last-ditch

6 war-torn

A

Idioms to convince people life can be better

Advertisements often claim that products will improve your life or give you special and exciting experiences, and so they use idioms connected with that theme.

The cruise ship *Ocean Comet* offers luxury **beyond your wildest dreams**¹. Holiday in style with our exclusive 21-day winter cruises. Go on, **do yourself the world of good**² and book now at cometeruiser.com.

Mary Wilkes has a glass of *Corngrass* health drink every day. 'Drinking Corngrass has **taken years off me**³,' she says. At 85, Mary still believes in **living life to the full**⁴, and with Corngrass, she does.

In a world where it's getting more and more difficult to **stand out from the crowd**⁷, the top-of-the-range Vedra 2000 **beats** other cars in its class **hands down**⁸. *Vedra* – love to be different.

'We tried every kind of holiday, but they never quite **hit the mark**⁹,' said Ben Stax. 'Then we discovered *Jetaway*. There's **a world of difference**¹⁰ between a normal airline and one that takes care of you from the moment you leave your house.'

The Vestbook 3800T is a laptop that is truly **ahead of its time**⁵. Less than 500 g in weight, it **packs an** impressive **punch**⁶ with its super-fast Pandros processor.

- ¹ more than you could ever imagine or wish for
- ² make yourself feel much healthier or happier
- ³ made me look and feel much younger
- ⁴ experiencing as many good things as possible in life
- ⁵ has already got features other products will not have for a long time yet
- ⁶ is impressively powerful
- ⁷ be different from and better than others so that everyone notices you
- 8 is superior to other cars of its class
- ⁹ were never successful
- ¹⁰ a very big difference (usually with between)

R

Idioms and wordplay in advertisements

Advertisers often play with idioms to make a greater impact, for example by basing the names of products and services on idioms to make them more memorable. Here are some examples from recent advertisements. The products and services are shown in the pictures. **See Unit 6 for more information on playing with idioms.**





Selling your house was a smart move². Now let us do the hard work.

Johnston Removals Ltd

There's no time like the present³ ... and we have the perfect gift for everyone



This week only – free gift wrapping at Lennards

¹ come clean means 'tell the truth', usually about something bad that has been kept secret; the Dustbattler 206 *cleans* carpets ² a smart move is a wise or clever action; removal companies help people *move* to a new home ³ said if you think it is a good idea to do something immediately; a *present* is a gift

Formal writing

40.1	Complete each idiom from A opposite.				
		fferenceeconomy class and business class			
	when you fly long distance.				
		ne that beats other games Available now at			
	all good toy shops.				
		e petrol for life? There are prizes beyond your			
	in our new super-lotto competiti	music playeran impressive			
	, with great				
		, why not try our new online home-cookery			
	course at www.foodstermania.co	om?			
40.2	Agree with what A says. Complete	e each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.			
	1 A: The first hotel was dirty and	noisy. The second one was beautiful and really luxurious.			
	B: Yes, there was a world	them.			
	2 A: Our Caribbean cruise was group B: Yes, it did us	eat. We came home feeling absolutely wonderful.			
	3 A: Jake loves meeting new peo				
	B: Yes, he certainly lives	•			
		incredibly powerful – look how clean the floor is now!			
	B: Yes, it certainly packs	get a job in the theatre. There are so many good actors looking for			
	jobs.	When Virginia Profiles, English is because Income, / not the			
	B: Yes, it must be very hard to stand out these days.				
		ne had a facelift? She looks so much younger.			
	B: Yes, it's taken	I think I might have one done myself!			
40.3		idiom would be best suited to advertise using			
	wordplay? Choose the correct an	swer and say wny.			
	idiom	products			
	1 a smart move	a) a hair dryer b) an electronic chess game c) a lamp			
	2 there's no time like the present	a) a watch b) a scarf c) a computer game			
	3 come clean	a) a mobile phone b) perfume c) washing powder			
40.4	Match the advertising slogans on the left (which all contain idioms) with the companies, products or services on the right.				
	1 PRESENT PERFECT	a an airline with beds in its first-class cabin			
	2 PHOTOGRAPHIC MEMORY	b a new gift shop			
	3 QUALITY TIME	c an exhibition of pictures of a village taken 100 years ago			
	4 SLOWLY BUT SURELY	d a new range of luxury watches			
	5 FLAT OUT TO NEW YORK	e a cookery course to encourage people to stop eating			
	3 TEAT OUT TO NEW TORK	fast food			
	Over to you	On the one hand I On the other hand do not pres			
		d make a note of any idioms used in them, especially any			
	which involve wordplay.	a make a note of any fallonis used in arein, especially any			
		ALM IN THE REAL PROPERTY CONTROL OF TAXABLE PARTY.			

41 Formal writing

Accurate and fluent formal writing is important in advanced-level exams. This unit presents some expressions to help you organise your arguments and ideas in an essay.

A Structuring an argument

First and foremost is a more emphatic form of *first*: **First and foremost**, it must be emphasised that there are several reasons for this change.

On balance, by and large and in the main are used to draw a conclusion after evaluating several different facts or opinions: On balance / By and large / In the main, the general public seems to be in favour of the proposal.

On no account is an emphatic way of saying *not*. Remember to invert the subject and verb when the phrase is used at the beginning of a sentence: **On no account** should their conclusions be accepted. Their conclusions must **on no account** be accepted.

On the one hand and **on the other hand** are used to present two contrasting ways of looking at the same problem: **On the one hand**, there is some published evidence to support the theory. **On the other hand**, that evidence has been questioned by some recent studies.

Last but not least is used to emphasise that even though something is mentioned last, it is still important: **Last but not least**, the impracticalities of the proposal created many problems.

In the final / last analysis is used to emphasise that you are talking about what is most important or true in a situation: In the final analysis, although this is an innovative idea, it is not one that we can consider.

Indicating relationships between ideas or events

The **conventional wisdom**¹ is that only children can learn a second language to a really high level. Many people claim that a good adult language learner is **a contradiction in terms**². Young children can be excellent language learners, but that is **not the whole picture**³. Adult learners can also master a language. My brother is **a case in point**⁴. He learnt perfect Arabic when he was 30. However, adults, **as a matter of course**⁵, have more difficulties than children with pronunciation.

¹ something that people generally believe is true when in fact it is often false ² an expression that is confusing because the words in it seem to have opposite meanings ³ not taking all the facts into consideration ⁴ an example of something just described ⁵ describes what normally happens or what is normally done.

A recently published Ministry of Education document **points the way**¹ to more teaching of languages at primary schools. This document **sets the stage**² for radical changes in language teaching. However, this **begs the question**³ as to how enough teachers will be found to teach second languages to young learners. Some changes in teacher training are about to be **set in motion**⁴, and it is hoped that these will **open the door to**⁵ more successful language teaching.

Language help

On the one hand / On the other hand do not present two arguments for the same position but are used to present two contrasting ways of looking at the same problem:

On the one hand, I find life in the country less stressful than living in the city. On the other hand, I do miss theatres and cinemas.

¹ suggests how something might be done in a better way ² makes something more likely to happen

³ causes you to ask a particular question ⁴ started ⁵ let something new start

Advising and warning

41.1	Complete	each idio	m from A	opposite.
------	----------	-----------	----------	-----------

1	last but not	4	and large
2	balance	5	no account
3	first and	6	in the final / last

41.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 41.1. There may be more than one possible answer.

1	1	should we forget the history behind this conflict.
2		doctors must trust their own judgement.
3	I can see both arguments, butthe school-leaving age.	I am in favour of extending
4		", we must give a definition of family law before we can
	apply it to the case in question.	
5		", let us consider the role of the media in this debate.
6		the writer uses traditional poetic style.

41.3 Choose the correct idiom.

- 1 Liberal right-wing policies sound like [received wisdom / a contradiction in terms].
- 2 [On no account / In the main], I approve of the government's approach.
- 3 The reform [begs the question of / opens the door] to an eventual solution of the problem.
- 4 Once the papers are signed, this legal process is [set the stage / set in motion].
- 5 [As a matter of course / Last but not least], large companies outperform smaller companies. This is only to be expected.
- 6 People who fail at school often succeed in later life. Einstein is [a case in point / not the whole picture].
- 7 The research [points the way / sets the stage] to a future cure for the disease.
- 8 Saying that boys achieve less at school does not give [a contradiction in terms / the whole picture].
- 9 Advocating equal opportunity for all [points the way to / begs the question of] how this can be achieved.
- 10 [On the one hand / On no account], international law exists to protect people from the power of states. [On balance / On the other hand], it can also restrict states from exercising their power to protect the interests of their own people.

41.4 Here are some errors made with idioms by candidates in advanced-level exams. Can you correct them? Looking up the word in brackets in a good idioms dictionary should help you find the correct idiom.

- 1 The new building stands out like a sore finger. [THUMB]
- 2 An interesting painting caught my eyeballs. [EYE]
- 3 It's hard to keep up with government policy, as it seems to choose and change all the time. [CHOP]
- 4 Business success often goes in pair with good working conditions. [HAND]

Over to you

Find an article relating to your studies. For example, if you study science, you could choose an article from the *New Scientist* website at www.newscientist.com. Can you find any examples of idioms? If so, note them down in sentences to show them in context.

Changing people's attitudes or behaviour

You've been behaving very badly. It's time to turn over a new leaf1 and start behaving responsibly.

Well, if you're bored with your job, maybe it's time to ring the changes2 and look for something new.

You'll never pass your exams if you don't work hard. You need to put your shoulder to the wheel³ and start studying.

My advice to you is to reach for the stars4. You can achieve anything you want.

If I were you, I'd think twice5 before taking the job. It doesn't seem very well paid.

You keep saying you want to give to charity, but now it's time to put your money where your mouth is⁶!

Don't assume you're going to get into university. Buying all your books before you get a place is tempting fate7.

If you no longer want to marry Sandra, you need to bite the bullet8 and tell her.

¹ start behaving better ² make something more interesting by changing it in some way ³ make an effort and work hard 4 try to achieve your ambitions or something that is very difficult (You can also say 'reach for the moon'.) 5 think carefully before making a decision (You can also say 'think long and hard'.) ⁶ do something practical about something you believe in, especially give money ⁷ causing bad luck for yourself by talking or acting too confidently about something 8 force yourself to do something difficult or unpleasant

Other idioms connected with advising and warning

example	meaning
Be careful what you say! I wouldn't stick my neck out if I were you.	give an opinion which others might not like or which others are afraid to give
I really think you are on thin ice when you criticise your manager so strongly.	are taking a risk (You can also say 'be skating on thin ice'; always used in the continuous form.)
Let's just agree with the plan. We don't want to upset the apple cart.	cause trouble or spoil people's plans
I can't help you financially. I know things are difficult, but you'll just have to tough it out .	face a difficult situation without changing your plans or opinions
It's great that you want to start your own business, but don't bite off more than you can chew.	try to do more than you are able to
Don't worry about paying for your university studies. We'll cross that bridge when we come to it.	face that problem when it happens, not now
Business is not looking good. We have to trim our sails and be more realistic about our costs.	spend less money

Telling stories

42.1 Look at A opposite. Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?



42.2 Complete each sentence with an idiom from the opposite page.

- 1 The club needs money desperately. Charlie says he wants to help, so he should
- 2 I know you don't want to tell her the bad news, but you have to
- 3 Come on, work harder! You have to ______!
- 4 The teacher told his students to be ambitious and to
- 5 You need to stop lying and be honest. It's time to

42.3 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

- 1 You should think [over / double / twice] before you give anyone your personal details.
- 2 I wouldn't upset [the apple cart / the fruit cart / the apple tree] at work. Just say you agree with your manager.
- 3 The company realised that it had to [change / tighten / trim] its sails because of the economic recession.
 - 4 Let's not book the holiday until Mum has had her operation and she's out of hospital. We don't want to [test / try / tempt] fate.
 - 5 It's going to be a difficult year for us financially, but we'll just have to tough it [out / through / over].
 - 6 You've been wearing the same boring old clothes for years. Come on, let's go shopping. It's time to ring [a change / the changes / the change]!

42.4 What could you say in these situations? Use the idioms in the box.

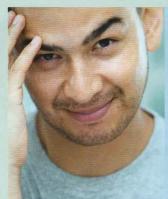
be (skating) on thin ice tough it out bite off more than you can chew stick your neck out

- 1 A friend buys an old, ruined house, then finds out it will cost a lot of money and take a lot of time to make it habitable.
- 2 A friend speaks out at a public meeting and gives an opinion that most people do not agree with. You think it was not a good idea to speak out in this way.
- 3 A friend is in financial difficulties and asks you to help, but you can't. You think he just has to accept his situation.
- 4 A classmate sends an email to your teacher containing a very strong criticism of her. You think the classmate is taking a big risk.

Over to you

A lot of idioms are based on parts of the human body (for example, *put your shoulder to the wheel* and *stick your neck out* in this unit). Find one more idiom for *shoulder* and one more for *neck* and record them in your vocabulary notebook.

A The office party



The office party was embarrassing, **to say the least**¹. It all went wrong **from the word go**², when I couldn't find the venue and was two hours late. I'd been at the company for only a week and didn't really know anybody there, so there was a lot **at stake**³ in terms of getting to know my new colleagues and making a good first impression. I started talking to someone who was, **to put it mildly**⁴, one of the most boring people I've ever met, so I escaped quickly and started talking to Alice, who I sit next to at work. I was complaining about the man I'd been talking to and noticed she had gone very quiet. **The penny dropped**⁵ when she said, 'He's my husband.' I later discovered that, **for good measure**⁶, he's also a director of the company. I can't believe I **dropped** such **a clanger**⁷.

- ¹ expression used to indicate that something is more serious or important than your words may suggest
- ² from the very start
- 3 to lose

- ⁴ expression used to describe something as more extreme than your words may suggest
- ⁵ I suddenly understood (informal)
- 6 in addition
- ⁷ said something very embarrassing

B Getting a job

I'm sure I got my job more by luck than judgement¹. My CV wasn't very good, to say nothing of² the disastrous interview. I nearly fell off my chair³ when they offered me the job, and I even got a company car into the bargain⁴. There's a lot to be said for⁵ not worrying about things until you know the final outcome.

C Other stories

John told me he'd won the lottery and for a split second¹ I believed him!

Between you and me², I think Kate's thinking of dropping out of university.

Guess who I bumped into on the way to work? Sara! It was a real bolt from the blue³. I've not seen her for years.

The exam looked really easy **at first glance**⁴, but it was actually really difficult, and I think I've failed.

They may seem a strange couple, but when all's said and done⁵, they're really happy together.

That's **a** real **turn-up for the books**⁶ – I just got a pay rise I wasn't expecting.

¹ by chance rather than skill

² and in addition there is / was

³ was extremely surprised

⁴ as well as other things mentioned

⁵ there's much in favour of

¹ for a very brief moment

² said when you are going to tell someone something confidential

³ was an unexpected and very surprising event

⁴ when you first look at it

⁵ said when you are about to say the most important fact in a situation

⁶ a strange or surprising event

Exercises along a salw of gnibnoges 9

43.1 Complete each idiom.

1	I felt at home in my new flat from the word
2	It took a while for the penny to, but eventually Joe realised I was joking.
	Kathy nearly fell off her when she saw a film star in her local restaurant.
4	For asecond I was afraid the car was going to crash.
5	He doesn't like spending money, toit mildly.
	Justyou and me, I'm thinking of applying for a new job.
7	Be careful what you say in the meeting – there's a lot at
	I dropped a
	died last week!

43.2 Answer these questions about the idioms on the opposite page.

- 1 Which two idioms talk about the beginning of something?
- 2 Which three idioms comment on something being surprising?
- 3 Which three idioms can be used to add extra information to other points mentioned?
- 4 Which idiom can be used to emphasise that you want to say something significant?
- 5 Which two idioms relate to chance and risk?

43.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 There are many advantages to working in an open-plan office.
- 2 Very briefly, I believed Tom when he said he was moving to Australia; then I realised he was joking.
- 3 Initially, the project seemed quite simple.
- 4 He passed his driving test first time, but I'd say it was <u>more thanks to good fortune than to any special ability</u>.
- 5 Don't tell anyone else, but I think Abbie and Mike may be going out together.
- 6 Their decision to marry <u>came as a complete surprise</u>.
- 7 It was, at best, a risky thing to do.
- 8 Both the brothers are very clever, as is their brilliant sister.

43.4 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 The party was fantastic delicious food, a great band and all my favourite people there for full measure.
- 2 She's pretty, clever and nice for the bargain.
- 3 When all's told and done, I think you made the right decision.
- 4 No one thought the film would be a success, so it was a real turn-up in the books when it won three Oscars.
- 5 I feel very nervous about this exam; there is a lot at the stake.
- 6 I didn't understand what he meant at first, but then the pound dropped.
- 7 We got on really well from the word start.
- 8 I think you were rather rude to her, to tell it mildly.

Over to you

Choose three idioms that you particularly want to learn from this unit. Look them up in an online dictionary, e.g. http://dictionary.cambridge.org/. Write down the example sentences you find there that use these idioms. Then write another example using the idioms in a context relevant to you.

The idioms in this unit are used mainly in informal spoken language or in informal writing, e.g. emails to friends. They are not used in formal speaking or writing.

A

Short responses

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to react to what the first speaker says.

- A: What's Joe doing these days?
- **B:** You may well ask! [when someone asks you about something which you think is strange, funny or annoying (humorous)]
- A: Do you think Rosie will come and help us tomorrow morning?
- **B:** Fat chance! She never gets up before ten o'clock! [you think this will definitely not happen]
- A: Did you know Nina's boyfriend was a basketball player?
- B: Actually, he's a volleyball player.
- A: Well, same difference. [you admit you were wrong, but think the difference is unimportant]
- A: Farah has an amazing job. She travels the world as some millionaire's personal assistant.
- B: Nice work if you can get it! [an easy job that you would like to have if you could]
- A: Teresa and Harry are bringing their four noisy kids and their dog when they come to stay.
- **B:** Oh, no! They're bad enough, but their kids and dog too? **That's all we need!** [something even worse will be added to an already bad situation]
- A: Petra has resigned. She's leaving at the end of the month.
- B: Well, good riddance, I say! I've never liked her. [you are pleased that someone or something you didn't has gone; you can also say 'good riddance to bad rubbish' (impolite)]
- A: Richard says he's going to move to Hollywood and become a famous film star.
- B: Oh, give me a break! He's the worst actor I've ever seen! [you don't believe what you have just heard]
- A: When shall we tell Lily the bad news?
- B: Well, there's no time like the present. [it's better to do something immediately rather than wait]

В

Reacting to news and events

- Maria: Hi, Tara. You know Kerry's split up with Matt? Well, the plot thickens¹ she's going out with James!
- Tara: I thought as much²! I saw them together this morning.
- Maria: What is the world coming to³? Matt's lovely! **Don't get me wrong**⁴, James is gorgeous, but he's not a very nice person, and he's really boring. He needs to **get a life**⁵!
- Tara: I know, it will all end in tears⁶! What does she see in him?
- Maria: You've got me there 7. Didn't you use to like him?
- **Tara:** Do me a favour⁸! I wouldn't trust him as far as I could throw him⁹. He cheated on his last girlfriend, you know.
- Maria: Fair enough¹⁰. I was only asking!
- **Tara:** Oh well. **Time will tell**¹¹ whether they stay together or not.

¹ something has happened to make a strange situation even stranger ² I thought so ³ said when you are shocked by events ⁴ said before you criticise someone, to make the criticism less severe ⁵ stop doing boring things and start doing exciting things ⁶ it will end badly ⁷ said when you don't know the answer to a question ⁸ said when you don't believe what someone has said or you disagree very much with it ⁹ I do not trust him at all ¹⁰ I accept your point of view ¹¹ the truth will become clear after a period of time



Exercises gnieengasib bna gnieengA

44.1	Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom from A opposite.				
	 A: We're already running late, and now I can't find the car keys! B: Well, that just makes a bad situation worse! A: You never know, we might win the lottery and become millionaires. B: Huh! I don't think that will ever happen! A: Felix says he's joining a rock band and is going to make a number one hit. B: Felix? Ha-ha! I don't believe a word of it! A: I wonder why Grace isn't going to work today. B: I also think this is strange. A: I hear Kelly has emigrated to New Zealand. B: I'm glad she's gone! I could never stand her. A: He ended the relationship by email, not text message. B: Well, the difference is not important. A: You need to tell your boss that you're resigning today. B: You're right. It's better to do it immediately. A: That film star gets paid ten million dollars per film. B: I wish I could make money in that easy way. 				
44.2	Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.				
	 If you say to someone 'You've got me there', you mean they have convinced you that they are right. If you tell someone to 'get a life', you mean they should find a life partner or marry. If you say 'the plot thickens', you mean that something has happened that makes a strange situation even stranger. If you say 'Nice work if you can get it', you mean you would hate to have to do that work. 				
44.3	Complete each idiom.				
	1 They may be enjoying themselves now, but in the long run it will all				
	2 It says here in the paper that children prefer playing computer games alone to playing with their friends. What is the world! 3 I think Tara's unreliable and a liar. I wouldn't trust her				
	5 The new manager may make a difference to the company, or he may fail. Only time				
	6 We should act now and not delay. There's no				
44.4	Match each statement with a suitable response.				
	1 So you're saying she's selfish? 2 Erik says he's been in a Hollywood movie. 3 I didn't invite her because she upset me. 4 What time did Granny say she was arriving? a You've got me there. I really can't remember. b Good riddance to bad rubbish! c Do me a favour! How absurd! d Well, there's no time like the present.				
	5 That useless manager got the sack. e No, don't get me wrong. That's not the problem.				
	6. Should we go and tell her now or later?				

45 Agreeing and disagreeing

A Agreeing

Maria doesn't approve of letting children eat sweets and chocolate, and her husband is **of the same mind / of like mind.** [has the same opinion]

The four people are all agreeing in an informal way with the woman in the centre.

You're not wrong!

Tell me about it!

I thought you didn't approve of people who drive cars to work instead of using public transport.



We're overworked and underpaid!

That's about the size of it!

You took the words right out of my mouth!

Well, yes, but if you can't beat 'em, join 'em!1

You must **be on message**² in anything you say to the press and express agreement with the party's position. We won't win the next election unless we're all **singing from the same hymn sheet**³.



¹ something that you say when you decide to do something bad because other people are getting an advantage from doing it and you cannot stop them (informal) ² support the official view of an organisation ³ saying the same things in public

B Disagreeing

Manager: The only choice is to introduce my plan for longer working hours. It'll increase our

productivity levels, which will be good for us all.

Adam: I beg to differ¹. I think the staff will get very tired, and that will reduce productivity.

Manager: There's a world of difference² between expecting people to work twelve hours a day and

asking them to occasionally work ten hours, which is all I'm asking.

Adam: Ten hours and fifteen minutes actually.

Manager: Now you're just splitting hairs³.

Adam: Well, you're at odds with⁴ your staff on this one. Everyone thinks you're barking up the

wrong tree⁵! They say that paying people more would be a far better way to increase

productivity.

Manager: Hey, I'm not exactly **a lone voice**⁶! Joanna, you backed my plan yesterday. **Joanna:** Yes, well, now **I'm torn**⁷. I'm **in two minds**⁸ as to whether it'd work or not.

Manager: Well, I'm sorry this note of discord9 has crept into our discussions. I know it's a difficult

decision to make. Tom, what do you think? You're usually good at **pouring oil on**

troubled waters¹⁰.

¹I disagree (formal) ² a big difference ³ arguing about whether unimportant details are exactly correct ⁴ have a different opinion from ⁵ trying to achieve something in the wrong way or being wrong about the reason for something (informal) ⁶ the only person with a specific opinion ⁷ I'm undecided ⁸ unable to decide ⁹ disagreement (formal) ¹⁰ calming down a difficult situation

45.1 Correct the mistakes in these idioms from A opposite.

- 1 A: I think we should go home now.
 - B: You took the sentence right out of my mouth.
- 2 A: This project is a total disaster, isn't it?
 - B: Yes, that's about the shape of it!
- 3 A: I think Jack is arrogant and rude.
 - B: Talk about it!
- 4 A: I think they were wrong to sack George just for being late a few times.
 - B: I think most of us are of the same meaning about that.
- 5 A: I'd never have expected to see you at a casino. I thought you didn't approve of gambling.
 - B: Well, in the end I thought, 'If you can't win 'em, join 'em.'

45.2 Complete each idiom.

- 2 Ryan's convinced he's right, but I think he's barking up the wrong
- 3 The CEO wants to ensure we're all singing from the same

- 6 Our normally friendly meetings have been spoilt by a note of recently
- 8 I don't know what to think. I'm in two

45.3 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

- 1 He certainly is a nasty person. You're not [untrue / wrong / false]!
- 2 When everyone else was ignoring the situation, Kate was a(n) [lone / only / alone] voice pointing out the danger we were in.
- 3 It's so hard to decide I'm really [worn / torn / broken] about what to do.
- 4 As twins, Una and I tend to be of [alike / similar / like] mind over most issues.
- 5 That politician is at [difference / minds / odds] with his party over their economic policy.
- 6 The company's spokespeople were briefed before talking to the press to ensure they were all on [note / tone / message].

45.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 There's a big difference between being poor and not having as much money as you'd like.
- 2 I have a different opinion from everyone else in my family about where we should go on holiday.
- 3 Please do all you can to calm things down. I hate it when people argue.
- 4 The politician was sacked for not following the party line.

45.5 Do you agree or disagree with these statements? Respond to each statement with an idiom.

- 1 Men are better drivers than women.
- 2 Learning grammar rules is a waste of time.
- 3 Footballers deserve to be paid a lot more money than politicians.
- 4 TV has a bad effect on family life.
- 5 I couldn't live without my mobile phone.

Expressing success and failure

A

Success

Look at these newspaper headlines about sport and business success. The meaning of the idiom in the headline is explained in the story that follows.

Jackson wins his spurs1

Jackson's performance last night proved that he deserves his place in the team. He is clearly a very talented young player.

PCL **is riding high**² in popularity poll

PCL is one of the most popular businesses to work for this year, according to the results of a major survey.

Blake comes up trumps³

The young player did far better than anyone would have expected in last night's match, scoring three goals to win the game for City.

County team is on a roll⁴

Red County basketball team has been having a very successful season, with six wins in a row.

New collection goes down a storm⁵

The designer's exclusive dresses sold out within minutes at the New York fashion show.

Venco stay ahead of the game⁶

Shoe company Venco have maintained their lead in the industry for the third year running.

¹ does something to show that he deserves a particular position and has the skills needed for it; *spurs* are sharp, metal, wheel-shaped objects fixed to the heel of boots worn by people riding horses, and used to make the horse go faster ² is very successful ³ has completed an activity successfully or produced a good result, especially when he was not expected to ⁴ having a successful period ⁵ is very popular ⁶ know more about the most recent developments than the people or companies with whom they are competing

В

Failure

The comedian's performance at the Variety Show **went down like a lead balloon**. [people did not like it at all]

The disastrous attempt at a military campaign revealed the country as **a paper tiger**. [country or organisation which seems strong but is actually weak]

The president is dealing with the **double whammy** of losing the election and having his private life discussed in the press. [two bad things happening at the same time (informal)]

Starting a new business without careful planning is a **recipe for disaster**. [sure to become a disaster]

Unfortunately, it soon became clear that the new CEO **couldn't cut the mustard**. [couldn't deal with any difficulties or problems]

The economic crisis will have a huge impact on any business that **is built on sand**. [is not firmly established]

Language help

The idioms in this unit are all based on vivid metaphors, which is one reason they are particularly popular in journalism. Draw (or even just imagine) pictures to help you remember the idioms.

47 Emphasising

a storm, both with critics and the public.

46.1	Match the beginning of	each sentence with its ending
TUOL	Linescell circ well littliff of	cacif actifeties attenties citating

1	Our team's been practising hard,	
	so I hope we'll come	

- soviesable to sizedon
- 2 Negotiating that important deal makes me feel I have won
- b high.
- 3 His excellent IT skills have helped him stay ahead
- c a roll now.
- 4 I found it hard to get started with my thesis, but I'm on
- d my spurs in my new job.
- 5 Her latest book has gone down a

- e up trumps in the match tomorrow.
- 6 After some initial problems, the pop group is now riding

f of the game.

46.2 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









46.3 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 The chef's new recipes were very popular with the clientele. [STORM]
- 2 My ideas for restructuring the company were met with total silence. [BALLOON]
- 3 The new prime minister is extremely popular at the moment. [RIDING]
- 4 I'm quite worried about starting my new job. I'm afraid I won't be able to cope. [MUSTARD]
- 5 I've been studying hard all year, so I hope I will know a lot about the subject when it comes to taking my exams. [GAME]
- 6 Poor Carl has been hit by two problems at the same time losing his job and having a flood in his house. [DOUBLE]

46.4 Complete each idiom in this review of a play.

Although Lucy James's disappointing	g first play went down like a (1)	balloon,
she has come up (2)	with her second play, now showing at the West	Theatre.
The dramatic plot went down a (3)	with the first-night audience. I th	ought
it would be a (4)	for disaster casting the young Harry Catlin as an old	d man,
but I was proved wrong. Catlin is (5).	a roll at the moment; his last pl	ay also
delighted critics.		

Over to you

Look at Units 56 and 59, which are based on the keywords *dead* and *fall*. Which other idioms relating to failure can you find there?

In this unit, we look at the way certain nouns and adjectives combine to form idiomatic compounds, which emphasise the second word in the compound.

A Emphasis of adjectives

The words before each adjective express the idea of very / completely / extremely.

My trousers got soaked. I laid them on the sand, and, in the hot sun, they were soon bone dry.

The cakes I made were a disaster. They were rock hard and nobody could eat them!

He lost his shorts in the water and came out of the river stark naked.

Derek has a razor-sharp sense of humour; he's so funny.

The oven broke down, and our dinner was stone cold instead of piping hot.

The new prime minister is trying to project a squeaky-clean image of herself.

My grandad is 87, but he's fighting fit and goes for a long walk every day.

It's crystal clear to me that we need to raise money urgently.

His uncle Peter is filthy rich. He owns houses in England, Italy and the Caribbean.

B Emphatic noun phrases

Read this phone conversation between Lou and Mary-Jo and note the idioms.

Lou: Have you heard about Yolanda? She was robbed in broad

daylight¹ in the city centre yesterday. It really scared her.

Mary-Jo: Oh no! Things have really hit

rock bottom² here if people are getting mugged in the middle of

the day in crowded places!

Lou: Yes. Nobody has any respect

any more. The city spent **a** small fortune³ on surveillance cameras, but nobody ever gets

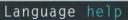
caught. The police do nothing.

Mary-Jo: Well, even if they do get caught, they have no respect for the courts. They just tell bare-

faced lies⁴ and walk away free, or get fined a mere pittance⁵.

Lou: Well, I think anyone who mugs someone should go to prison, **full stop**⁶.

 1 during the day when people could have seen it 2 the lowest and worst possible level 3 a large sum of money 4 obvious untruths 5 a very small sum of money 6 there is nothing more to say about the subject



There are a large number of emphatic compounds with idiomatic meanings like the ones above. Always make a special note of them in your vocabulary notebook when you find new ones.



Play and game

47.1 Match the beginning of each idiom with its ending.

1	razor	a clear
2	fighting	b hot
3	crystal	c sharp
4	stark	d fit
5	piping	e naked

47.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom from A opposite.

- 1 My old auntie Lily is very fit, even though she had an operation two months ago.
- 2 She's very rich: she owns a private jet and a massive yacht.
- 3 A man jumped into the fountain completely naked and was arrested by the police.
- 4 The new government had a <u>completely clean</u> image until the recent scandal broke.
- 5 Erica has a very sharp mind and is the most intelligent person I know.
- 6 My feet and hands were <u>completely cold</u>, so I sat in front of the fire, had a bowl of <u>very hot</u> soup and soon felt better.
- 7 I overcooked the meat and it was very dry.
- 8 We can't put the tent up here. The ground's very hard.

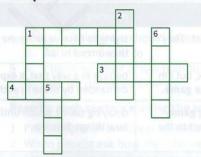
47.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 Things have hit stone bottom between my parents and their neighbours; they don't speak to each other any more.
- 2 I couldn't sleep on that mattress it was stone hard.
- 3 This vase is stark dry and the poor old flowers are dying!
- 4 It is glass clear to me that she is trying to deceive us all.
- 5 They've spent a filthy fortune on furniture for their new house.
- 6 Police report that more crimes are taking place in full daylight.

47.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 Which idiom in this unit means you have a lot of money?
- 2 Which idiom means 'There's nothing more to say about it!'?
- 3 Which idiom means a) 'a very small sum of money' and b) 'a very large sum of money'?
- 4 Which idiom means 'in the middle of the day, when everyone can see what is happening'?

47.5 Complete the crossword.



Across

- 1 goes with rock
- 3 goes with crystal
- 4 goes with pittance

Down

- 1 goes with -faced lies
- 2 goes with fortune
- 5 goes with filthy
- 6 goes with naked

48 Play and game

A Play

I went out with my brother and his girlfriend. They didn't really want me there, and it was really boring **playing gooseberry**. [being an unwanted third person in a romantic situation]

If you really like him, don't make it too obvious. Try to **play it cool**. [behave in a calm way, pretending to be less interested in someone than you really are]

I always take an umbrella with me, even if it's not raining. I like to **play it safe**! [be extra careful and not take any risks]

I run a restaurant. Another restaurant in town **plays dirty**, saying there are rats in our kitchen, and so on. [behaves dishonestly] But I'm not stupid – they can't **play me for a fool**. [treat me as if I am stupid] At the moment we're just waiting and **playing for time**, [waiting until we're ready] but we'll get our revenge in the end.

In my opinion, scientists have no right to **play God** by experimenting on embryos. [act as if they have control over other people's lives]

I'm tired of playing second fiddle to my brother. [being in a less important or weaker position]

The police **played cat and mouse** with the suspect before arresting him. [tried to defeat someone by tricking them so that they had an advantage over them]

B Game

idiom	example	meaning work harder to achieve something	
raise your game	Our competitors won an award this week. We're really going to have to raise our game .		
the game's up	He's got away with lying for a long time, but the game's up now.	used to say that someone's secret activities are known and must now stop	
a game plan	The marketing campaign isn't working. We need a new game plan .	plan for achieving success	
the name of the game	Good customer service is the name of the game for successful companies.	the most important part of an activity or quality needed for that activity	

Idioms with play and game

idiom	example	meaning
play games	They're never going to sign the contract. They're just playing games .	trying to deceive someone about what they intend to do
play the game	I don't agree with the changes at work, but I'm not going to complain. I'll just play the game.	behave in a way that is expected or demanded by those in authority.
play a / the waiting game	The banks are playing a / the waiting game until they see how their customers react to the financial crisis.	delaying taking action until they see how things develop

Language help

It is important to use articles correctly in idioms. We always say 'play second fiddle' and 'play gooseberry', NOT 'play a second fiddle' and 'play a gooseberry'.







48.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 We want the directors to agree to our proposals, so we need to discuss our strategy.
- 2 OK, kids that's enough. I know where you've been hiding my glasses!
- 3 Martha has decided to apply to be the shop manager. She's been an assistant manager for five years and is tired of not being fully in charge.
- 4 When you're looking for a new flat, location is the most important thing to consider.
- 5 I went to the cinema with Elena and her new boyfriend, but it was horrible being there with them when they just wanted to be alone.
- 6 I think that doctors sometimes go too far in their attempts to control what happens in our lives.
- 7 We're still not ready to decide, so we need to try to delay things a bit and not sign the contract yet.

Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page. 48.3

- 1 A: Have you seen this email? I don't have time to do all of this extra work!
 - B: I know, I know, Just for now. There's nothing we can do about it.
- 2 A: I really like him. Why won't he answer any of my texts?
 - B: Maybe he's just ...
- 3 A: The new mayor seems fair and honest, doesn't he?
 - B: Yes, he's promised not to ...
- 4 A: I don't think we should take any risks or experiment.
 - B: No, much better to
- 5 A: I think we need a new plan to improve sales and increase profits.
 - B: Yes, it's definitely time we

48.4 Rewrite each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 I'm fed up with him treating me as if I were stupid. [FOOL]
- 2 When people ask how the interview went, just answer calmly. [COOL]
- 3 I think he behaves dishonestly because he enjoys tricking people. [GAMES]
- 4 Some businesses behave dishonestly just to make more money. [DIRTY]

A

Meaning 'not full' or 'not complete'

In a number of idioms, *half* conveys the idea of something not being complete or full. For example, if you **listen** to something **with half an ear**, you are not fully concentrating on it: I was **listening** to the radio **with half an ear** as I cooked dinner.

Similarly, you might watch something with half an eye.

If something is described as a **half-baked scheme** (informal), it has not been thought through fully:

This is another **half-baked scheme** of the government. They haven't considered any of its implications.

Half-measures are actions that will achieve only part of what they are intended to achieve: There can be no **half-measures** when confronting this serious problem.

To **have half a mind to** do something is to think that you might do something (though you probably won't), often because someone or something has annoyed you:

I can't believe my boss said that! **I've half a mind to** just walk out of the office and never

come back.

Note that I've a good mind to is an alternative form of this idiom. See Unit 57 for more idioms with mind.

If someone doesn't know the half of it (informal), they know a little about something that happens, especially something bad, but they do not know everything about it:

His mother thought she knew all about what happened when he was in Spain, but she doesn't know the half of it.

If you **meet someone halfway**, you do some of the things that someone would like you to do in order to show that you want to reach an agreement or improve your relationship:

I didn't want to spend a week at the conference, but I decided to **meet my manager halfway** and agreed to go for a couple of days.

В

Half as emphasis

Read these conversations and note the emphatic idioms. All of the idioms in this section are informal.

- A: Did you enjoy the party last night?
- B: Not half! [said to agree emphatically]
- A: It isn't half busy in here! [is very]
- **B:** You're right. Let's go somewhere less crowded.
- **A:** It's important to keep a positive attitude when you're recovering from an operation.
- B: Yes, they say that's half the battle. [is the most difficult part of the process]
- A: That was a game and a half, wasn't it! [something very special, surprising or that took a long time]
- B: Yes, it was fantastic!
- A: Would you like to visit Canada again?
- B: Given half a chance, I'd move there tomorrow. [if I had the opportunity]
- A: Rachel is always correcting the teacher, isn't she?
- **B:** Yes, she's **too clever by half**. [confident and smart in an annoying way]



49.1	Co	Complete each idiom from A opposite.					
	1	1 Whoever thought up such a stupid, halfscheme?					
			we can't agree to all their requests, but I'd like to				
		if possible.					
		I spent the evening reading the newspaper and watching TV with half an to tell him exactly how unkind I think he's being!					
		They'll never solve the problem if they only try half					
	6		mpany is in very serious trouble. It's probably just as well the half of it.	that most of our employees			
49.2	Co	Correct the mistakes in these idioms.					
	1	1 Amy was doing a crossword and listening to the radio with half her ear.					
		Giving half a chance, I'd leave my job and stay at home with the children.					
		We had	I a really good plan, but Sophie pointed out all the things er just too clever in half.				
	4		say that coming up with a good idea for a novel is half a	battle.			
			good mind to write a letter of complaint to your manage				
	6	I'm a pe	erfectionist. I have no time for half-measurements.				
	7	I know it's hard to compromise, but you should try to join him halfway.					
49.3	Co	Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.					
	1	Sam:	Pat's little brother seems very confident, doesn't he?				
		Ben:	He'sin my opi	nion!			
	2	Daisy:	Our new boss is really good-looking, isn't he?				
		Laura:					
	3	Katy:	Would you give up your job if you won the lottery?				
		Mark:	, I'd leave tom	orrow, lottery or no lottery!			
	4	May:	It hot in here!				
		Tim:	Yes, it's boiling!				
	5	Ana:	What a fantastic dinner they gave us! Yes, it was a meal				
		Rob:					
	6	Lisa:	Our boss has no idea what we get up to while he's away	, does he?			
		Meg:	No, he	avenue and frustratus			
	7	Ali:	We need to stay focused if our business is going to succ				
		Jamie:	Yes, I'm sure that's				
49.4	Re	eplace t	he underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.				
	1	It's extr	remely noisy here – shall we go somewhere quieter?				
		2 Having a clear structure and plan for your essay is the most important thing.					
		3 It'll be to management's advantage to come to a compromise with the union.					
		4. There was a lot of had behaviour on the school trip, but the teachers didn't find out about					

- 4 There was a lot of bad behaviour on the school trip, but the teachers <u>didn't find out about everything that happened</u>.
- 5 Well, that was certainly an extremely long walk!

A

People in pairs

Read these problems from an online problem page and note the informal idioms in the responses.







FIZZ SAYS.

My friend won't text, phone or see me now that I have a boyfriend. I think she's wrong to behave like this.

Fizz says: **That makes two of us**¹. Your friend needs to accept your new boyfriend and act more like an adult.

My boyfriend is chatting to girls he doesn't know online, and I'm jealous. Should I chat to strangers online too so he can see how I feel?

Fizz says: They say that **two can play at that** game², but it'd be better to tell him how you feel.

Things have been going really badly with me and my girlfriend lately. She's always starting arguments. Any advice?

Fizz says: Remember, it takes two to tango³. Maybe some of it is your fault.

You've got problems? He's got answer

My friend Rick and I are always in trouble at school. The teachers say we just mess about and act stupidly. Any advice?

Fizz says: Sounds like you and Rick **are two of a kind**⁴. My advice: stay away from each other at school

My best friend is getting married next month, and I can't decide what to wear. Everything I try on looks terrible. What should I do?

Fizz says: Well, **two heads are better than one**⁵ – why not ask a friend or family member to help you choose something?

My best friend has a new boyfriend, but I'm lonely. Should I ask if I can go out on dates with them?

Fizz says: No. Remember, two's company, three's a crowd⁶

В

Other idioms with two

Young people these days just **put / stick two fingers up at**¹ authority. School tests **cut both / two ways**²: they let teachers monitor progress, but they also prevent teachers from teaching freely.

Beata **knows a thing or two about**³ local history – let's ask her. Anger and frustration are **two sides of the same coin**⁴.

¹ show that they are angry or have no respect (informal) ² have positive and negative effects

C

Other two idioms for people and things

Don't ask me to dance - I've got two left feet1!

When my parents first got married, they **didn't have two pennies to rub together**². Let's ask Mr Ross for a donation to the club. He's **not short of a bob or two**³. Mobile phones are **two a penny**⁴ these days. In the 1980s, few people had one. When he heard he'd passed all his exams, he was **like a dog with two tails**⁵. Gloria and Manuela are **like two peas in a pod**⁶ – you can tell they're sisters. Anna's so arrogant. She needs to **be brought down a peg or two**⁷.

 1 am a very bad dancer 2 were very poor 3 is quite rich (informal) 4 very common 5 very happy

6 very similar 7 have something happen to her to show her she is not as good as she thinks she is

Language help

Many idioms are informal. The ones marked *informal* here are particularly informal. Always make a special note about formality, and be careful not to use very informal idioms in formal writing.

¹ we have the same opinion about a situation ² you can hurt that person in the same way they hurt you ³ both people are responsible for the bad situation ⁴ are very similar in character ⁵ it is better to have two people trying to solve the same problem ⁶ it's better that two people in a romantic situation should be alone

³ knows a lot about (informal) ⁴ two different aspects of the same problem

50.1 Complete each idiom from A opposite.

- 2 The director and department head are both very arrogant. They're two
- 3 You hate meetings and I hate meetings, so that makes ...
- 4 When a couple breaks up, it is hardly ever the fault of just one person. It takes
- 5 Lily, can you help me with this? Two heads
- 6 I'm not going to the restaurant with Matt and Emily. I can see they want to be alone. Two's

50.2 Read these statements and answer the questions.

Tony:

No, sorry. Ask someone else. I've got two left feet.

Amy:

My cousin has just bought an amazing new house. She's not short of a bob or two.

Lotta:

Sam has been like a dog with two tails since he got that new job.

Adam:

I just don't have two pennies to rub together these days.

Who is ...

- 1 short of money?
- 2 a bad dancer?
- 3 talking about someone who has a lot of money?
- 4 talking about someone who is feeling very happy?

50.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of?









50.4 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 Richard is knowledgeable on the subject of finance. [THING]
- 2 Losing the race made him realise he wasn't as good as he thought. [PEG]
- 3 A lot of kids nowadays disrespect the police and do what they want. [FINGER]
- 4 Political power <u>has positive and negative effects</u>: it enables people to change things, but it tempts them to become corrupt too. [CUT]
- 5 Einstein saw time and space as two aspects of the same phenomenon. [COIN]
- 6 Satnav systems in cars are very common these days. [PENNY]

A Having a chat

Clare: You look tired, Ella. Is everything OK?

Ella: It's just our new neighbours. They come and go at all hours¹ of the day and night. I don't know how my husband manages to sleep through it. But that's him all over² – he sleeps really heavily, but I wake up each time they come in or out. Last night, they woke me up seven times,



Clare: He sounds like my husband! Once he's asleep, the house could be burning down for all he cares⁴. Anyway, can't you speak to your neighbours about it?

Ella: I've tried, and they're all smiles⁵. They apologise and say it won't happen again. It gets better for a day or two, but then it goes back to how it was. But how about you? Have you fully recovered from your operation?

Clare: Almost, but I won't **get the all-clear**⁶ to go back to work for another couple of weeks, I don't think.

Ella: Oh well. All in good time⁷! It won't be too long before it's all systems go⁸ again.

¹ at all sorts of unusual times ² that's typical of him (informal) ³ in total ⁴ and it wouldn't bother him ⁵ unexpectedly friendly and pleasant ⁶ get official permission, usually medical ⁷you just have to be patient ⁸ everything is busy

Other idioms with all

all told3!

idiom	example	meaning
all in all	All in all, I think the concert was a success.	taking everything into consideration
all or nothing	Tim either loves something or hates it – it's all or nothing with him.	completely or not at all
to cap it all	I've had a really stressful week, and to cap it all I've got to work over the weekend.	in addition to all the other bad things that have happened
in all but name	Alice runs the business in all but name.	existing as a fact, but not officially described that way
an all-time high / low	Share prices reached an all-time high / low yesterday.	a record high / low point
be all in the mind	His doctor told him that he isn't really ill – his symptoms are all in the mind .	are imagined; not physically real
be all things to all men	The show would have been better if it hadn't tried to be all things to all people.	please everyone even when this is not possible
all-singing, all- dancing	There's a new all-singing , all-dancing version of the software, but it's expensive.	ambitious and modern, with lots of special features

51.1	Complete each idiom from A oppos	ite with one word.				
	1 get the all					
	2 be all					
	3 all systemsall she cares					
	4all she cares 5 at all					
	6 all intime					
	7 all[1]					
	8 that's him all					
51.2	Complete each sentence with an id of the verb.	iom from 51.1. You may need to change the for	m			
	1 The office never stops. It's	from 8 am to 6	pm.			
		our driving test.	!			
	4 My sister isn't interested in what I'					
		from his doct	or.			
		to come home	of the			
	day and night.					
		n not surprised he forgot your birthday.				
	8 My dad was really grumpy this mo	rning, but	now.			
51.3	Match the beginning of each senter	nce with its ending.				
	1 There are over a hundred thousan	d books in the library, all	a high.			
	2 The new government is trying to b	pe all things to all	b smiles.			
	3 He claims that he is the boss of his	s company in all but	c told.			
	4 She's said some terrible things abo	out me, but to my face she's all	d nothing.			
	5 The banks raised interest rates yes	sterday to an all-time	e name.			
	6 You can't give up smoking slowly	- it has to be all or	f people.			
51.4	Choose the correct idiom.					
		all-singing, all-dancing / all-clear] tablet.				
	2 I was late for work, I argued with my friend, and [in all but name / all in good time / to cap it all], my bike got stolen.					
	3 She's the head of the school [all in all / all or nothing / in all but name].					
		all people / all told / at all hours], but it's an impos				
	6 I've got 13 uncles, [in all but name	be at [an all-time low / all or nothing / all system.	s goJ.			
	Allow	The factor of th				
51.5	Correct the six mistakes with idion	ns in this email.				
		Repl	y Forward			
	I'm training to be a vet, and I'm	ve got ten exams, all said, to prepare for. It i	means I've			
	been studying at all minutes of	the day and night. I'm exhausted, and to ha	at it all I've			
		day this week! I just want to relax and go on				
	The second secon	I next month. I told my friend I was feeling s				

he's worried or anxious he's all smile.

A Conversational expressions using no

I'll be home in next to no time1.

I found **no end of** ² bargains in the sales.

It'd help me **no end**³ if you did the shopping.

She was spending money like there was no tomorrow⁴.

You must come to my party.

I won't take no for an answer⁵.

No prizes for guessing⁶ who arrived last.

Let's ask her now. No time like the present⁷.

Go and wash your hands. No ifs and buts⁸.

I'll help you. **No strings attached**⁹, I promise.

Don't believe their promises. There's no such thing as a free lunch¹⁰.

Some parts of the city are **no-go** areas¹¹ at night.

He's not phoned or emailed, but **no news is good news**¹².

She told me **in no uncertain terms**¹³ that she thought I was making a foolish mistake.

B No for dramatic effect

Note these idioms with *no*. In each one, the idiom is used in place of a more direct word or expression. For example, *Rome is no ordinary city* actually means *Rome is an extraordinary city*.

idiom	example	meaning
be no oil painting	Lottie is a beautiful woman, but her daughter is no oil painting.	is not pretty
be no spring chicken	She loves windsurfing and paragliding, even though she's no spring chicken.	is not young any more
be no / nobody's fool	He'll never believe your lies – he's no / nobody's fool.	is clever and not easily deceived
be no joke	It's no joke driving on those steep, narrow mountain roads.	is serious or difficult
be no picnic	Trekking across the desert in temperatures of over 40 degrees was no picnic for the explorers.	was difficult and unpleasant

¹ very quickly ² lots of ³ very much ⁴ quickly ⁵ won't let you refuse to come ⁶ it's obvious ⁷ now is the perfect time ⁸ do it without arguing (usually used to a child) ⁹ there'll be no unpleasant or inconvenient demands ¹⁰ if someone gives you something, they always expect something in return ¹¹ dangerous places ¹² we'd hear something if there were a problem ¹³ strongly and directly

53 Hand

52.1 When would you use the idioms in the box? Match the idioms with the situations.

I won't take no for an answer! There's no such thing as a free lunch!
Go at once – no ifs and buts! No news is good news!
No time like the present! No strings attached – I promise!

- 1 Someone tells you about an email they received promising them a free dream holiday.
- 2 You are determined that someone will accept your invitation to dinner.
- 3 A friend asks you when to do something. You think they should do it immediately.
- 4 You want to reassure a friend that you won't ask anything in return for taking them to an expensive restaurant.
- 5 You want your child to go to bed immediately.
- 6 You want to reassure a friend who is worried that she hasn't heard from her teenage daughter who is travelling round Australia.

52.2 Read these statements and answer the questions.

- 1 Richard said it was no picnic for someone of his age to get used to a new job. Was it easy or difficult for Richard when he started his new job?
- 2 Lena is very nice, but she's no oil painting. Is Lena pretty?
- 3 John is very good at squash, even though he's no spring chicken. Is John still a young man?
- 4 People often laugh at Georgie, but she's nobody's fool. How easy would it be to deceive Georgie?
- 5 Luke's boss told him in no uncertain terms that he'd be dismissed immediately if he didn't work hard enough.
 - How direct was Luke's boss with his threats?
- 6 It's no joke trying to bring up a family on the minimum wage.

 How easy is it to look after a family if your only income is the minimum wage?

52.3 Correct the mistakes in these idioms.

- 1 There's no such thing as a free gift.
- 2 She loves going shopping and spending like there's no future.
- 3 We were told in no uncertain words that we must always be punctual for work.
- 4 He said he would lend me €2,000 with no strings involved.
- 5 He's a very good squash player, even though he's no spring onion.
- 6 The new housing development caused no finish of problems.

52.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 The town was full of people partying madly on New Year's Eve.
- 2 You won't be surprised when I tell you who won the cookery competition.
- 3 The journey was very easy, and we got to our destination very quickly.
- 4 There are lots and lots of places to eat in our town.
- 5 The police have declared the zone a dangerous place.
- 6 It would help your grandma a lot if you cut the grass for her.

A Positive situations

In these comments, the speakers use an idiom to repeat and sum up what they say.

He was the only candidate for the job, and he got it. It was handed to him on a plate¹.

Our team played well from the start, and we soon **had the upper hand**².

I know she's arrogant, but she *has* broken three world records. **You have to hand it to her**³! Let's ask Ellie to be club president as she has so much experience. She's an old hand at⁴ running organisations.

Laura's opponent in the badminton final played badly, so Laura won hands down⁵.

He's a great comedian. He had the audience eating out of the palm of his hand⁶.

¹ he got it very easily and did not have to work for it ² gained power and control ³ you have to admire what she did, even if you don't admire everything about her ⁴ is very experienced at ⁵ won very easily ⁶ had complete control of them (You can also say he had the audience 'in the palm of his hand'.)

B Negative situations

Refusing to speak to your uncle when he has been so generous to you is **biting the hand that feeds you**. [treating somebody badly who helps you in some way, often by giving you money]

I'd like to pay you more, but my hands are tied. [I'm not free to do what I'd like to do]

The minister's accidental reference to tax increases in an interview **played into** the opposition's **hands**. [unintentionally gave them an advantage]

The government have rejected **out of hand** the allegation that torture has been used in prisons. [completely]

If you lay a hand on me, I will report you to the police. [hurt or physically attack]

He lost his job, then his house was flooded. Some people **are dealt a lousy hand**. [are very unlucky in life]

They gave their opponents an advantage by naming the team before the final. They shouldn't have **shown their hand** so early. [told people their plans when they were a secret before]

Very few people supported her. You **could count them on the fingers of one hand**. [they were very small in number]

Other idioms with hand

If you give someone a big hand, you applaud them by clapping.

If you **hand over the reins to** someone, you give the power you had (for example, over a business or an organisation) to another person.

If you say 'Her children **are off her hands** now. One is married and the other is at university', you mean she is not responsible for them any more.

If you just **sit on your hands**, you do nothing about a problem that needs to be solved.

If you say 'I know I have a map of Dublin somewhere, but I can't lay my hands on it at the moment', you mean you can't find it.

If you ask someone to **put their hand on their heart** and tell you something, you ask them to tell you something truthfully.

54 Hear

53.1	Complete each idiom from A opposite.	
	have to	but he's made a success of his Internet company – you him. for the entire match
	and won easily.	ior the entire match
		f children with rich parents have everything handed to
	4 We scored 230 points. No other team got m	nore than 120, so we won the competition
	hand.	e eating of her
	6 Adam is an	at dealing with lawyers – he used to be one himself!
53.2	Correct the mistakes in the idioms in these	news cuttings.
	plans a year before the election, the opposition have shown hand too early. finger numb gover.	The minister claimed that her hand was tied by European regulations, and that she could not act to change the situation.
	2	
		ort, the accused said 6 The minister of education
	mito the names of the critics	d never laid his hand rejected out off hand the claim that small schools
	errors in the past. charg	
	Make the basiness of a should be stated	the condition
53.3	Match the beginning of each sentence with 1 I think you've been dealt	a into the hands of your enemies.
	2 It's crazy to bite	b off her hands and are independent.
	3 My sister feels relieved that her kids are	c out of the palm of your hand.
	4 If you do that, you'll play	d a lousy hand. You've been unlucky.
	5 You mustn't expect things to be handed	e the hand that feeds you.
	6 You've got everyone eating	f to you on a plate.
	o Tod ve got everyone eating	1 to you on a plate.
53.4		an idiom from the opposite page in your answer.
		ure. The guest speaker, Professor Ward, has given a
	wonderful lecture, and you want everyone 2 Someone asks if they can borrow your dict	to applaud ner. ionary. You know you have one somewhere, but you
	can't find it at the moment. Explain.	
		ould all do something positive about a bad situation
	instead of doing nothing. 4 You have been the secretary of a sports clu	b for ten years. Tell the other members that you are
	ready to pass the job to someone else.	
	5 Your friend says they have never told a lie.	Ask them if they would swear this is the truth.
	Over to you	them for more than them
	Make a special page in your vocabulary notel	book for <i>hand</i> idioms and see how many you can
	collect in one month. Check their meanings i	

A People and personalities

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: She's always dreamt of being a ballet dancer, hasn't she?
- B: Yes, it's been her heart's desire ever since she was three years old.
- A: She sometimes seems a bit rude, but she's very kind really.
- B: I know. She's got a heart of gold, hasn't she?
- A: The teacher is only strict with his students because he thinks it will help them.
- B: That's right. He only has their best interests at heart.
- A: Only the coldest, most unfeeling person could fail to be moved by such a sad story.
- B: I agree. You'd have to have a heart of stone not to be upset by it.
- A: The movement wants to attack our society's most important values.
- B: That's right. It aims to strike at the heart of freedom and democracy.
- A: I don't want to go to her party, but it would be unkind not to, don't you think?
- B: Yes, I don't have the heart to say no.
- A: Was Tania very upset when she told you about Henry leaving?
- B: Yes, she certainly was. She cried her heart out!
- A: I feel so sorry for everyone who lost their homes in the flood.
- B: Me too. My heart goes out to them.
- A: Jo says she's exhausted after going on that luxury cruise.
- **B:** My heart bleeds for her! [I don't feel sorry for her at all; this idiom is often used ironically to mean the opposite, but is sometimes used in a non-humorous way, e.g. 'My heart bleeds for the victims of the tragedy.']

Feelings



CQA

Horoscopes



You always show your emotions, but this week it would be better for you not to wear your heart on your sleeve¹.



Try not to show that **your heart isn't in**² your work this week. You may find that things soon start to improve.



You say that you are not sure where your relationship is going, but in **your heart of hearts**³ you know that it is unlikely to last much longer.



You don't want to hurt your friend by giving them some bad news, but it's important that you tell them soon.

Harden your heart⁴ and do it now.



You are worried about something difficult you have to do this week, but **take heart**⁵ – it won't be as bad as you expect.



Your **heart is in your boots**⁶ when you think of all the work you have to do today, but just get on with it. Once you get started, you may even enjoy it.



You keep telling someone close to you about their faults. **Have a heart**⁷! Tell them what you like about them too.

¹ make your feelings obvious ² you are not interested in ³ in your true, most secret thoughts

⁴don't let your feelings stop you ⁵don't be anxious or afraid ⁶ you feel unhappy ⁷ be kind

Life and live

22

54.1 Look at A opposite. Choose the correct answer.

- 1 If someone is very kind to others, do they have a) a heart of stone or b) a heart of gold?
- 2 If your heart bleeds for someone, does this always mean you feel sorry for them? a) Yes b) No
- 3 If you cry your heart out, are you a) shouting or b) sobbing?
- 4 If someone has your best interests at heart, are they concerned about a) your general well-being or b) your finances?
- 5 Is your heart more likely to go out to someone who is a) suffering or b) very successful?
- 6 Are you more likely to say 'I don't have the heart to' do something a) pleasant or b) unpleasant?

54.2 Correct the five mistakes with idioms in this post on an online problem page.

I've been offered a job that all my friends and family think I should take. The problem is that in my heart of heart, I really don't want it. It's always been my heart's wish to leave this city and work abroad, but I don't get the heart to tell my family this, as I know they'll be upset. I know you will tell me to keep heart and be strong, but I really don't want to hurt them. After all, I know they have my best interests by heart. What should I do?

54.3 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Don't expect so much of him he's only four! Be kind to him!
- 2 You'll only get hurt if you make your feelings so obvious.
- 3 He felt very miserable as he thought about the difficult week ahead.
- 4 You know your parents want what is best for you.

8heart, Irma! Lots of people

fail their driving test the first time.

5 He showed her round the city, but she could tell that he was not really interested in it.

54.4 Complete the crossword.

their heart's

	inpiece the crossitora.					
Acr	oss militanalinas sagrin da co et dangog dicina dimitas					
3	Karl knew he hadn't studied enough, and his heart was in his the exam room.		- A -			as he entered
6	So you only have two cars now, not three? My heart			for y	ou.	
7	He's trying to be enthusiastic, but you can tell his heart isn't re	ally		916		it.
9	Rosa was frightened, but sheher heart an	d ent	ered	the r	oom.	
10	When I saw the film about the refugees, my heartI had to do something to help.		OI	ut to	them	, and
Do						
1	Kasia didn't have the heartrefuse to help her little brother.	1	طوامان	2	Tag.	
2	The article strikes the heart of		ana		4	5
9 11	the problem when it talks about child poverty.	ate c	THE STREET			
4	You always know how Daniela feels – she wears her heart on her	6	T	T		
5	Few people in life are lucky enough to achieve			1		7

10

A Idioms with life

Lucy: Did you have a good holiday in New Zealand?

Sophie: Yes, thanks. We had the time of our life¹! Did I tell you I bumped into my next-door

neighbour there? I got the shock of my life²!

Lucy: What a surprise! So, what did you do on holiday?

Sophie: We did lots of sailing, and my husband even went bungee jumping.

Lucy: Wow! That'd scare the life out of me³.

Sophie: Me too. There's no way I'd risk life and limb4 like that. Anyway, we had some friends round

last night, and he was the life and soul of the party⁵, telling them all about his bungee

jump. He claims he came within an inch of his life⁶ doing it!

Lucy: Oh dear!

Sophie: Still, we both feel we've got a new lease of life⁷.

Lucy: Oh, I'd love to go travelling and see life⁸! I'm going to make my husband's life a misery⁹

until he agrees that we can go to Canada. I've always wanted to go there.

Sophie: Do you think he'll agree?

Lucy: Of course. He'd do anything for a quiet life10!

¹ enjoyed ourselves very much

² was very shocked

³ frighten me very much

⁴ do something physically dangerous

⁵ was the centre of attention ⁶ nearly died

⁷ become more energetic and active; can also be used to describe objects or places as seeming like new again

⁸ experience different, often unexpected things

⁹ make things difficult for someone, e.g. by talking about something all the time

10 agree to anything to avoid problems

Idioms with live

idiom	example	meaning
be / live in a dream world	He's living in a dream world if he thinks he'll become a famous pop star.	has unrealistic hopes (usually used in continuous form)
live a charmed life	James has lived a charmed life ; everything he does works out well.	been very lucky in life
live a lie	You must tell her you're married – you can't go on living a lie .	living dishonestly by pretending to be something that is not true
live out of a suitcase	After a month sleeping on a friend's floor, Becky is tired of living out of a suitcase .	not having a permanent place to live
live on borrowed time	The government is living on borrowed time at the moment and is unlikely to survive the next election.	existing longer than expected
live to tell the tale	Our walking holiday was awful! We got lost on the mountains, and it rained all the time. But at least we lived to tell the tale .	successfully dealt with a difficult or frightening experience
live and let live	I wouldn't want to have as many pets as they do but, hey, live and let live!	accept how others live and behave, even though it is different from your way of life

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Exercises

Dead and death

55.1	Look at A opposite. Match the beginning of each senten	ce with its ending.
	1 Mum finally said I could go out – she'd do	a a misery if she spoke to the police.
	2 When he retired, Steve got	b and soul of the party.
	3 The children had the time	c her life when she saw the snake.
	4 That film scared the life	d anything for a quiet life.
	5 Firefighters risk life	e of their lives at the party.
	6 Melanie is always the life	f and limb every day to help others.
	7 He threatened to make her life	g out of me!
	8 Ana got the shock of	h a new lease of life.
55.2	Correct the mistakes in these idioms.	
	 1 We were within a mile of our lives when the lightning str 2 I don't like cycling to work. I feel like I'm risking life and 3 The operation has given my grandmother a new licence 4 Taking your final exams won't be easy, but I'm sure you' 5 Clare felt the shock of her life when she saw the police of 6 Some people find living out of some luggage away from 7 The company chairman is living on lent time after the la 8 Lewis is really shy and isn't usually the life and heart of 	legs in all that traffic. of life. Il live to tell the news. officer at her door. home very stressful. test fall in profits.
55.3	Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an id	liom.
	 Your life will be based on deceit if you don't tell him you In this life, we have to accept people for what they are, Not many people have lived such a happy and success We had a fantastic holiday in California last year. Travelling is the best way to discover different things a The explorers faced many challenges in the Arctic but of the sudden scream gave me a terrible fright. Jess thinks she'll have a career as a model, but she's be The naughty child made things very unpleasant for his The full service has made our old car feel like new again 	even if they are very different from us. ful life as Ed has. bout the world. came back safely and told us all about it. eing totally unrealistic in my opinion.
55.4	Complete each idiom with a preposition.	
	 Ever since they lost the competition, United's coach has borrowed time. We were an inch of our lives when a light shock my life when I switch interviewed. Travelling round the world living of loses its novelty. I'm sure your parents will have the time My dad hates confrontation. I think he'd do anything 	the falling rock just missed our car. hed on the TV and saw my mum being f a suitcase can be exciting at first but soon their lives on the cruise.

A

Dead and death as the end of something or as failure

In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to react to what the first speaker says.

- A: I wanted to talk to you about your plan to start a hiking club.
- **B:** I don't want to talk about it. As far as I'm concerned, that idea is now **dead and buried**¹.
- A: It was a pity that house prices rose so much last year.
- **B:** Yes. That was **the kiss of death to**² our plan to buy a place in the city centre.
- A: Did anything happen about that scheme to build a centre for the homeless?
- B: No. The city council ran out of money, and the whole plan is dead in the water³.
- A: I tried to buy Zoom magazine today but couldn't get it anywhere.
- B: Oh yes. That's as dead as a dodo⁴. They stopped publishing it about a year ago.
- A: Your committee doesn't seem to achieve much. Why is that?
- B: If you want my opinion, there's too much dead wood⁵. We need some new people.
- A: What happened to the party's manifesto for change?
- **B:** Oh, it's **a dead duck**⁶. Everyone voted against it.
- A: Many companies are struggling financially at the moment.
- **B:** Yes. The economic recession has dealt **a death blow**⁷ to many small businesses.

¹ finished or ended completely ² event that caused our plan to fail (informal) ³ failed and will never succeed ⁴ not existing or popular or important any more (informal; a *dodo* is an extinct bird)

⁵ members of a group who are not useful any more and who should be removed

6 not successful or useful (informal) 7 an event that causes something to fail completely

В

Other idioms with dead and death

If you are dead to the world, you are in a deep sleep.

If you are **sick to death** of something, you are annoyed by it because you have experienced it for too long. (You can also say 'bored *or* worried to death'.)

If something is a **fate worse than death** (humorous), it is the worst thing that can happen to you.

If someone endures **a living death**, they have a life so full of suffering that it would be better to be dead.

If something is a matter of life and / or death, it is a serious situation where people might die.

If you do something in the dead of night, you do it in the middle of the night.

If you say something will happen '**over my dead body**!', you mean you will do everything you can to prevent it.

If you say a vehicle, a building or a machine is **a death trap**, you think it is so dangerous it could cause people to die.

If someone is at death's door, they are nearly dead.

Language help

There are many idioms based on *dead* and *death* in English. Make a special page for *dead / death* idioms in your vocabulary notebook and record any new ones you find.

57 Mind

56.1 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 There are a lot of useless people in my office. They should sack some people. [WOOD]
- 2 Putting Joshua in charge was the event that caused the project to fail. [KISS]
- 3 His idea of building a plane and flying round the world <u>has been abandoned</u>. [DODO]
- 4 The old family quarrel <u>has now ended completely</u>, and they live in harmony. [BURIED]
- 5 The planning committee's decision was <u>an event that caused the failure of</u> the proposal to build the new airport. [BLOW]

56.2 Which dead or death idioms do these pictures make you think of?











56.3 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 56.2.

- 1 The burglars came , when everyone was sleeping.
- 2 The bank refused to lend him the money. That was the _______ to his plan to open a restaurant.
- 3 I was and didn't hear her enter the room.

56.4 Correct the mistakes in the idioms.

- 1 You should only call an ambulance if it is the matter of death and life.
- 2 The thieves stole the painting in the death of night.
- 3 I am sick to the dead of people complaining all the time. It's not my fault!
- 4 That old car is so dangerous. It's the dead trap.
- 5 Having to sit next to my boring uncle at the restaurant was the fate like death.
- 6 Many people suffered a death in life in prison camps during the civil war.
- 7 The council are planning to demolish my house to build a motorway. On my dead body!
- 8 There are too many dead woods on the school committee. They never do anything useful.

A Mind as a noun

Mind as a noun means 'thoughts' or 'imagination'. In these conversations, the second speaker uses an idiom to repeat and sum up what the first speaker says.

- A: I'm fed up with listening to the teacher and not doing anything, aren't you?
- B: Yes, I'm bored out of my mind.
- A: Emma should pass her maths exam, provided she makes an effort.
- B: Yes, she certainly should, if she puts her mind to it.
- A: The concert was absolutely spectacular, wasn't it!
- B: Yes, it blew my mind!
- A: No sane person would want to be prime minister.
- B: That's true. Nobody in their right mind would want that responsibility.
- A: He must be crazy to spend all that money on a car.
- B: Yes, he's out of his mind!
- A: I'm really tired of this boring party. Shall we go home?
- B: You read my mind let's go!
- A: We must do something to stop your sister thinking about her operation tomorrow.
- B: Let's take her to the cinema. That should take her mind off it.
- A: I can't stop worrying about Hamid's accident.
- B: I know. It's been preying on my mind all day.
- A: I can't believe the wedding has been cancelled. They seemed so happy.
- B: Yes, I can't get my mind round it either! (You can also say 'I can't get my head round it'.)
- A: Whatever I say, he always brings the conversation back to sport!
- B: I know. He has a terrible one-track mind.
- A: Try to remember what happened next.
- B: I'm trying to cast my mind back, but I just can't remember a thing.
- A: Tell yourself you can do it, and you'll easily manage to swim that distance.
- **B:** I know. It's just a question of **mind over matter**. [your thoughts influencing your body]

B Mind as a verb

Mind can also be a verb and is often used when warning people to be careful.

- **A:** My dad hates bad manners, so **mind your Ps and Qs** when you meet him. [be polite *p* stands for *please* and *q* represents the /kju:/ sound at the end of *thank you*]
- B: Don't worry! I will.
- A: The pavement is very uneven here.
- B: Yes, you need to mind your step. [walk carefully]
- A: Why did you come back so late last night?
- B: Mind your own business! [it's got nothing to do with you]
- A: See you later, Grandma.
- B: OK. Mind how you go! [take care; used when saying goodbye (informal)]
- A: Nathan doesn't trust his colleagues. He thinks they're telling lies about him to his boss.
- **B:** Yes, he needs to **mind his back** in that office. [be careful because others are trying to cause problems for him; you can also say 'watch your back']

58 Hard

57.1 Are the idioms in these sentences used correctly? If not, correct them.

- 1 Nobody in their correct mind would lend him money again. He never pays it back.
- 2 Ben had always said he wanted to study law, so his mother is finding it hard to get her mind round his decision to leave university and join a rock band.
- 3 He's always talking about cars. I've never met anyone with such a one-way mind.
- 4 I'm sure you can mend your own bike if you put your mind to it.
 - 5 What can we do to take Marco's mind out of his problems?
 - 6 Now, I'd like you all to throw your mind back to your very first day at school.

57.2 Complete each dialogue with an idiom from the opposite page.

- 5 Joe: Were you able to forget about the exam today?
 Lou: No. it's all day.
- 6 Police officer: Please ______ and tell us exactly what happened
 - on the night in question.

 Well, it's a long time ago now ...

57.3 Which idioms do these pictures make you think of? Complete the captions.



He needs to



Lcan



Come on -



That singer

57.4 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 Walk carefully on the ice it's very slippery.
- 2 The actor's performance was amazing!
- 3 It goes without saying that you should always be very polite at an interview.
- 4 People who drink and drive must be totally crazy.
- 5 My twin brother can tell exactly what I'm thinking.
- 6 I'm always so bored in physics lessons!
- 7 Their argument worried Freya for a long time.
- 8 You'll find it quite easy to learn the guitar if you make a bit of an effort.

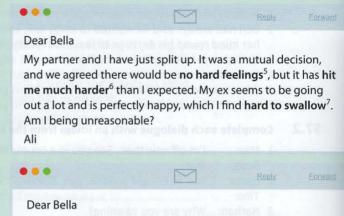
A Problems



I've just started working in a clothes shop, but it's proving much harder than I had bargained for¹. I've realised that I'm no good at giving people the hard sell², and there don't seem to be any hard-and-fast rules³ for what I should be doing. I thought I would love it, but I'm finding it really hard going⁴. Will it get better or is this it?

Liz

В



I lost my job last month, so my family has fallen on hard times⁸. My wife is still working, but we're struggling, and we're really hard up⁹. I'm finding it difficult to find a new job, and I'm hard put¹⁰ to see a solution. What should I do?

Simon

More problems

Read what six people say about their problems.

My younger sister trusts people too easily, but I guess she will **learn the hard way**¹ that things are not always what they seem.

I hate dealing with salespeople. They always try to **drive a hard bargain**², and I'm not very good at saying no!

I've got far too much work this week. I'll **be hard-pressed**³ to get it all finished, and I'm worried my boss will be angry if I don't manage.

I want to go to Australia this summer, so I need to persuade my boss to let me have three weeks off work. It will be **a hard nut to crack**⁴, but I'm going to try.

My flatmate complains if I ask him to help clean the flat. He always seems to **make hard work of** ⁵ anything I ask him to do!

My brother doesn't have a job, and he feels **hard done by**⁶ because I've got more money than him. I work hard, though, so I don't think it's unfair!

 $^{^{1}}$ more difficult than expected 2 trying very hard to persuade people to buy something 3 clear rules

⁴ difficult and tiring ⁵ no anger towards each other ⁶ affected me much worse ⁷ difficult to accept

⁸ are finding life difficult through lack of money ⁹ without much money ¹⁰ finding it difficult

¹ discover something through a difficult experience ² demand a lot in exchange for the service given

³ find it difficult ⁴ a difficult problem to solve ⁵ make something into a major problem

⁶ unfairly treated

58.1 Correct the mistakes in these idioms from A opposite.

- 1 I hate it when people try to give you the hard sale over the phone.
- 2 Her grandfather's illness has really struck her very hard.
- 3 I'm so glad we're friends again. No hard feels, OK?
- 4 Walking home in the heavy snow was really hard go.
- 5 I find his constant criticism of me very hard to drink.
- 6 Learning how to skate turned out to be much harder than Nina had bargained by.

58.2 Read this post on an online problem page. Are these sentences true or false? If the answer is false, say why.

I'm feeling very hard-pressed at work at the moment. I have a long report to finish, but I'll be hard put to get it done in time. I'd love to hand in my notice, but I'm far too hard up to be able to manage without a salary even for a week or two. I guess I'm learning the hard way that money doesn't grow on trees! Can you help me? Kira

- 1 Kira is very busy at work.
- 2 She will easily meet her deadline for the report.
- 3 She can't afford to leave her job.
- 4 She is learning a fun lesson about life.

58.3 Complete each idiom.

1	on hard times	5	hard-and rule
2	a hard to crack	6	learn the hard
3	hard to	7	hard work of
4	a hard bargain	8	feel hardby

58.4 Complete each sentence with an idiom from 58.3. You may need to change the form of the verb.

1	The truth is unpleasant, and I'm worried you'll find it
2	Although Jack's grandfather used to be rich, he
	family lived in poverty.
3	There are noas to how you should behave in circumstance
	like these.
4	I'm sure Lydia will when she discovers that her uncle has
	bought her twin sister a new sports car.
	Children eventually that life is not always fair.
6	I have no idea how we're going to solve this problem. It's going to be
	, I'm sure.
7	Ruby always complains and seems toany little problem.
8	You want me to reduce the price by £200? You certainly

Over to you

Look up *hard* in the Cambridge Idioms Dictionary at http://dictionary.cambridge.org/. Make a note of three other interesting idioms that you find there. Write them down in example sentences.

A

When things go wrong

Many idioms with *fall* refer to situations where things go wrong, people encounter problems, or where something fails. Read these news cuttings and note the idioms.

The minister of education seems to have **fallen from grace**¹. There are rumours that the president is planning to sack her next week when ...

The village carnival **fell foul of** ⁵ health and safety regulations and was cancelled. A spokesperson said that ...

Occasionally, secret documents fall into the wrong hands² and national security is threatened. One such case has raised fears ...

The minister's statement **fell short of**⁶ an apology, though he did admit that some ...

Last year, a petition with 10,000 signatures demanding an end to the tax **fell on deaf ears**³, so yesterday protesters took to the streets and ...

The government has **fallen into the trap of**⁷ creating committee after committee, thinking that will solve the problems of social ...

House prices have **fallen through the floor**⁴ in the last six months, leaving many homeowners worrying about how ...

The global banking system seemed to be falling apart at the seams⁸ in 2009 ...

B Ot

Other idioms with fall

People were **falling over themselves to** volunteer as helpers for the president's visit. [very keen and eager]

She never seems to have to work to get what she wants. Everything just seems to **fall / drop into her lap.** [happen or be given to her without any effort on her part]

Fabio seems to have fallen for Elena hook, line and sinker! [fallen madly in love with]

My colleagues at the office played a joke on me, and I **fell for it hook, line and sinker**. [completely believed something which was not true]

I'm afraid you will have to **fall into line** and accept the company's rules and policy. [start to accept the rules of an organisation]

Here are two proverbs which include fall:

Pride comes before a fall. [if someone is too confident or arrogant, something bad will happen, which will show that they are not as good as they think they are]

The bigger they are / come, the harder they fall. [the more power or success someone has, the harder it will be for them to lose it]

See Unit 11 for more proverbs.

¹ done something which made people in authority stop liking or admiring them

² the wrong people obtain and control them

³ was ignored

⁴ dropped to a very low level

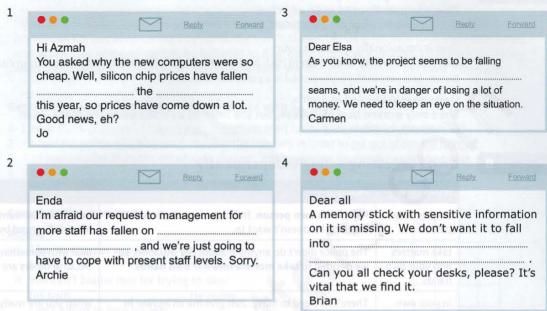
⁵ broke a law or regulation

⁶ did not come up to the standard of

⁷ done something which seemed like a good idea but was not wise

⁸ be in a very bad state and about to fail

59.1 Complete the emails with idioms from A opposite.



59.2 Rewrite the underlined part of each sentence using the word in brackets.

- 1 It seems that the prime minister's special adviser, Lily Sparks, <u>is not liked or respected any more</u>, and she is expected to resign soon. [GRACE]
- 2 Everyone had to accept the decision and work longer hours for the same pay. [LINE]
- 3 The deal broke the export regulations and had to be cancelled at the last minute. [FOUL]
- 4 The report <u>is not really</u> an outright condemnation of the government's actions, but it does contain strong criticism. [SHORT]

59.3 Complete each idiom.

- 3 I didn't really have to do anything to get the job. It just fell

59.4 Answer these questions.

- 1 What is the difference between falling for something hook, line and sinker and falling for a person hook, line and sinker?
- 2 What proverb could you use about someone who is over-confident and arrogant, and you suspect something bad will happen to them as a result?
- 3 True or false? If someone falls over themselves to do something, it means they have an accident.
- 4 What proverb could you use about a billionaire who lost all their money in one day and had to beg in the streets?

Own

Own as adjective, noun and verb

Own is frequently used as an adjective:

She's a woman after my own heart. [having the same opinions or interests as me]

Own is occasionally used as a noun:

Bicycles come into their own in rush hour, as they end up moving much faster than cars or buses. [are very useful or successful in a particular situation]

Own can also be used as a verb:

She's only worked here for a week, but she behaves as if she owns the place. [in an unpleasantly confident way]

Own suggesting acting independently

idiom	example	meaning
be your own person	Rajiv is his own person . Nobody can make him do anything he doesn't want to.	behaves as he wants to without being influenced by others
take matters into your own hands	The police didn't do anything about the situation, so we decided to take matters into our own hands .	deal with something ourselves because others are failing to act
in your own time	There's no need to hurry. Just give me an answer in your own time.	when you are ready
save your own skin	Don't expect her to support you – she's only wants to save her own skin.	protect herself from danger or difficulty, regardless of others
go their own ways	They've decided they can't live together any longer and are going to go their own ways .	separate (verb)
hold your own	Fazia is only 14, but she can hold her own in any adult conversation.	be as successful as anyone else

Own in idioms criticising people

Pilar: Mario's always saying how wonderful he is.

Maya: I know. He never stops blowing his own trumpet.

Pilar: His behaviour will cause him a lot of trouble.

Maya: Yes, he's digging his own grave, isn't he!

Pilar: It's his own fault that he's so unpopular.

Maya: I know, it's of his own making.

Pilar: Everyone thinks he's using his position to make money dishonestly.

Maya: Yes, they suspect him of feathering his own nest.

Pilar: The trouble is, it encourages others to use the same methods as he does.

Maya: That's right. I suppose they're trying to play him at his own game.

Pilar: Yes, they want to get revenge by showing him how unpleasant it is.

Maya: That's exactly it. They're trying to get their own back.

Language help

We always use own with a possessive form before it (e.g. his own making), not an article, e.g. the or an. The only exception to this rule is the idiom an own goal, e.g. 'The government's decision to raise taxes just before the election was very much an own goal.' [something which helped the other side rather than themselves]

60.1 Choose the correct word to complete each idiom.

I like Tina. She's her own [girl / person]. In fact, she's very much a woman after my own [heart / head]. But I'm not keen on her boyfriend, Karl. He's always blowing his own [trumpet / trombone], and when they come to my flat, he behaves as if he owns the [space / place]. I think it's time they went their own [roads / ways]. In fact, I really think she'd [come / get] into her own if they did.

60.2 Replace the underlined part of each sentence with an idiom.

- 1 I must think of a way of taking my revenge on Matt for playing that trick on me.
- 2 He told the police who had really planned the burglary in order to get out of trouble himself.
- 3 Tim was smaller than the other judo players, but he was as successful as anyone else.
- 4 You're making trouble for yourself by putting your boss in such a difficult position.
- 5 If women want to succeed in politics, they have to use the same methods as men.

60	0.3	Complet	e the	crossword	

401033			A COLUMN		L.	
2 The newspaper accused the politician of			2		13	3
trying tohis own nest.			aumster.	N N	15 0	
4 You can't blame him for trying to save				4	100	
his own He really				4	0	
can't afford to lose his job.				10	lad a	Journ
5 You'reyour own grave by going on strike.	5	6	7		8	0 a A
9 My problems may be	This die	arm B	or rich; or	11/4	9	umput hews
my own making, but that doesn't make it	10					-tweenples
any easier.	rin requ	m, sta	o bi vina	92	183	2.1
10 Just answer in your own			11	.51	1 190	
There's no rush.		L		- 9)	ni e	
11 The company has managed to						
its own, despite fierce com	petition.	ciation				
Down						
I admire Faye for always being her own		, ev	en when	it ma	akes h	er unpopular.
If the town council has no plans to improve the ap						
matters into our own?	id'i			91		
If we want to beat our competitors, we'll have to	play the	m at th	eir own .			
7 Henry had never been to such a luxurious hotel b						
he owned the place.	Hyply					
3 I'm afraid I scored an ownw	hen I tol	d my b	oss that	didi	n't rea	lly need a
pay rise.		,				
eather your own next = dishoneury ubailing adunto						
Over to you Massus Ashq E						
Note uses of own that you see in the course of your	reading o	over the	next we	ek. In	each	case.

think about whether it is being used ordinarily or idiomatically and write down any new

idiomatic uses of own that you find.

Key

Unit 1

- In 2009, I set off (phrasal verb) on a long journey. As I left my house, my neighbour shouted, 'Good luck!' (greetings and good wishes) I didn't know at that moment (prepositional phrase) that I would not see him again for three years. I boarded the plane (collocation) at Heathrow, and soon it took off (phrasal verb) for Malaysia. When we touched down (phrasal verb) in Kuala Lumpur, I couldn't wait to get off (phrasal verb) the plane. I took a bus (collocation) to the city centre (compound) and spent the night (collocation) at a youth hostel (compound). The first person I met was someone I had been at school (prepositional phrase) with years ago. 'It's a small world!' (saying or proverb) he said when he saw me.
- 1.2 My friend suggested that we join forces. 'There's safety in numbers,' he said. 'Let's hit the road together.' I was in two minds whether to go with him but finally decided to say yes. We travelled together for six months and had a whale of a time. We spent money like there was no tomorrow. I had to twist my dad's arm and persuade him to send me some more money so I could travel further.
- 1.3 1 c) a flash in the pan
 - 2 b) taken a shine to
 - 3 c) safe and sound
 - 4 b) put my foot in it
 - 5 b) as quiet as a mouse
- 1.4 1 b 3 a

Unit 2

- 1 False. Many idioms stay in frequent usage for a long time.
 - 2 True.
 - 3 True.
 - 4 True.
 - 5 False. Headline writers often play with idioms for humorous or dramatic effect, or to catch the reader's eye.
 - 6 False. They can be found in most types of speaking and writing (although they may be more frequent in some types, such as popular journalism and informal conversation).

 - 8 False. Idioms are used in academic writing, although these idioms are different from typical idioms used in speech or informal writing.
- 2.2 1 shape
 - 2 licking

4 effect 5 course

3 stone

- pricked
- 2.3 1 go up in the world

- 3 prick up your ears
- 2 lick your wounds
- 4 open the door to
- 2.4 1 a mountain-climbing organisation
 - 2 a boxing club
 - 3 be patient
 - 4 the person's conscience
 - 5 a hi-fi company

Unit 3

- 3.1 It gives information where necessary about the usage of the idiom (e.g. whether it is used in a literary or an informal context), and it gives examples of the idiom in a typical context.
 - 2 There are over 1 billion words of international English (e.g. British, American and Australian) taken from both spoken and written contexts.
 - 3 It is informal.
- 3.2 1 slang (Get off your backside means 'stop being lazy'.)
 - 2 formal (Have occasion to do something means 'need to do something'.)
 - 3 offensive (The shit hits the fan means 'a situation causes a lot of trouble'.)
 - 4 informal (Know something inside out means 'know everything about a subject'.)
 - 5 literary (Not soil your hands means 'not become involved in something unpleasant or bad'.)
 - 6 old-fashioned (Send someone to Coventry means 'refuse to speak to someone as a punishment'.)
 - 7 humorous (Pigs might fly means 'there is no chance at all of something happening'.)
- 3.3 1 Henry will help you deal with these forms. He knows the system inside out.
 - 2 They think he's the boss of the criminal gang, but he never soils his hands by committing crimes personally.
 - 3 Joey can be so lazy. I wish he'd get off his backside.
 - 4 'I won't be late to work ever again.' 'Oh yes, and pigs might fly!'
 - 5 If Greg finds out what you've done, the shit will hit the fan.
 - 6 I live very close to the hospital, but luckily I've never had occasion to go there.
 - 7 She had lied to them, and so they **sent her to Coventry**.
- 3.4 At the time of writing, the Phrase Finder website gives a definition of the phrase, and a long description of its origin and history.

The search engine Google finds 20,900,00 sites using this idiom. A search for 'like it or lump it news' gets 32,400,00 results. Some of these sites directly discuss the idiom, while many provide examples of it in a range of different contexts.

3.5 SPORTS MINISTER HOPPING MAD

John Hamilton has <u>made a name for</u> himself by <u>running a tight ship</u> at the Ministry of Sport. So it was no surprise to his staff that he reportedly '<u>went spare</u>' when he learnt what had been going on <u>behind his back</u>. Two of his leading advisors had been <u>feathering their own nests</u> with government money intended for young people's sports organisations. 'Such behaviour <u>is</u> quite <u>beyond the pale</u>,' said Hamilton, 'and the two people concerned have already been given the sack'.

Meaning of idioms from 'Sports Minister Hopping Mad':
hopping mad = very angry
make a name for = become famous or respected for
run a tight ship = control something firmly and effectively
go spare = be extremely angry
behind someone's back = without someone knowing
feather your own nest = dishonestly use your position to get money for yourself
be beyond the pale = be unacceptable
be given the sack = be dismissed from your job

- **4.1** 1 They make a comparison.
 - 2 In literary writing, e.g. poetry
 - 3 Those used in literary contexts are original, and the comparison is intended to make the reader think; those used in idioms have become so much part of the language that speakers rarely still notice the original comparison.
 - 4 It can help to make sense of the meaning of the idiom, and thinking about the image underlying the idiom may help you to learn and remember the idiom.

- **4.2** 1 have something up your sleeve
 - 2 get / be given your marching orders / pull rank on
 - 3 uncharted waters
 - 4 take centre stage
- **4.3** 1 minefield 5 point, light
 - 2 launch 6 pull
 - 3 mark 7 at
 - 4 see 8 bluff
- **4.4** 1 Everyone else was laughing, but Katie couldn't see the joke.
 - 2 Eva is going / getting nowhere with her research.
 - 3 BritTel is going to join forces with SatCom to lobby the government.
 - 4 The teacher saw red when Matt refused to do his homework.
 - 5 The errors in the report really weren't Sam's fault, but he took / got the flak for them.
 - 6 Tina is hoping her father will eventually see reason / sense and let her drive the family car.
 - 7 Unfortunately, my brother's transport business was a casualty of the rise in fuel prices.
 - 8 As the president of a major company, Ross is used to taking centre stage.

Unit 5

- 5.1 1 from the cradle to the grave still like side and perchastion before about 100 ab
 - 2 to clip someone's wings and seven sold vibbut and distigator and or seeds year sold 1 a
 - 3 the tip of the iceberg
 - 4 out of your own pocket
- 5.2 1 My sister is always buying up-to-the-minute gadgets.
 - 2 Correct.
 - 3 My grandad's always talking about the good old days.
 - 4 They've been engaged for six months but haven't made any plans about when they're going to tie the knot.
 - 5 Correct.
 - 6 Engineering isn't the kind of job that every Tom, Dick or Harry could do.
- 5.3 1 mountain

4 pocket

2 numbered

5 bear

- 3 spirit
- 5.4 1 You'll pass your driving test if you really want to where there's a will, there's a way.
 - 2 I get bored if I always do the same things at the weekend variety is the spice of life.
 - 3 Sh! Be quiet! There's no need to talk at the top of your voice.
 - 4 He never saves any money. He spends whatever he has. <u>Easy come</u>, easy go is his motto.
 - 5 I was so upset when I failed the exam. I cried my eyes out.
 - 6 She's a total optimist she always manages to look on / see the bright side.

- **6.1** 1 be blown away by
 - 2 be on the same wavelength
 - 3 fringe benefits
- **6.2** 1 Fringe benefits are extra benefits you get with a job apart from your pay, and a fringe is hair that hangs down over your forehead.
 - 2 Non-digital radio stations broadcast their programmes on particular FM or AM wavelengths. If two people are on the same wavelength, they think in the same way.

- 3 If you are *blown away* by a performance, you are amazed and impressed because it is so good. A trumpet is an example of a *wind* instrument. A strong wind can also 'blow you away'.
- 4 Part and parcel refers to a necessary part of the job, and postmen have to deliver parcels.
- 5 Film stars act, and get your act together means to organise yourself and resolve a problem.
- **6.3** 1 The money was burning a hole in my pocket.
 - 2 Her two brothers don't see eye to eye and haven't spoken to each other for over a year.
 - 3 Learning how to manage your finances is part and parcel of becoming an adult.
 - 4 It's time you got **your act together** and found a job!
 - 5 The president refused to make a decision and was accused of sitting **on the fence**.
 - 6 My computer crashed, so I'm back to square one with my assignment.
- **6.4** 1 c
 - 2 d
 - 3 a
 - 4 b

Over to you Possible answers:

it never rains but it pours: a company that makes raincoats, umbrellas or wellington boots fighting fit: a judo club, a boxing club, a gym two left feet: a dance school

Unit 7

- **7.1** 1 catch
- 5 worth
- 2 fresh
- 6 thousand
- 3 dropped
- 7 throw

- 4 bat
- 7.2 1 US

- 5 US
- 2 Britain
- 6 Britain
- 3 Britain
- 7 Britain

- 4 US
- **7.3** 1 You have to pay the deposit for hiring the boat in hard cash. (British)
 - 2 Rhiannon and her sister have always fought like cats and dogs. (US)
 - 3 It was such a sad film / movie I cried buckets. (US)
 - 4 There's a lot of donkey work to be done before we can open the new restaurant. (British)
 - 5 Having such perfect weather on holiday was the icing on the cake. (British)
 - 6 Having to stay late at work on a holiday weekend really took the cake. (US)
 - 7 What's happened? You look like the cat that ate the canary. (US)
- 7.4 1 donkey work
 - 2 the icing / frosting on the cake
 - 3 fight like cat and dog / like cats and dogs

Unit 8

- 8.1 You have to be prepared to go the extra mile if you want to get promoted.
 - 2 Correct.
 - 3 This shampoo is great it does exactly what it says on the tin.
 - 4 I'd never share an apartment with her she'd be the flatmate from hell.
 - 5 Correct.
- 8.2 1 Too much information
- 4 I'm cool with that
- 2 whatever floats your boat
- 5 Don't even go there

3 big time

5 End of

- 8.3 1 doesn't float my boat shakenesses you somemore and you would see you'll se
 - 2 fall off the radar
 - 3 go the extra mile
 - 4 big time 150 allowed as a superior and a superior bounded as the state of the superior and a s

8.4 Possible answers:

- 1 This doesn't make sense it would be annoying or upsetting to live next door to the neighbours
- 2 This doesn't make sense being happy about something is the same as being cool with it.
- 3 This makes sense, as loving the painter's work is the opposite of it not floating the speaker's boat.
- 4 This doesn't make sense nailing jelly to a wall means that something is hard to do; if someone is honest and open, then it is easy to see and understand their feelings and opinions.

Unit 9

- 9.1 1 My new dress fits **like** a glove.
 - 2 You'll need to run **like** the wind to catch the train.
 - 3 She's as thin as a rake.
 - 4 Ana always looks as fresh **as** a daisy.
 - 5 He drove off like a maniac.
 - 6 Her mouth felt as dry as a bone.
 - 7 Their son is as bright as a button.
 - 8 Her hair felt as smooth as silk
- 9.2 1 dust

4 a bone

2 crystal

5 mud

3 thieves

- 9.3 1 Tom and Rosa have been fighting like cat and dog recently.
 - 2 Amy went as red as a beetroot when Lasse commented on her new dress.
 - 3 When our teacher asks the class a difficult question, Hatsuki usually answers as quick as a flash.
 - 4 It was early Sunday morning, and the house was as silent as the grave.
 - 5 Emma was all over Jakob like a rash at the barbecue last week.
 - 6 All her sisters are as poor as church mice. (Notice how this simile is made plural to match the plural subject.)
 - 7 Caterina felt as fresh as a daisy after her shower.
 - 8 The students in my class are great hardworking, punctual and keen as mustard.
- 1 Yes, he had a face like thunder. 4 Yes, I've been working like a dog. 9.4

 - 2 Yes, he's as stubborn as a mule.
- 5 Yes, she's as keen as mustard.
- 3 Yes, he was driving like a maniac.

Unit 10

10.1 black and blue

neck and neck

little by little

bumper to bumper

here, there and everywhere

give or take (Notice that we also say give and take, but it has a different meaning: For a relationship to work, you need a lot of give and take. [compromise])

nook and cranny

hit and miss (Hit or miss is also possible and has the same meaning.)

neat and tidy

wear and tear

- 1 bumper to bumper 5 nook and cranny 2 here, there and everywhere 6 neat and tidy 3 wear and tear 7 neck and neck 4 little by little 8 give or take
- **10.3** 1 'The **hustle and bustle** of market day.'
 - 2 'He's a United supporter through and through.'
 - 3 'Heads or tails?'
 - 4 'Her two dogs are like chalk and cheese.'
- 10.4 1 People started to enter the room in dribs and drabs.
 - 2 Jack's commitment to work waxed and waned throughout the year.
 - 3 Have a few days' rest and you'll be **out and about** in no time.
 - 4 I've told him time after time (also time and time again) not to leave his car unlocked.
 - 5 The work required a lot of **blood**, sweat and tears, but it was worth it.
 - 6 The whole team's been at sixes and sevens since Kay resigned.
 - 7 I keep dropping things today I'm all fingers and thumbs.
 - 8 My mum and I are like chalk and cheese, but we get on well.

Unit 11

- 11.1 1 e la la glue inscrive entre a mide instru de buisse à la desta de la desta de la desta de la companya de
 - 2 d gallet ald the House built is 5 c all the documents become military
 - 3 a
- **11.2** 1 It takes two to tango. 4 Every cloud has a silver lining.
 - 2 It never rains but it pours. 5 Rome wasn't built in a day.
 - 3 All's fair in love and war. 6 Where there's a will, there's a way.
- 11.3 We had no tent, so we made a shelter out of branches and leaves to protect ourselves from the storm. It was a case of **necessity** is the mother of invention.
 - 2 I'm doing three jobs at the moment to pay for my studies. Still, they say that **variety** is the spice of life!
 - 3 I went to the gym every day for three months and felt so much fitter. It was very hard work but **no** pain, **no** gain.
 - 4 I decided that bungee jumping was too dangerous and didn't go with my friends better to be safe than **sorry**.
 - 5 We've got ten laptops at half-price. But hurry it's first come, first served.
 - 6 Three big bills at the same time? It never rains but it pours!
- 11.4 1 When we got there, they had given away all the free tickets. It was a case of first come, first served.
 - 2 Take your time and don't be impatient. Rome wasn't built in a day!
 - 3 It's a shame you missed your flight, but at least we can spend more time together. They do say every **cloud** has **a** silver **lining**.
 - 4 All my problems seem to come at the same time. It's true what they say: it never **rains but** it pours!
 - 5 It's going to be a lot of hard work, but nothing **ventured**, nothing **gained**.
 - 6 They are both in the wrong. It takes **two** to **tango**.

- 12.1 1 the fat lady 4 fish 7 a horse 2 enough 5 bliss 8 it will out
 - 3 the bright side 6 after the event
- 1 B: No, I promise. Mum's the word.
 - 2 B: That's not fair! Give me a break! It's only the third time this week.
 - 3 B: Hmm. I'll believe it when I see it.

- 4 A: Get your skates on! We need to leave in five minutes.
- 5 B: Not at all. Good riddance!
- 6 B: Take it easy! Don't panic! I'll help you if you like.
- 7 B: Just give her a break. It's only her second day here.
- 8 B: So far, so good. But it's early days yet.
- 9 B: I don't know but I'm sure we'll find out. Truth will out.

12.3 1 Give me a break!

- 2 There are plenty more fish in the sea.
- 3 So far, so good.
- 4 It's not over until the fat lady sings.
- 5 Truth will out.
- 6 <u>Mum's</u> the word. Note that *mum* in this expression has nothing to do with mothers. It comes from an old word meaning 'silent'.

Over to you Possible answers:

Any friend of yours is a friend of mine: I like you, so I am sure I will like any friend of yours too.

Beauty is only skin deep: People who are good-looking do not always have good characters.

Money is the root of all evil: The reason people do illegal and immoral things is often money.

- A: Would it be all right if I bring my friend Jack to your birthday party?
- B: Of course. Any friend of yours is a friend of mine.
- A: I'm amazed that someone so beautiful can say and do such terrible things.
- B: Well, beauty is only skin deep, remember.
- A: I just can't understand why anyone would want to set fire to their own house.
- B: Well, money is the root of all evil. Perhaps they were hoping to claim on the insurance.

- 13.1 1 We don't receive many complaints, so we just deal with them on an ad hoc basis.
 - 2 They are now the **de facto** government and will remain in power until the election results are finalised.
 - 3 This sentence in your essay is a non sequitur it's not logically connected to your previous point.
 - 4 I could go on **ad infinitum** about the advantages of moving to the countryside.
 - 5 Whenever a new person takes over as manager, they disturb the **status quo**, at least to some extent.
 - 6 His lawyer claims he wasn't fully compos mentis when he admitted he was guilty.
- 13.2 1 There were no opportunities for discussion. The reform was presented as a fait accompli.
- 2 All players must be **au fait with** the rules of the game.
 - 3 I can't come out tonight because I have to work late. Oh well, c'est la vie.
 - 4 Of course I love being a movie star, but I must say that awards ceremonies are my bête noire.
 - 5 So Dan has been arguing with his boss again. Plus ça change!
 - and an 6. A lot of the parents are not very happy about the new headmaster's **laissez-faire** attitude to behaviour.
- **13.3** 1 False. A laissez-faire approach is relaxed.
 - 2 False. A de facto leader is a leader who has not been officially recognised as such.
 - 3 True.
 - 4 False. It is important not to include non sequiturs in your writing.
 - 5 True.
 - 6 False. If you are compos mentis, you are in control of your actions.
 - 7 False. A fait accompli is a completed action that cannot be changed.
 - 8 True.

Over to you Possible answers:

cream of the cream - the crème de la crème

The expression is used to describe the very best examples of people or things; the cream sits on top of the milk.

it does not follow - non sequitur

The expression is used to refer to a statement which does not follow on logically from what was previously said.

a done deed - a fait accompli

If a deed is done, then it cannot be changed. Note that we do also use the expression a done deed.

Unit 14

- 14.1 1 a 2 b 3 a 4 a 5 b 6 a 7 b 8 a 9 b
- 14.21 deck3 in5 high7 storm2 wind4 taken6 board8 weathering
- **14.3** 1 c 3 e 5 b 2 f 4 a 6 d
- 14.4 1 I try to give the city centre a wide berth on Saturdays if I possibly can.
 - 2 Jaime's mother was taken aback by his decision to leave school.
 - 3 Amy's plans to buy a new car went by the board when she lost her job.
 - 4 Their relationship has been on the rocks for some months.
 - 5 Asim runs a tight ship.
 - 6 The cost of home insurance has risen in the wake of last summer's floods.
 - 7 We were **left high and dry** when the babysitter didn't turn up.
 - 8 I know it's been hard for you, but I'm sure you'll weather the storm.

Unit 15

15.1	1 warpath	3 arms	5 fighting
	2 bombshell	4 shell	6 beat
15.2	shoot down in flames baptism of fire a flash in the pan	a battle of wills run the gauntlet hang / hold fire	
15.3	1 hang / hold fire2 baptism of fire3 a flash in the pan	4 run the gauntlet 5 shot down in flames 6 a battle of wills	

When Ali graduated, he decided he didn't want to join the ranks of commuters struggling to work every day. He wanted to set up his own online gift-ordering business so that he could work from home. He knew it was a risk but felt he would have at least a fighting chance of success. Initially, he and a college friend planned to start the business together. Ali had the idea and Igor, his friend, had the money to invest in the company. But then just weeks before the launch, Igor dropped a bombshell: he said he no longer wanted to be part of Ali's plans. Despite Ali's attempts to persuade him to hang / hold fire on his decision, Igor said he was no longer prepared to take the risk and was going to beat a retreat before it was too late. However, two weeks later Igor stole a march on Ali by launching his own online gift-ordering company. Ali was shell-shocked by this betrayal, but he soon came out fighting. He took Igor's behaviour as a call to arms and has persuaded a bank to lend him the money he needs. Ali's introduction to the business world has certainly been a baptism of fire, but I'm sure he will be really successful on his own.

Over to you

Here are some typical examples of sentences using these idioms.

The last thing he needed at the moment was an outraged husband on the warpath.

It took a while for the true magnitude of his achievement to dawn on the crowd, *shell-shocked* as they were by the defeat of their hero.

On 1 November they told us that normal Christmas arrangements would apply – that we would work for most of the holiday period – then they *dropped this bombshell* on 22 November and said we would be off for two weeks.

Freshers were obliged to *run a gauntlet* of computer software, insurance and Student Railcard salesmen and a host of banks seeking their overdrafts, before reaching the union societies' billeted in the sports hall.

Unit 16

- 16.1 1 go off the rails 3 do a U-turn 2 run out of steam
- 1 life in the slow lane
 2 done a complete U-turn
 3 gone off the rails
 4 run out of steam
 5 go / move / step up a gear
 6 at / behind the wheel
- 16.3 1 e 2 c 3 a 4 f 5 b

6 d

16.4 1 c 2 a 3 c 4 a

Over to you Possible answers:

Drive someone round the bend means to annoy or irritate someone: Be quiet! You're driving me round the bend!

A back-seat driver is a passenger in a car who keeps giving advice to the driver that the driver has not asked for. It also means someone trying to control what happens, even though it is not their responsibility: Even though we have a new director, the old one still seems to be a back-seat driver in the company.

Step on it means to drive faster or to hurry up (informal). We can also say 'step on the gas', meaning put your foot on the accelerator in a car to make it go faster: Step on it! We have to be there in five minutes! Put the brakes on means to slow down or stop an activity: The government has put the brakes on airport expansion because of climate change.

Give / get the green light means give / get permission for someone to do something or for something to happen: The architects have been given the green light to build a new bridge over the River Handa.

- 17.1 1 Yes, she thinks she's the cat's whiskers.
 - 2 Yes, it's a dog's life!
 - 3 No, I haven't got a cat in hell's chance.
 - 4 Yes, he has a real **dog-in-the-manger** attitude. (Notice the use of hyphens when the idiom is used as an adjective.)
- 17.2 1 the elephant in the room
 - 2 a wolf in sheep's clothing
 - 3 straight from the horse's mouth
- 4 to sort (out) the sheep from the goats
- 5 shedding crocodile tears
- 6 until the cows come home

- 17.3 1 horse 2 leopard 3 cows 4 parrot 5 sheep, lamb
- 17.4 1 Don't cry wolf or no one will help when you really need it. having you a middle
 - 2 The minister sheds crocodile tears about homelessness, but does nothing about it.
 - 3 I hate our neighbours' dog-in-the-manger attitude they don't want the parking space but they won't let us have it.
- 4 We can discuss it **until the cows come home**, but I won't change my mind.

Over to you Possible answers:

A snake in the grass: someone who pretends to be your friend but is really an enemy. A big fish in a small pond: an important person in a not very important place. To smell a rat: to suspect something.

Unit 18

- 18.1 I wonder what is really behind the president's decision. I'm sure there's more to it than meets the eye.
 - 2 Melissa is head and **shoulders** above her brother when it comes to maths.
 - 3 I'm sure we can think of a good present for Jim if we put our **heads** together.
 - 4 Kasia really loves getting her teeth into a new project.
 - 5 You mustn't bury your **head** in the sand problems don't go away if you ignore them.
 - 6 It was one in the **eye** for Liliana's brother when she passed her driving test first time it had taken him five attempts.
- **18.2** 1 respect 2 to speak 3 starting 4 respect 5 less nice
- **18.3** 1 f
 - 2 d
 - 3 h
 - 4 c
 - 5 b
 - 6 a 7 e
 - 8 g
- 18.4 1 I'd give my right arm to go to Japan with you!
 - 2 After some teething troubles, the business began to do well.
 - 3 I find it very hard to get my tongue round some Welsh place names.
 - 4 I don't know why they're pointing the finger at me I'm not guilty.
 - 5 I'm not very good at maths, but my brother has a good head for figures.
 - 6 I hope I'm not treading on your toes, but could I suggest you try a different approach?
 - 7 Paulo's speech at the wedding made my toes curl!
 - 8 I don't see how you can keep your finger on the pulse if you never watch TV or listen to the radio.

- **19.1** 1 play / keep your cards close to your chest
 - 2 hold all the cards
 - 3 Monopoly money

- 4 the dice are loaded against (someone)
- 5 dicing with death
- 6 play your ace / play your trump card
- 19.2 1 I felt I was dicing with death riding at high speed on the back of his motorbike.
 - 2 | played / kept my cards close to my chest and didn't mention that I was going to resign soon.
 - 3 He's so rich. He spends money as if it were Monopoly money.
 - 4 The barrister played his ace / played his trump card and revealed the final piece of evidence.
 - 5 I wanted a job in politics, but felt **the dice were loaded against me** as I had no personal contacts in the political world.
 - 6 Masa is so much more qualified and experienced than I am. He **holds all the cards** if we both apply for the same job.

19.3 1b Ivana 2c Jung 3d Gina 4a Joseph

- 19.4 1 Jin's in a very powerful position; he holds all the cards.
 - 2 The teacher has **moved** the **goalposts** so many times that none of the students knows what the rules are any more.
 - 3 Liam is very direct with people; he never pulls any punches.
 - 4 What? The headteacher changed the holiday from a whole day to a half day! Poor kids! It's just not **cricket**, is it?
 - 5 The two presidential candidates have played **hardball** recently and have made quite personal attacks on each other.
 - 6 Advertising on TV is not the same as it was 20 years ago; it's a whole **new ball game** now.
 - 7 Everyone felt **punch-drunk** after six hours of political debate.
 - 8 At 10 pm on the night of the election, the president threw in the sponge / towel and admitted he had lost.

- 20.1 1 a Trojan horse
 - 2 Achilles' heel

- 3 the sword of Damocles
- 4 Pandora's box
- 20.2 1 New financial regulations are hanging over the banking industry like **the sword of Damocles**.

 Bankers are extremely worried.
 - 2 One famous type of computer virus works like a Trojan horse. It attacks your computer from inside the system.
 - 3 He's a good worker in many ways, but planning is his **Achilles' heel**. He's so disorganised.
 - 4 She opened a Pandora's box when she started investigating corruption in the building industry.
- 20.3



- 20.4 1 Julia's parting shot as she walked out of the room was to say that she never wanted to see any of us ever again.
 - 2 The police left no **stone** unturned in trying to trace the missing child.
 - 3 Piero fell on his sword and accepted full responsibility for the disaster.
 - 4 She really has the Midas touch everything she does is hugely successful.
 - 5 It was a task of epic **proportions**, but everyone tried their hardest to succeed.
 - 6 We should continue to work hard and not rest on our laurels.
 - 7 If we are faced with a violent attack, we should just turn the other **cheek** and not react.
 - 8 Doing nothing at this stage would be like **fiddling** while Rome burns.

Unit 21

- 21.1 1 The film is about two star-crossed lovers and their relationship.
 - 2 Max and his friends ate me out of house and home.
 - 3 Harry's driving made my hair stand on end, but we arrived safely.
 - 4 He set off on a wild-goose chase to find the buried treasure he'd read about.
 - 5 Masha prepared a delicious meal in the twinkling of an eye.
 - 6 The green-eyed monster is responsible for many crimes of passion.
 - 7 The reviewer didn't praise the play subtly he laid it on with a trowel.
- **21.2** 1 true, smooth 2 end 3 house 4 eye 5 swoop
- 21.3 1 make your hair stand on end
 - 2 a wild-goose chase
 - 3 lay it on with a trowel
 - 4 the green-eyed monster
- 21.4 1 The bank robbers left the country after they had cleverly managed to send the police off on a wild-goose chase.
 - 2 The ghost story David told made my hair stand on end.
 - 3 Maya and Harry's relationship was destroyed by the green-eyed monster.
 - 4 Simply tell your daughter that you like her work. There's no need to lay it on with a trowel.

Over to you

pound of flesh: something owed but which it is unreasonable to demand, e.g. *People accuse the taxman of always making sure he gets his pound of flesh.*

send someone packing: ask someone to leave at once, e.g. I can't face any visitors, so if anyone comes to the door, just send them packing.

Unit 22

- **22.1** 1 Man Friday
- 3 Prince Charming
- 5 Aladdin

2 Hyde

- 4 Big Brother
- 22.2 1 My sister's getting married next week. I'm so happy she's found her Prince Charming.
 - 2 The Internet service providers know exactly which websites we visit Big Brother is watching us all the time.
 - 3 My life is totally chaotic. I need a Man Friday / Girl Friday to help me with everything.
 - 4 The old cupboard was an Aladdin's cave of valuable objects.
 - 5 Roberto is a real Jekyll and Hyde character. You can never predict how he's going to behave.
- 22.3 1 Don't worry, it's just a storm in a teacup.
 - 2 He wants to borrow a lot of money to go travelling, but paying it back could become an albatross around his neck.
 - 3 Why are you just getting a new fridge and cooker? Why not **go the whole hog** and get a new kitchen?
 - 4 He's always got some new money-making plan or scheme, but most of the time they're just castles in the air.
 - 5 I met him ten years ago and then saw him again last year. We seem to **be like ships that pass in the night**.
- **22.4** 1 d
 - 2 a
 - 3 c
 - 4 b
- 22.5 1 castles in the air

3 ships that pass in the night

2 storm in a teacup

4 ivory tower

	Unit 23 In June 3d Gina da Joseph		
23.1	21.1 The film is about two star-breased lovel with unerstand with the star brease and the wind the war and high lends at time out of neurs and the war and the war star by the star by a s		
23.2	Alain was always eating sweet things, but after the dentist gave him several fillings, I think he's learnt his lesson. Florence seems to be burning the candle at both ends at the moment – going to parties every night and then getting up early to study. Dev started telling the IT manager how to set up a spreadsheet. Talk about teaching your grandmother to suck eggs! I keep forgetting that I can use online banking to pay my bills. You can't teach an old dog new		
	tricks, I suppose. Frida has set her sights on becoming CEO, and after her latest promotion, she's well on the way After his rude behaviour, Oli's mother decided to teach him a lesson and didn't let him play wit his friends.		
23.3	1 Ralf 2 Rajesh 3 Imogen 4 Hailey 5 Tom 6 Meredith		
23.4	 No. If your work comes on in leaps and bounds, you are making progress. No. If something sticks in your mind, you remember it. Yes. Yes. No. If something goes in one ear and out the other, you forget it very quickly. No. If you work round the clock, you are working all the time, so you will be tired. 		
24.1	Unit 24 1 Clara 2 Rob 3 Matthew 4 Julian		
24.2	 I try my best to do my job well, but sometimes I feel as if I'm just a cog in the machine. I don't want to throw a spanner in the works, but I think you should apply for official permission first. I worry sometimes that we're just reinventing the wheel in our research. I'm afraid I couldn't print the document; our printer is on the blink. There was a power failure and everything went haywire. She should be able to write a simple text message. I mean, it's not rocket science, is it? I think we're light years away from finding a cure for this terrible disease. 		
24.3 24.4	8 Why change the system? If it ain't broke, don't fix it! 1 b 2 c 3 a 4 c 1 My school was new. We had all kinds of cutting-edge technology. 2 Suddenly, everything went haywire, and there was complete chaos. 3 She felt she was just a cog in the machine and that no one ever noticed her. 4 The city council set the wheels in motion for the construction of the new park.		

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Unit 25 25.1 3 h 4 f 5 6 25.2 1 an armchair critic 2 waiting in the wings 3 have your name in lights 4 do a hatchet job on something 5 rolling in the aisles 6 keep you on the edge of your seat 25.3 Possible answers: 3 stage in a theatre 1 support / admire 2 reassure / calm 4 A lot of / Lots of 25.4 1 Richard is a leading light in the local tennis club. 2 The teacher picked holes in my essay. 3 Don't worry about your presentation. It'll be all right on the night. 4 The dog stole the show. 5 She spent years treading the boards before getting a part in a TV soap. 6 The new manager is good at playing to the gallery. 7 The book was very heavy going. 8 I can't believe that the Sunday News critic described such a boring novel as a page-turner. Unit 26 26.1 1 d 2 f 3 g 4 h 5 6 C 7 b 8 26.2 1 Ana is the **spitting image of** her mother – she looks just like her. 2 How could you harm your brother? He's your own flesh and blood. 3 She was born in 1986. In 1983, she was just a twinkle in her father's eye. 4 All her nearest and dearest gathered round her for a family photo on her 90th birthday. 5 I'd hate the sort of family where everybody lives in each other's pockets. 6 He's 42 and still living with his parents. Most people fly the nest a lot earlier. 7 All of her sisters are really musical too. It must **run in the family**. 8 Max is as generous as his dad. He's a chip off the old block. 26.3 1 Chelsea 2 Zenab 3 Lidia 4 Connor 5 Ashley

- **26.4** 1 If he has the ear of the boss, we should let him represent us.
 - 2 Joanna was a tower (or pillar) of strength when I was going through a bad time.
 - 3 Amina has invited **an old flame** of hers to the party on Saturday.
 - 4 My friend Ali has stood by me through thick and thin.
 - 5 He was **footloose and fancy-free** until he was 25; then he got married.
 - 6 Raisa and I go back a long way.

Unit 27

- **27.1** 1 up 2 parts 3 kids 4 strings 5 mine
- **27.2** 1 Concentrate on your homework and stop playing **the** fool!
 - 2 I hope Joe doesn't come to the party he's such a wet blanket.
 - 3 I suppose that everyone ultimately has to look out for **number** one.
 - 4 Kate volunteers for all the jobs that no one else will do she's a real glutton for **punishment**.
 - 5 I always said she was a loose **cannon**, so I'm not surprised she's causing trouble.
 - 6 The newspapers are claiming that the prince is a love rat.
 - 7 Be extra kind and calm with Jarek he's very highly strung.
 - 8 Everyone admires the young entrepreneur for his get-up and go.
- 27.3 1 a wet blanket 3 have (plenty of) strings to your bow
 - 2 a man of many parts 4 a whizz kid as a selection as beads in
- 27.4 1 I'm really scared about meeting them. I'm sure they'll eat me for breakfast.
 - 2 I don't want to be a wet blanket, but please can you turn the music down? It's too loud.
 - 3 Some say that to succeed in business, you need to look out for number one.
 - 4 There always seems to be a child in every class who plays the fool to make the other pupils laugh.
 - 5 Martina would be easier to live with if she weren't so highly strung.
 - 6 Some see him as a loose cannon, but this is unfair.

Unit 28

- **28.1** 1 counter 4 fiddle, wool, eyes
 - 2 lining their, pockets 5 taking, ride
 - 3 job
- 28.2 1 f 2 e 3 c 4 h 5 g 6 d 7 a 8 i 9 b
- **28.3** 1 True. 3 True.
 - 2 False. They themselves run away,
 4 False. They spend time in prison.
 usually from trouble.

- 29.1 1 at the top of the ladder 3 a sleeping / silent partner
 - 2 a golden handshake 4 a foot in the door
- 29.2 1 She founded the company, but she's not very active in it now. She's just a sleeping / silent partner.
 - 2 He desperately wanted to work in the film industry, so he got a job carrying camera equipment to get a foot in the door.
 - 3 When he retired, the company gave him a golden handshake.
 - 4 It took him years to become chief executive, but he's at the top of the ladder now.
- 29.3 1 No. If you have a good track record, you have a history of success, not failure.
 - 2 No. A cushy number is a very easy job.
 - 3 Yes.
 - 4 Yes.

- 5 No. If you are doing a roaring trade, you are selling lots of goods.
- 6 No. If a company goes belly up, it has failed and usually closes.
- 7 No. If a company corners the market, they are very successful and do not have any serious competitors.
- 8 Yes.
- 29.4 1 Our new online business is going great guns.
 - 2 Some airlines are in danger of going to the wall.
 - 3 That new farmers' market seems to be doing a roaring trade.
 - 4 Mr Olsen decided to **shut up shop** and retire to the coast.
 - 5 Another insurance company went bust last week.
 - 6 She realised she had hit a glass ceiling at work.

Unit 30

- **30.1** 1 saddled with debt
- 3 big fish in a small pond
- 2 throw someone a lifeline
- 4 cloud on the horizon
- **30.2** 1 rein in spending (riders use reins to guide the horse and control its speed)
 - 2 soar sky-high and take a nosedive
 - 3 birds soar sky-high and a plane can take a nosedive
 - 4 receive a windfall (the image is that of a strong wind blowing fruit off the trees unexpectedly early)
 - 5 a ballpark figure (the idiom comes from baseball)
 - 6 the bottom drops / falls out of the market (the image is of the bottom coming off a box, thus spilling all its contents)
- 30.3 1 The speaker said he was concerned about the way in which young people worship at the altar of instant gratification.
 - 2 Correct.
 - 3 Receiving a sizeable windfall from one of our investments allowed us to extend our premises.
 - 4 Changes in the company's structure will take place across the **board**.
 - 5 Jackson was **under** no illusions about how long it would take his business to get established.
 - 6 Correct.
 - 7 It's time we considered how we can take our business to the next level.
 - 8 The senior staff all fell into line with the new CEO's demands.
- 30.4 1 f
 - 2 g
 - 3 a
 - 4 h
 - 5 b
 - 6 d
 - 7 c
 - 8 e

Unit 31

- **31.1** 1 The speaker wants to know when Sandra will be free, e.g. to meet.
 - 2 The speaker is suggesting that they make contact with each other, or meet.
 - 3 Because it uses several words ('at this moment in time') where one ('now') would do equally well.
 - 4 Yes, it does.
- 31.2 1 have a window

3 push the envelope

2 the gloves are off

4 blue-sky thinking

- **31.3** 1 suck
- 3 box
- 5 dog
- 7 rock

- 2 fac
 - 2 fact 4 off
- 6 up
- 8 envelope

- 31.4 1 Do you have any points that you would like to bring to the table today?
 - 2 We need to prove that our products are at the cutting edge if we are to stay competitive.
 - 3 They've been working **24/7** to complete the project.
 - 4 The fact of the matter is that our previous advertising campaign was not as successful as we had hoped.
 - 5 I have a window on Thursday afternoon if that suits you.
 - 6 They chose Mark for the job because he ticked all the boxes.

- **32.1** Working as a security guard is money **for old rope**, unless someone actually tries to break in.
 - 2 He went from rags to riches, but he was always afraid he'd end up poor again.
 - 3 A lot of students find it difficult to **make ends meet** and end up borrowing money from the bank or from their parents.
 - 4 When I was a student, I was always **strapped for** cash, so I had to get part-time jobs.
 - 5 He's completely immoral about financial matters. He would **sell his own grandmother**.
 - 6 He sued the newspaper for libel, won his case and took them to the cleaners.
 - 7 They set up a social networking website. It was an instant success, and now they're laughing **all the way to the bank**.
 - 8 Why do I work so hard and such long hours? Well, someone has to bring home the bacon!
 - 9 Jessie paid me for that job I did last week, so I'm quids in. We can have a nice meal out tonight!
 - 10 I bought a new guitar at the weekend. It was going for a song at only £80.
- **32.2** In the current financial crisis, people are finding it harder to make ends **meet**.
 - 2 I'm tired of living on a **shoestring**. I need to earn more money.
 - 3 You should buy that old house it's going for a song.
 - 4 Spending money on ready-made meals is just throwing money down the drain.
 - 5 Did you know he took his girlfriend to the Caribbean for a luxury holiday? He must be absolutely **rolling** in it.
 - 6 We had lunch in a cheap and cheerful restaurant.
 - 7 I know you love that dress, but it's so expensive. There's no point in paying over the **odds** for it it's just not worth it.
 - 8 Why don't you buy her a bunch of flowers? It won't break the bank.
 - 9 Rachel is the main breadwinner in our family.
 - 10 I wish we had more money. I hate being so penny-pinching all the time.
- **32.3** 1 The prize is a **no-expense-spared** weekend in a London hotel *or* The prize is a weekend in a London hotel, **no-expense-spared**.
 - 2 Ivana is always going shopping. She must have **money to burn**.
 - 3 Kim has never had much money. She has always had to scrimp and save.
 - 4 If you like children, babysitting is money for old rope.
 - 5 Everyone has to go to work in order to **bring home the bacon**.
 - 6 You sold the car for £200 more than you paid for it, so you're quids in.
 - 7 (When it comes to making money), Rosie would sell her own grandmother.
 - 8 I don't make much money, so I find it almost impossible to make ends meet.
- **32.4** Answers from the author who wrote this unit
 - 1 a very expensive violin
 - 2 electronic gadgets
 - 3 Yes, a meal in a London restaurant
 - 4 Yes, a second-hand bicycle

Unit 33

self-made man second-class citizen chattering classes

grass roots silent majority

- 33.2 1 Politicians often lose touch with the grass roots and become isolated from the public.
 - 2 It's time the **silent majority** was heard, instead of the more vocal and aggressive minority.
 - 3 My father was a **self-made man**. He came from a poor background and worked his way up until he became quite rich.
 - 4 I'm sick of listening to the opinions of the **chattering classes**. What about the opinions of ordinary people?
 - 5 If you are poor, you may sometimes think you are a **second-class citizen** in terms of access to university.
- **33.3** Possible answers:
 - 1 Probably a bit nervous and apprehensive.
 - 2 Big cars which use an excessive amount of fuel and damage the environment.
 - 3 Celebrities, politicians, sports people, etc.
 - 4 Elderly people.
- **33.4** 1 False. They have very little influence or power in society.
 - 2 False. The gravy train refers to ways of making money quickly, easily and often dishonestly, usually through your position in society.
 - 3 False. It means educated people who enjoy discussing social, political and cultural issues.
 - 4 True.
 - 5 False. They win by a very large number of votes or a very large majority.
- **33.5** 1 eye
- 3 block

5 Big

- 2 gravy
- 4 grey, strings
- 6 enemy
- 33.6 1 Although Ollie receives all the media attention, his mother is the power behind the throne.
 - 2 In the election, the Green candidate won by a landslide.
 - 3 Everyone suspects that the elections were rigged.
 - 4 Mark is a self-made man.
 - 5 Journalists need to establish good contacts with the movers and shakers.

- 34.1
- 1 d 2 h
- 3 f
- 4 g
- 5 a
- 6 b
- 7 c
- 8 e
- When Sam first went travelling, he missed his **creature comforts**, like hot water and a soft bed. However, he loved being able to **go out on the town** at night with new friends in different countries. He had such an exciting time that he was usually too busy to eat a **square meal**, and so he just ate **on the hoof** from street markets. Sam is now back at work but is planning his next trip.
- 34.3 1 It's really busy! I don't know whether I'm coming or going!
 - 2 Well, I was at first, but now I'm fed up. They've outstayed their welcome.
 - 3 Yes, let's go out on the town together.
 - 4 It's OK. It's on the house.
 - 5 I was hoping to, but I'm afraid I'm going to have to give it a miss.
 - 6 Sorry. I'm too busy at work. I'll just have to have a sandwich on the hoof.
 - 7 Not really, we just **pass the time of day** sometimes.
 - 8 He's just trying to take each day as it comes.
 - 9 Oh, nothing in particular. I'm just having a bad hair day.
 - 10 Yes, he eats like a horse!

- **35.1** The company's new line of sportswear has been incredibly popular, and they've made a lot of money. They really **hit the** jackpot this time.
- 2 The end-of-term party really went with a swing. Everyone enjoyed themselves.
 - 3 That apple pie you made went down a treat with our dinner guests.
 - 4 We were freezing, so she gave us some hot chocolate to drink it really hit the spot.
 - 5 Everyone was in a happy mood and entered into the spirit of the fancy-dress ball.
 - 6 His lecture hit exactly **the right note**. Everyone enjoyed it and said it was very informative too.
 - 35.2
 - 1 stars in her eyes 3 music to my ears
 - 2 full of the joys of spring 4 be on a high
- - 35.3 1 After winning the race, I was on a high for the rest of the day.
 - 2 The decision to cancel the rugby match was music to my ears. I hadn't been looking forward to it at all.
- 3 Meeting the president was a dream come true.
 - 4 Shona was **full of the joys of spring** this morning. Something good must have happened.
 - 5 George has got stars in his eyes he's joined a rock band and given up his job.
 - 35.4 1 Sam Bagg's new album blew my mind.
 - 2 My sister is such a happy-go-lucky person. / My sister is so happy-go-lucky.
 - 3 Iris is full of the joys of spring today!
 - 4 He's as happy as Larry in his new job.
 - 5 This new series of adventure novels **strikes** (exactly) **the right note** for a teenage audience.
 - 35.5 1 The music festival went with a swing, and a lot of money was raised for charity.
 - 2 The song we wrote for the end-of-course party went **down** a treat **with** all the teachers.
 - 3 My cousin's got stars in her eyes ever since her music teacher told her she could be famous one day.
 - 4 Edward is such a happy-go-lucky person; he never worries about anything.

Over to you Possible answers:

You can play football to your heart's content when the exams are over, but now you must study! [do something pleasant for as long as you want to]

It's not a luxury hotel; it's **cheap and cheerful**. [cheap, but pleasant and attractive] I was **over the moon** when I heard the news! [very happy indeed]

- 36.1 1 Dad almost burst a blood vessel when I told him I'd driven into his car.
- 2 Lucy felt all **hot** and bothered after having to push her way onto the train.
 - 3 Dave saw **red** when he heard the boy speak so rudely to Maddie.
 - 4 You're in a bad temper today. What's rattled your cage?
 - 5 What Lily said to her mother really made my **blood** boil.
 - 6 It really gets my goat when you say such stupid things!
- 36.2 1 I'm a bundle of nerves. We say to a low of mill won and stall as as well light s
 - 2 I feel down in the dumps today.
 - 3 I have a sinking feeling about this exam.
 - 4 I'm running out of patience with that incompetent company.
 - 5 The argument I had with my best friend has knocked me for six.
 - 6 Wild horses couldn't make me apologise to Nick.
- 8 He's just trying to take each day at 8 He's just trying to take each day on it comes.
 9 Oh, nothing in particular. I'm just b 7 Comes. 36.3 8 c

- 36.4 Selfish behaviour makes my blood boil.
 - 2 The film's sad ending reduced Jess to tears. Will ad and lift of boths with many
 - 3 Cruelty to animals makes me see red.
 - 4 I am running out of patience with James.
 - 5 My brother's laziness gets my goat.
 - 6 I (could have) kicked myself for missing the train.
 - 7 What's rattled Paul's cage?
 - 8 I shouldn't let him make me so **hot and bothered**.
 - 9 Long walks in the countryside are not my bag.
 - 10 Your father will burst a blood vessel if you say you're dropping out of university.

36.5 Possible answers:

- 1 That TV programme about child poverty reduced me to tears.
- 2 I wouldn't give that politician's opinions house room.
- 3 Amos's arrogance gets my goat.
- 4 I was a bundle of nerves when I was waiting for my exam results.
- 5 I could have kicked myself when I let your secret slip.
- 6 Watching cricket is not my bag.
- 7 Wild horses couldn't make me sing in public.
- 8 My friend's accident knocked me for six.

Unit 37 to left by some be by some but Emma with 137 to left by the left by th

37.1 1 ball

3 pig's

5 plot

2 light

- 4 nightmare
- 37.2 1 pull the rug from under (my feet)
 - 2 can't see the wood for the trees
 - 3 a slap in the face
 - 4 sweep it under the carpet
- 37.3
 - 2 e
 - 3 a
 - 4 h
 - 5 f
 - 0 C
 - 0 ~
 - o g
- 37.4 1 lagree. We're in over our heads.
 - 2 I know, it's really put her nose out of joint.
 - 3 Yes, there's no point trying to sweep it under the carpet.
 - 4 You're right, I think he's lost / losing his touch.
 - 5 Good idea. At the moment we can't see the wood for the trees.
 - 6 Me too. I feel like I'm losing the plot!
 - 7 You're right. You can't take your eye off the ball.
 - 8 Yes, he's in a tight corner / spot.

- **38.1** 1 water under the bridge
 - 2 bone of contention
 - 3 let sleeping dogs lie
 - 4 to hold out an olive branch as allowing yellow at double assessment allowed by the state of th
 - 5 to put your foot down
 - 6 to put the cat amongst the pigeons

- 38.2 1 My mum was pretty easy-going about mess, but I remember she **put her foot down** and said no when we wanted to fill the bath with mud!
 - 2 We'd already agreed the schedule when the board asked us to bring the dates forward and that **put the cat amongst the pigeons**.
 - 3 We had a lot of disagreements when we were at school together, but I'm hoping that's all water under the bridge.
 - 4 The packaging for the new shower gel is a real **bone of contention** between the marketing department and the production team. They both want completely different designs.
 - 5 He was really difficult to work with for the first few weeks, but then he offered to get me a coffee the other day, which I think was his way of **holding out an olive branch**.
 - 6 I've had a lot of arguments with my father about what he said to me. He's not going to apologise, so I'm just going to **let sleeping dogs lie**.
- **38.3** 1 c 2 a 3 b 4 a 5 b 6 a
- **38.4** 1 Sylvia is very difficult to work with. She always <u>argues the toss</u>.
 - 2 Although the negotiations were difficult, we managed to find some <u>common ground</u> in terms of product development.
 - 3 When I told my dad I was thinking of dropping out of university, he put his foot down.
 - 4 A group of ministers refused to toe/tow the line and voted against the latest tax bill.
 - 5 Somebody should really <u>put Rashid in his place</u>. He can't keep telling everyone what to do.
 - 6 After our disagreement, I wanted to <u>let bygones be bygones</u>, but Emma still seemed very angry with me.

- **39.1** 1 False. The mayor is going through a difficult period.
 - 2 True
 - 3 False. It was made at the last minute.
 - 4 True.
 - 5 True.
 - 6 False. 'Marathon' means that they were long.
- **39.2** 1 in 3 under, of 5 ou 2 in 4 into
- **39.3** 1 The forest fires resulted in some entire villages being **engulfed in flames**.
 - 2 The robbers got into the house under cover of darkness.
 - 3 It will not be easy for the two sides to hammer out an agreement.
 - 4 The reasons for the bank manager's disappearance are still shrouded in mystery.
 - 5 The power cuts plunged the whole area into chaos.
- 39.4
 1 big
 4 uneasy
 7 last-ditch

 2 mounting
 5 for
 8 war-torn

 3 bloody
 6 blood
- **39.5** Possible answers:
 - 1 something totally covered by fire or water
 - 2 something going down very fast, often into water
 - 3 something totally covered a shroud is the cloth that traditionally covers a dead body
 - 4 a battle (The last ditch is the last part of an army's defences, i.e. the last point at which it can avoid defeat.)
 - 5 something being saved in the last few moments before disaster strikes (at 12 o'clock)
 - 6 a country divided into pieces by war.

They are all dramatic images, which is why journalists like them.

- 4 wildest dreams
 2 of its time
 5 packs, punch
 - 3 hands down 6 the mark
- **40.2** 1 Yes, there was a world **of difference between** them.
 - 2 Yes, it did us the world of good.
 - 3 Yes, he certainly lives life to the full.
 - 4 Yes, it certainly packs a punch.
 - 5 Yes, it must be hard to stand out **from the crowd** these days.
 - 6 Yes, it's taken years off her. I think I might have one done myself!
- **40.3** 1 b) in chess, the players make moves
 - 2 a) you use a watch to tell the time
 - 3 c) washing powder makes clothes clean
- 40.4 1 b
 - 2 c
 - 3 d
 - 4 e
 - 5 a

- **41.1** 1 least 3 foremost
 - 2 on 4 by 150 6 analysis units
- **41.2** Possible answers:
 - 1 On no account should we forget the history behind this conflict.
 - 2 In the final analysis, doctors must trust their own judgement.
 - 3 I can see both arguments, but on balance I am in favour of extending the school-leaving age.
 - 4 **First and foremost**, we must give a definition of family law before we can apply it to the case in question.
 - 5 Last but not least, let us consider the role of the media in this debate.
 - 6 By and large, the writer uses traditional poetic style.
- 41.3 1 Liberal right-wing policies sound like a contradiction in terms.
 - 2 In the main, I approve of the government's approach.
 - 3 The reform opens the door to an eventual solution of the problem.
 - 4 Once the papers are signed, this legal process is set in motion.
 - 5 As a matter of course, large companies outperform smaller companies. This is only to be expected.
 - 6 People who fail at school often succeed in later life. Einstein is a case in point.
 - 7 The research **points the way** to a future cure for the disease.
 - 8 Saying that boys achieve less at school does not give the whole picture.
 - 9 Advocating equal opportunity for all begs the question of how this can be achieved.
 - On the one hand, international law exists to protect people from the power of states. On the other hand, it can also restrict states from exercising their power to protect the interests of their own people.
- 41.4 1 The new building stands out like a sore thumb.
 - 2 An interesting painting caught my eye.
 - 3 It's hard to keep up with government policy, as it seems to **chop and change** all the time.
 - 4 Business success often goes **hand in hand with** good working conditions.

- **42.1** 1 put your shoulder to the wheel
 - 2 reach for the stars

- 3 turn over a new leaf
- 4 put your money where your mouth is
- **42.2** 1 The club needs money desperately. Charlie says he wants to help, so he should **put his money** where his mouth is.
 - 2 I know you don't want to tell her the bad news, but you have to bite the bullet.
 - 3 Come on, work harder! You have to put your shoulder to the wheel!
 - 4 The teacher told his students to be ambitious and to reach for the stars.
 - 5 You need to stop lying and be honest. It's time to turn over a new leaf.
- **42.3** 1 twice

3 trim

5 out

- 2 the apple cart
- 4 tempt

6 the changes

Possible answers:

- **42.4** 1 I think you've bitten off more than you can chew. / Don't bite off more than you can chew.
 - 2 I don't think it's a good idea to stick your neck out. / You shouldn't stick your neck out like that.
 - 3 I'm sorry, I can't help. I think you'll just have to tough it out.
 - 4 I think you're (skating) on thin ice, criticising her so strongly.

Over to you Look up these idioms in a good dictionary or at Cambridge Dictionaries Online if you do not know their meanings.

Examples of idioms with shoulder:

a shoulder to cry on

have a chip on your shoulder

shoulder to shoulder

give someone the cold shoulder

Examples of idioms with neck:

breathe down someone's neck

be a pain in the neck

be up to your neck in something

have the brass neck to do something

Unit 43

- 43.1
- 1 go 2 drop

4 split

7 stake 8 clanger

z drop

5 put

3 chair

- 6 between
- **43.2** 1 from the word go; at first glance
 - 2 nearly fell off my chair; a bolt from the blue; a real turn-up for the books
 - 3 for good measure; into the bargain; to say nothing of
 - 4 when all's said and done
 - 5 a lot at stake; more by luck than judgement
- **43.3** 1 There's a lot to be said for working in an open-plan office.
 - 2 For a split second, I believed Tom when he said he was moving to Australia; then I realised he was joking.
 - 3 At first glance, the project seemed quite simple.
 - 4 He passed his driving test first time, but I'd say it was more by luck than judgement.
 - 5 Between you and me, I think Abbie and Mike may be going out together.
 - 6 Their decision to marry was a real bolt from the blue.
 - 7 It was, to say the least / to put it mildly, a risky thing to do.
 - 8 Both the brothers are very clever, to say nothing of their brilliant sister.

- **43.4** 1 The party was fantastic delicious food, a great band and all my favourite people there for **good** measure.
 - 2 She's pretty, clever and nice into the bargain.
 - 3 When all's said and done, I think you made the right decision.
 - 4 No one thought the film would be a success, so it was a real turn-up **for** the books when it won three Oscars.
 - 5 I feel very nervous about this exam; there is a lot **at stake**.
 - 6 I didn't understand what he meant at first, but then the **penny** dropped.
 - 7 We got on really well from the word go.
 - 8 I think you were rather rude to her, to put it mildly.

- 44.1 1 Well, that's all we need!
 - 2 Huh! Fat chance!
 - 3 Felix? Ha-ha! Give me a break!
 - 4 You may well ask!
 - 5 Good riddance (to bad rubbish)! I could never stand her.
 - 6 Well, same difference.
 - 7 You're right. There's no time like the present.
 - 8 Nice work if you can get it.
- 44.2 1 False. It means you don't understand what they mean or who / what they are referring to.
 - 2 False. It is something you say to someone who has a boring life or does boring things; it means they should do more exciting things.
 - 3 True.
 - 4 False. It means you would love to have the same job if it were possible.
- **44.3** 1 They may be enjoying themselves now, but in the long run it will all **end in tears**.
 - 2 It says here in the paper that children prefer playing computer games alone to playing with their friends. What is the world coming to!
 - 3 I think Tara is unreliable and a liar. I wouldn't trust her as far as I could throw her.
 - 4 So Annika has been lying about how much money she makes? I thought as much.
 - 5 The new manager may make a difference to the company, or he may fail. Only time will tell.
 - 6 We should act now and not delay. There's no time like the present.
- **44.4** 1 e
 - 2 c
 - 3 f
 - 4 a
 - 5 b
 - 6 d

- **45.1** 1 You took the **words** right out of my mouth.
 - 2 Yes, that's about the size of it!
 - 3 Tell me about it!
 - 4 I think most of us are of the same mind about that.
 - 5 Well, in the end I thought, 'If you can't beat 'em, join 'em.'
- **45.2** 1 waters 4 hairs 7 differ 2 tree 5 mouth 8 minds
 - 3 hymn sheet 6 discord
- **45.3** 1 wrong 3 torn 5 odds 2 lone 4 like 6 message

- 45.4 1 There's a world of difference between being poor and not having as much money as you'd like. 2 I am at odds with everyone else in my family about where we should go on holiday. 3 Please do all you can to **pour oil on troubled waters**. I hate it when people argue. 4 The politician was sacked for not being on message. 45.5 Possible answers: 1 I beg to differ. 4 You're not wrong. 2 I'm in two minds about that. 5 Tell me about it. 3 I'm torn over that. 46.1 1 e 2 d 3 f 4 c 5 a 46.2 3 win your spurs 1 a paper tiger 2 built on sand 4 on a roll 46.3 1 The chef's new recipes went down a storm with the clientele. 2 My ideas for restructuring the company went down like a lead balloon. 3 The new prime minister is riding high at the moment. 4 I'm quite worried about starting my new job. I'm afraid I won't be able to cut the mustard. 5 I've been studying hard all year, so I hope I will be ahead of the game when it comes to taking my exams. 6 Poor Carl has been hit by a double whammy – losing his job and having a flood in his house. 3 storm 46.4 1 lead 4 recipe 2 trumps Unit 47 3 a 19 4 e III 5 b on a med not delay. There's no d 6 III e 4 e A 47.1 1 c 2 d 47.2 1 My old auntie Lily is **fighting fit**, even though she had an operation two months ago. 2 She's filthy rich: she owns a private jet and a massive yacht. 3 A man jumped into the fountain **stark naked** and was arrested by the police. 4 The new government had a squeaky-clean image until the recent scandal broke. 5 Erica has a razor-sharp mind and is the most intelligent person I know. 6 My feet and hands were stone cold, so I sat in front of the fire, had a bowl of piping hot soup and soon felt better. 7 I overcooked the meat, and it was bone dry. 8 We can't put the tent up here. The ground's rock hard.
- **47.3** 1 Things have hit **rock** bottom between my parents and their neighbours; they don't speak to each other any more.
 - 2 I couldn't sleep on that mattress it was rock hard.
 - 3 This vase is **bone** dry and the poor old flowers are dying!
 - 4 It is **crystal** clear to me that she is trying to deceive us all.
 - 5 They've spent a **small** fortune on furniture for their new house.
 - 6 Police report that more crimes are taking place in broad daylight.

- 47.4 1 filthy rich
 - 2 full stop
 - 3 a) a mere pittance b) a small fortune of womomot sussi by someta a fluid navial
 - 4 in broad daylight
- 47.5

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- 48.1 1 play cat and mouse
 - 2 play gooseberry
 - 3 play second fiddle and the second and second sour Saldadia, the mind are near all the
- 48.2 1 We want the directors to agree to our proposals, so we need to discuss our game plan.
 - 2 OK, kids the game's up. I know where you've been hiding my glasses!
 - 3 Martha has decided to apply to be the shop manager. She's been an assistant manager for five years and is tired of playing second fiddle.
 - 4 When you're looking for a new flat, location is the name of the game.
 - 5 I went to the cinema with Elena and her new boyfriend, but it was horrible playing gooseberry.
 - 6 I think that doctors sometimes go too far in their attempts to play God.
 - 7 We're still not ready to decide, so we need to **play for time** and not sign the contract yet.
- 48.3 1 I know, I know. Just play the game for now. There's nothing we can do about it.
 - 2 Maybe he's just playing it cool.
 - 3 Yes, he's promised not to play dirty. I using the race brought him down a peg or to
 - 4 No, much better to play it safe.
 - 5 Yes, it's definitely time we raised our game.
- 48.4 1 I'm fed up with him playing me for a fool.
 - 2 When people ask how the interview went, just play it cool.
 - 3 I think he behaves dishonestly because he enjoys playing games with people.
 - 4 Some businesses play dirty just to make more money.

49.1 1 baked

3 eye

5 measures

2 meet

- 4 mind
- 6 know
- 49.2 1 Amy was doing a crossword and listening to the radio with half **an** ear.
 - 2 **Given** half **a** chance, I'd leave my job and stay at home with the children.
 - 3 We had a really good plan, but Sophie pointed out all the things that were wrong with it. I find her just too clever by half.
 - 4 Writers say that coming up with a good idea for a novel is half **the** battle.
 - 5 I've a good mind to write a letter of complaint to your manager. Or I've half a mind to write ...
 - 6 I'm a perfectionist. I have no time for half-measures.
 - 7 I know it's hard to compromise but you should try to **meet** him halfway.

- 49.3 1 He's too clever by half in my opinion!
 - 2 Not half!
 - 3 Given half a chance, I'd leave tomorrow, lottery or no lottery!
 - 4 It isn't half hot in here!
 - 5 Yes. it was a meal and a half, wasn't it?
 - 6 No, he doesn't know the half of it.
 - 7 Yes, I'm sure that's half the battle.
- 49.4 1 It isn't half noisy here - shall we go somewhere quieter?
 - 2 Having a clear structure and plan for your essay is half the battle.
 - 3 It'll be to management's advantage to meet the union halfway.
 - 4 There was a lot of bad behaviour on the school trip, but the teachers didn't know the half of it.
 - 5 Well, that was certainly a walk and a half!

- 50.1 1 Lois told our boss that I left work early yesterday, so I told the boss that she's looking for a new job. Two can play at that game.
 - 2 The director and department head are both very arrogant. They're two of a kind.
 - 3 You hate meetings and I hate meetings, so that makes two of us. III both the years
 - 4 When a couple breaks up, it is hardly ever the fault of just one person. It takes **two to tango**.
 - 5 Lily, can you help me with this? Two heads are better than one. bill bridge yo
 - 6 I'm not going to the restaurant with Matt and Emily. I can see they want to be alone. Two's company, three's a crowd.
- **50.2** 1 Adam
 - 2 Tony
 - 3 Amv
- 4 Lotta
 - 50.3 1 two sides of the same coin 3 it takes two to tango

- 2 like two peas in a pod
 - 4 two heads are better than one / that makes I Tknow. I know. Just, au to own, ame for now. There's nothing we can do about it
- 1 Richard knows a thing or two about finance. The walls of too bealmong also as a set of 50.4
 - 2 Losing the race brought him down a peg or two.
 - 3 A lot of kids nowadays put / stick two fingers up at the police and do what they want.
 - 4 Political power cuts two / both ways: it enables people to change things, but it tempts them to become corrupt too.
 - 5 Einstein saw time and space as **two sides of the same coin**.
 - 6 Satnav systems in cars are two a penny these days.

Unit 51

51.1 1 clear 4 for 7 told 5 hours 8 over

6 good

- 51.2 1 The office never stops. It's all systems go from 8 am to 6 pm. 2 Given half a chance, I'd leave trip toba
 - 2 There were 18 of us for dinner, all told.
 - 3 Don't be in such a hurry to pass your driving test. All in good time!
 - 4 My sister isn't interested in what I'm doing. I could be homeless for all she cares.
 - 5 Stefan went out to celebrate **getting the all-clear** from his doctor.
 - 6 Some parents allow their children to come home at all hours of the day and night.
 - 7 My brother's really forgetful, so I'm not surprised he forgot your birthday. That's him all over! vswilsd min mom of yet bluode u
 - 8 My dad was really grumpy this morning, but he's all smiles now.

- 51.3 1 c
 - 2 f
 - 3 e
 - 4 b
 - 5 a
 - 6 d
- 51.4
- 1 all-singing, all-dancing 4 all things to all people

 - 2 to cap it all 5 an all-time low
 - 3 in all but name 6 all told
- 51.5 I'm training to be a vet, and I've got ten exams, all told, to prepare for. It means I've been studying at all hours of the day and night. I'm exhausted, and to cap it all I've got three exams on the same day this week! I just want to relax and go on holiday, but all in good time - I'll be finished next month. I told my friend I was feeling stressed, but he just laughed - that's him all over; he never takes anything seriously, and even when he's worried or anxious he's all smiles.

- 1 There's no such thing as a free lunch! 52.1
 - 2 I won't take no for an answer!
 - 3 No time like the present!
 - 4 No strings attached I promise!
 - 5 Go at once no ifs and buts!
 - 6 No news is good news!
- 1 It was difficult.
 - 2 No. she isn't.
 - 3 No, he's not young any more.
- 4 It would be difficult.
 - 5 He was very direct.
 - 6 It's difficult.
- 52.3 1 There's no such thing as a free lunch.
 - 2 She loves going shopping and spending like there was no **tomorrow**.
 - 3 We were told in no uncertain **terms** that we must always be punctual for work.
 - 4 He said he would lend me €2,000 with no strings attached.
 - 5 He's a very good squash player, even though he's no spring chicken.
 - 6 The new housing development caused no end of problems.
- 52.4 1 The town was full of people partying like there's no tomorrow on New Year's Eve.
 - 2 No prizes for guessing who won the cookery competition.
 - 3 The journey was very easy, and we got to our destination in next to no time.
 - 4 There are no end of places to eat in our town.
 - 5 The police have declared the zone a no-go area.
 - 6 It would help your grandma no end if you cut the grass for her.

1 hand it to 53.1

4 hands down

- 2 upper hand 5 out of the palm
- 3 on a plate

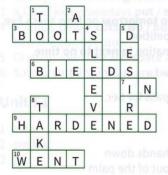
- 6 old hand
- 53.2 1 By publishing their tax plans a year before the election, the opposition have shown **their** hand
 - 2 Mr Mills has **played** right into the hands of his critics by admitting that he made errors in the past.
 - 3 You can count on the fingers of one hand the number of times this government has done anything to help the poor.
 - 4 In court, the accused said he had never laid a hand on anyone and denied the charges.
 - 5 The minister claimed that her hands were tied by European regulations, and that she could not act to change the situation.
 - 6 The minister of education rejected out of hand the claim that small schools would be closed.

- 53.3

53.4 Possible answers:

- 1 Professor Ward has given a wonderful lecture. Please give her a big hand.
- 2 I know I have one somewhere, but I can't lay my hands on it at the moment.
- 3 I think we should all act and do something, not just sit on our hands.
- 4 I'm ready to hand over the reins to someone else.
- 5 Hand on heart, have you never told a lie? Unit 54

- 54.1 1 b) a heart of gold
 - 2 b) No. It is often used ironically.
 - 3 b) sobbing
 - 4 a) your general well-being. In some contexts, it might also be used with reference to someone's financial interests.
 - 5 a) suffering
 - 6 b) unpleasant
- 54.2 I've been offered a job that all my friends and family think I should take. The problem is that in my heart of hearts, I really don't want it. It's always been my heart's desire to leave this city and work abroad, but I don't have the heart to tell my family this, as I know they'll be upset. I know you will tell me to take heart and be strong, but I really don't want to hurt them. After all, I know they have my best interests at heart. What should I do?
- 1 Don't expect so much of him he's only four! Have a heart! 54.3
 - 2 You'll only get hurt if you wear your heart on your sleeve.
 - 3 His heart was in his boots as he thought about the difficult week ahead.
 - 4 You know your parents have your best interests at heart.
 - 5 He showed her round the city, but she could tell that his heart was not in it.
- 54.4



- **55.1** 1 d 3 e 5 f 7 a 7 a 2 d 4 g 6 b 8 c
- **55.2** 1 We were within **an inch** of our lives when the lightning struck the tree beside us.
 - 2 I don't like cycling to work. I feel like I'm risking life and limb in all that traffic.
 - 3 The operation has given my grandmother a new lease of life.
 - 4 Taking your final exams won't be easy, but I'm sure you'll live to tell the tale.
 - 5 Clare **got** the shock of her life when she saw the police officer at her door.
 - 6 Some people find living out of a suitcase away from home very stressful.
 - 7 The company chairman is living on **borrowed** time after the latest fall in profits.
 - 8 Lewis is really shy and isn't usually the life and **soul** of the party.
- 55.3 1 You'll be living a lie if you don't tell him you were once in prison.
 - 2 In this life, we have to live and let live.
 - 3 Not many people have lived such a charmed life as Ed has.
 - 4 We had the time of our lives in California last year.
 - 5 Travelling is the best way to see life.
 - 6 The explorers faced many challenges in the Arctic but lived to tell the tale.
 - 7 The sudden scream scared the life out of me.
 - 8 Jess thinks she'll have a career as a model, but she's living in a dream world in my opinion.
 - 9 The naughty child made his teacher's life a misery.
 - 10 The full service has given our old car a new lease of life.
- **55.4** 1 on 3 of 5 of 2 within 4 out 6 for

- **56.1** 1 There is a lot of dead wood in my office. They should sack some people.
 - 2 Putting Joshua in charge was the kiss of death to the project.
 - 3 His idea of building a plane and flying round the world is as dead as a dodo.
 - 4 The old family quarrel is now dead and buried, and they live in harmony.
 - 5 The planning committee's decision was **a death blow to** the proposal to build the new airport. (You can also say **dealt a death blow to**.)
- 1 a dead duck
 2 kiss of death
 3 in the dead of night
 4 dead to the world
 5 dead in the water
 6 at death's door
- 56.3 1 in the dead of night 4 dead in the water 2 kiss of death 5 a dead duck 3 dead to the world 6 at death's door
- 56.4 1 You should only call an ambulance if it is a matter of life and death (or a matter of life or death).
 - 2 The thieves stole the painting in the **dead** of night.
 - 3 I am sick to **death** of people complaining all the time. It's not my fault!
 - 4 That old car is so dangerous. It's a death trap.
- 5 Having to sit next to my boring uncle at the restaurant was a fate worse than death.
 - 6 Many people suffered a living death in prison camps during the civil war.
 - 7 The council are planning to demolish my house to build a motorway. **Over** my dead body!
 - 8 There is too much dead wood on the school committee. They never do anything useful.

- 57.1 1 Nobody in their **right** mind would lend him money again. He never pays it back.

 - 3 He's always talking about cars. I've never met anyone with such a one-track mind.
 - 4 Correct.
 - 5 What can we do to take Marco's mind **off** his problems?
 - 6 Now, I'd like you all to **cast** your mind back to your very first day at school.
- 1 Bye. Mind how you go! 57.2
 - 2 Mind your own business! I more was a madius a local opinion land algoon amos a
 - 3 I'm bored out of my mind. Same bowered no govel at narmiars vincomes and 5
 - 4 You must be out of your mind! although which will be a trail box with village at always a
 - 5 No. it's been (preving) on my mind all day.
 - 6 Please **cast your mind back** and tell us exactly what happened on the night in question.
- 57.3
- 1 He needs to mind his back. Self beams 3 Come on mind over matter!

 - 2 I can read her mind. 4 That singer blows my mind! 5 Travelling is the best way to see life.
- 57.4 1 Mind your step on the ice – it's very slippery.
 - 2 The actor's performance blew my mind! The actor's performance blew my mind!
 - 3 It goes without saying that you should always mind your Ps and Qs at an interview.
 - 4 People who drink and drive must be **out of their mind**.
 - 5 My twin brother can read my mind.
 - 6 I'm always bored out of my mind in physics lessons!
 - 7 Their argument preyed on Freya's mind for a long time.
 - 8 You'll find it quite easy to learn the guitar if you put your mind to it.

Unit 58

- 58.1 1 I hate it when people try to give you the hard **sell** over the phone.
 - 2 Her grandfather's illness has really **hit** her very hard.
 - 3 I'm so glad we're friends again. No hard feelings, OK?
 - 4 Walking home in the heavy snow was really hard going.
 - 5 I find his constant criticism of me very hard to **swallow**.
 - 6 Learning how to skate turned out to be much harder than Nina had bargained for.
- 58.2
 - 2 False. She will find it difficult to meet her deadline.
 - 3 True.
 - 4 False. It is not an enjoyable way to learn this lesson.
- 58.3
- 4 drive

7 make

- 2 nut
- 5 fast

8 done

- 3 swallow
 - 6 way natter of life and death for a
- 58.4 1 The truth is unpleasant, and I'm worried you'll find it hard to swallow.
 - 2 Although Jack's grandfather used to be rich, he fell on hard times and the family lived in poverty.
 - 3 There are no hard-and-fast rules as to how you should behave in circumstances like these.
 - 4 I'm sure Lydia will feel hard done by when she discovers that her uncle has bought her twin sister a new sports car.
 - 5 Children eventually learn the hard way that life is not always fair.
 - 6 I have no idea how we're going to solve this problem. It's going to be a hard nut to crack, I'm sure.
 - 7 Ruby always complains and seems to make hard work of any little problem.
 - 8 You want me to reduce the price by £200? You certainly drive a hard bargain.

Over to you

Some other idioms that you might find are:

be caught between a rock and a hard place: Whatever I decide to do there will be problems. I'm caught between a rock and a hard place.

be a hard act to follow: Colin was such a good manager that he is going to be a hard act to follow. I wouldn't want to take on his job when he leaves.

be too much like hard work: I certainly don't want to help my dad plant some rose bushes. It sounds too much like hard work to me.

Unit 59

- 59.1 1 through, floor
 - 2 deaf ears

- 3 apart at the
- 4 the wrong hands
- **59.2** It seems that the prime minister's special adviser, Lily Sparks, **has fallen from grace**, and she is expected to resign soon.
 - 2 Everyone had to **fall into line** and work longer hours for the same pay.
 - 3 The deal fell foul of the export regulations and had to be cancelled at the last minute.
 - 4 The report **falls short of** an outright condemnation of the government's actions, but it does contain strong criticism.
- **59.3** 1 I didn't realise she was deceiving me, and I fell for it hook, **line and sinker**.
 - 2 It looks as if the whole system is falling apart at the seams.
 - 3 I didn't really have to do anything to get the job. It just fell into my lap.
 - 4 Sara may not like the new rules, but she'll just have to fall into line.
- 1 If you fall for a thing (e.g. a trick or a lie) hook, line and sinker, you believe it completely. If you fall for a person hook, line and sinker, you fall madly in love with them.
 - 2 Pride comes before a fall.
 - 3 False. If someone falls over themselves to do something, it means they are very keen and eager to do it.
 - 4 The bigger they are / come, the harder they fall.

Unit 60

- 60.1 I like Tina. She's her own **person**. In fact, she's very much a woman after my own **heart**. But I'm not keen on her boyfriend, Karl. He's always blowing his own **trumpet**, and when they come to my flat, he behaves as if he owns the **place**. I think it's time they went their own **ways**. In fact, I really think she'd **come** into her own if they did.
- **60.2** I must think of a way of **getting my own back** on Matt for playing that trick on me.
 - 2 He told the police who had really planned the burglary, in order to save his own skin.
 - 3 Tim was smaller than the other judo players, but he held his own.
 - 4 You're digging your own grave by putting your boss in such a difficult position.
 - 5 If women want to succeed in politics, they have to play men at their own game.

60.3



Phonemic symbols

Vowel so	unds			Consona	nt sounds	d trigues	
Symbol	Example	es		Symbol	Examples	bearing	
/i:/	sl <u>ee</u> p	m <u>e</u>		/p/	<u>p</u> ut		
/i/	happy	recip <u>e</u>		/b/	book		
/I/	p <u>i</u> n	dinner		/t/	take		
/u/	f <u>oo</u> t	c <u>ou</u> ld	p <u>u</u> ll	/d/	<u>d</u> og		
/u:/	d <u>o</u>	sh <u>oe</u>	through	/k/	car	kick	
/e/	r <u>e</u> d	h <u>ea</u> d	s <u>ai</u> d	/g/	go	guarantee	
/ə/	<u>a</u> rrive	fath <u>er</u>	colour	/t ʃ /	ca <u>tch</u>	<u>church</u>	
/3:/	t <u>ur</u> n	b <u>ir</u> d	w <u>or</u> k	/d3/	age	lounge	
/2:/	sort	thought	w <u>al</u> k	/f/	<u>f</u> or	cough	
/æ/	c <u>a</u> t	bl <u>a</u> ck		/v/	lo <u>v</u> e	<u>v</u> ehicle	
/^/	s <u>u</u> n	enough	wonder	/θ/	<u>th</u> ick	pa <u>th</u>	
/p/	<u>go</u> t	w <u>a</u> tch	s <u>o</u> ck	/ð/	<u>th</u> is	mo <u>th</u> er	
/a:/	part	h <u>ear</u> t	laugh	/s/	since	ri <u>ce</u>	
/eɪ/	n <u>a</u> me	l <u>a</u> te	<u>ai</u> m	/z/	<u>z</u> 00	hou <u>ses</u>	
/aɪ/	my	<u>i</u> dea	time	/ʃ/	<u>sh</u> op	sugar	ma <u>ch</u> ine
/21/	boy	n <u>oi</u> se		/3/	pleasure	u <u>s</u> ual	vi <u>s</u> ion
/eə/	p <u>air</u>	wh <u>ere</u>	b <u>ea</u> r	/h/	<u>h</u> ear	<u>h</u> otel	
\e_{I}\	h <u>ear</u>	b <u>eer</u>		/m/	<u>m</u> ake		
/ue/	<u>go</u>	h <u>o</u> me	show	/n/	<u>n</u> ame	now	
/au/	<u>ou</u> t	c <u>ow</u>		/ŋ/	bri <u>ng</u>		
/eu/	pure	poor		/1/	look	whi <u>le</u>	
				/r/	road		
				/j/	young		
				/w/	<u>w</u> ear		

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like a bear with a sore **head** 5 like a deer / rabbit caught in the headlights 3 heads will roll 30 put our **heads** together 18 two **heads** are better than one 50 make good headway 14 after your own heart 60 a heart of gold 54 a heart of stone 54 be your **heart's** desire 54 cry your heart out 54 harden your heart 54 have a heart 54 would be small should the deared list have your best interests at heart 54 in your heart of hearts 54 learn sth off by heart 23 my heart bleeds 54 not have the **heart** to 54 your **heart** goes out sb 54 your **heart** is in your boots 54 your heart isn't in sth 54 put your hand on your heart 53 strike at the heart of 54 take heart 54 wear your **heart** on your sleeve 54 in your heart of hearts 54 be heavy going 25 Achilles heel 20 10 20 20 nwob as word with smind not have a cat in hell's chance 17 the sb / sth from hell 8 golden hello 29 Tas moor sauori dia svia s'ribluow help sb no end 52 here, there and everywhere 10 an all-time high / low 51 be flying high 16 be on a high 35 have friends in high places 26 leave sb high and dry 14 ride high 46 shoot sky-high 30 highly strung 27 Hindsight is a wonderful thing. 12 hit and miss 10 hit sb hard 58 hit the jackpot 35 hit the mark 40 hit the right note 35 hit the spot 35 the shit hits the fan 3 ad hoc 13 go the whole hog 22

hold all the cards 19 hold out an olive branch 38 hold your own 60 hold / bite your tongue 18 have sth burning a **hole** in your pocket 6 pick holes in 25 pick holes in sth 38 bring home the bacon 32 eat sb out of house and home 21 until the cows come home 17 debt of honour 2 on the hoof 34 fall for sb / sth hook, line and sinker 59 hopping mad 3 12 has d is elegand in lead cloud on the horizon 30 a Trojan horse 20 eat like a horse 34 flog a dead horse 17 straight from the horse's mouth 17 You can lead a **horse** to water (but you can't make him drink), 12 wild horses couldn't make me 36 hot off the press 24 all hot and bothered 36 piping hot 47 eleventh-hour 39 at all hours 51 bring the house down 25 eat sb out of house and home 21 on the house 34 wouldn't give sth house room 36 mind how you go 57 huff and puff 10 might as well be **hung** for a sheep as a lamb 19 hustle and bustle 10 sing from the same hymn sheet 45 be (skating) on thin ice 42 the tip of the iceberg 5 the frosting / icing on the cake 7 no ifs and buts 52 Ignorance is bliss. 12 be under no illusions 30 the spitting image 26 within an inch of your life 55 ad infinitum 13 a mine of information 27 too much information 8 an inside job 28 know sth inside out 3 have your best interests at heart 54 Necessity is the mother of **invention**. 11

an ivory tower 22 hit the jackpot 35 like nailing **ielly** to a wall 8 an inside job 28 do a hatchet iob on 25 ioin forces with 4 join the ranks of 15 If you can't beat 'em, join 'em! 45 joined-up thinking 31 put sb's nose out of ioint 37 be no **joke** 52 see the ioke 4 full of the **iovs** of spring 35 more by luck than judgement 43 as keen as mustard 9 keep your finger on the pulse 18 keep / play your cards close to your chest 19 keep sb on the edge of their seat 25 kick vourself 36 a whizz kid 27 new kid on the block 33 be two of a kind 50 the kiss of death 56 knock into shape 2 knock sb for six 19, 36 tie the knot 5 know sth inside out 3 not know the half of it 49 not **know** whether you're coming or going 34 at the top of the ladder 29 It's not over until the fat lady sings. 12 the first lady of sth 8 laissez-faire 13 might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb 17 win by a landslide 33 life in the fast lane 17 life in the slow lane 17 drop / fall into your lap 59 by and large 41 as happy as Larry 35 a last-ditch attempt 39 in the final / last analysis 41 last but not least 41 laugh all the way to the bank 32 launch a campaign 4 rest on your laurels 20 the long arm of the **law** 28 lay a hand on 53 lay it on with a trowel 21 can't lay your hands on sth 53 go down like a **lead** balloon 46

risk life and **limb** 55 You can **lead** a horse to water (but you can't make it drink). 12 line your own pockets 28 a leading light 25 down the line 16 turn over a new leaf 42 fall for sb / sth hook, line and sinker 59 in leaps and bounds 23 fall into line 30, 59 toe the line 38 learn by rote 23 tow the line 38 learn sth off by heart 23 learn the hard way 58 every cloud has a silver lining 11 learn your lesson 23 listen with half an ear 49 get a new lease of life 55 little by little 10 last but not least 41 live a charmed life 55 to say the least 43 live a lie 55 live and let live 55 leave no stone unturned 20 leave sb high and dry 14 live in each other's pockets 26 gardening leave 31 live life to the full 40 live in a dream world 55 have two left feet 50 a leopard can't change its spots 17 live on a shoestring 32 learn your lesson 23 live on borrowed time 55 teach sb a lesson 23 live out of a suitcase 55 live and let live 55 live to tell the tale 55 a living death 56 take to the next level 30 the dice are loaded against 19 live a lie 55 a lone voice 45 bare-faced lies 47 go back a **long** way 26 life in the fast lane 16 life in the slow lane 16 the long arm of the law 28 look on the bright side 12 a dog's life 17 look out for number one 27 a matter of life and / or death 56 do anything for a quiet life 55 a loose cannon 27 fight for your life 39 lose your touch 37 get a life 44 lose face 18 get a new lease of life 55 lose the plot 37 get the shock of your life 55 not lose sleep over sth 34 have the time of your life 55 at a loss for words 5 live a charmed life 55 there's a lot to be said for 43 live life to the full 40 be dealt a **lousy** hand 53 make sb's life a misery 55 a love rat 27 risk life and limb 55 All's fair in love and war, 11 scare the life out of 55 The course of true love never did run smooth, 21 see life 55 star-crossed lovers 21 an all-time high / low 51 the **life** and soul of the party 55 more by luck than judgement 43 Variety is the spice of life. 11 within an inch of your life 55 happy-go-lucky 35 throw a lifeline 30 like it or lump it 3 a leading light 25 malom s to tuo mismuom s exism There's no such thing as a free **lunch**. 52 be **light** years away from sth 24 a cog in the machine 24 be out like a light 34 hopping mad 3 give / get the green light 16 self-made man 33 go out like a light 34 in the main 41 silent majority 33 in the cold **light** of day 37 make a mountain out of a molehill 5 see the light 4 have your name in **lights** 25 make a name for 3

make a pig's ear of 37 make ends meet 32 make good headway 14 make hard work of 58 make sb's toes curl 18 make sb's life a misery 55 make your blood boil 36 make your hair stand on end 21 wild horses couldn't make me 36 no list disk natali that makes two of us 50 of your own making 60 a man / woman of many parts 27 Girl / Man / Person Friday 22 self-made man 33 dog in the **manger** 17 drive like a maniac 9 a man / woman of many parts 27 milesode a no svil marathon talks 39 steal a march on sb 15 be given / get your marching orders 4 a black mark 4 hit the mark 40 corner the market 29 the bottom drops / falls out of the market 30 take matters into your own hands 60 a matter of life and death 56 as a matter of course 41 mind over matter 57 the fact of the matter is 31 You may well ask! 44 a square meal 34 half-measures 49 meet sb halfway 49 make ends meet 32 there's more to sth than **meets** the eye 18 a memory like a sieve 23 men in grey suits 33 be all things to all men 51 compos mentis 13 a mere pittance 47 on message 45 the Midas touch 20 burn the midnight oil 34 might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb 17 to put it mildly 43 go the extra mile 8 stick in my mind 23 mind how you go 57 mind your back 57 mind your own business 57 mind your Ps and Qs 57

mind your step 57 mind over matter 57 be all in the mind 51 blow your mind 35, 57 bored out of your mind 57 cast your mind back 57 get your mind / head round 57 have a good mind to 49 have a one-track mind 57 have half a mind to 49 if you put your mind to it 57 nobody in their right mind 57 of like mind 45 of the same mind 45 out of your **mind** 57 prev on your **mind** 57 read sb's mind 57 stick in my mind 23 take your mind off it 57 be in two minds 45 a mine of information 27 Any friend of yours is a friend of mine. 12 be a minefield 4 up-to-the-minute 5 make sb's life a misery 55 give sth a miss 34 hit and miss 10 will disable be been all long terms make a mountain out of a molehill 5 at this **moment** in time 31 money for old rope 32 money to burn 32 Monopoly money 19 put your **money** where your mouth is 42 throw money down the drain 32 Monopoly money 19 the green-eyed monster 21 more by luck than judgement 43 bite off **more** than one can chew 42 There are plenty **more** fish in the sea. 12 there's **more** to sth than meets the eye 18 Necessity is the **mother** of invention. 11 set in motion 41 set the wheels in motion 24 make a mountain out of a molehill 5 amid mounting calls 39 as poor as a church mouse 9 as quiet as a mouse 1 play cat and mouse 48 put your money where your mouth is 42 straight from the horse's mouth 17 take the words right out of my mouth 45

move the goalposts 19 a smart move 40 go / move / step up a gear 16 movers and shakers 33 Mr Big 33 as clear as mud 9 as stubborn as a mule 9 Mum's the word, 12 as keen as mustard 9 can't cut the mustard 46 shrouded in mystery 39 like nailing jelly to a wall 8 stark naked 47 have your name in lights 25 in all but name 51 make a name for 3 the **name** of the game 48 on the straight and narrow 28 nearest and dearest 26 nearly fall off your chair 43 neat and tidy 10 Necessity is the mother of invention. 11 World and neck and neck 10 an albatross around sb's neck 22 stick your neck out 42 that's all we need 44 be a bundle of **nerves** 36 feather your own nest 3, 60 fly the **nest** 26 It never rains but it pours. 11 The course of true love **never** did run smooth. 21 new kid on the block 33 a whole **new** ball game 19 get a **new** lease of life 55 turn over a **new** leaf 42 no news is good news 52 in **next** to no time 52 take to the next level 30 nice work if you can get it 44 all right on the **night** 25 be like ships that pass in the **night** 22 in the dead of night 56 be a nightmare 37 no end of 52 **no** expense spared 32 no-go area 52 no ifs and buts 52 no news is good news 52 no pain no gain 11 **no** prizes for guessing sth 52 no strings attached 52 **no** time like the present 52 be **no** ioke 52 be **no** / nobody's fool 52 be **no** oil painting 52 be **no** picnic 52 be **no** spring chicken 52 be under **no** illusions 30 help sb **no** end 52 in next to **no** time 52 in no uncertain terms 52 know **no** bounds 3 leave **no** stone unturned 20 like there's **no** tomorrow 52 There's **no** such thing as a free lunch. 52 There's **no** time like the present, 40, 44 not take **no** for an answer 52 **nobody** in their right mind 57 be no / **nobody**'s fool 52 bête noire 13 non sequitur 13 nook and cranny 10 put sb's nose out of joint 37 take a nosedive 16, 30 note of discord 45 hit the right **note** 35 nothing ventured, nothing gained. 11 all or nothing 51 to say **nothing** of 43 be getting / going **nowhere** 4 a cushy number 29 look out for **number** one 27 public enemy number one 33 sb's / sth's days are **numbered** 5 a hard nut to crack 58 be at odds with 45 pay over the odds 32 in the offing 14 oil the wheels 24 be no **oil** painting 52 burn the midnight oil 34 pour oil on troubled waters 45 a chip off the **old** block 26 an old flame 26 be an old hand at sth 53 money for old rope 32 the good old days 5 hold out an olive branch 38 at one fell swoop 21 be back to square one 6 be one in the eye for sb 18 can count sth on the fingers of one hand 53 de swarf

have a one-track mind 57 at the long and sall amid on
look out for number one 27
on the one hand, on the other hand 41
public enemy number one 33 Se guilfuled lie on od
two heads are better than one 50
open the door to 2, 41
be given / get your marching orders 4
on the one hand, on the other hand 41 and de glad
turn the other cheek 20
think outside the box 31
outstay your welcome 34
over my dead body 56 US begretting anote on avail
be all over sb like a rash 9 monomot on a send odd
be in over your head 37 de as golds doug on a seed T
fall over yourself to do sth 59
hand over the reins 53
It's not over until the fat lady sings. 12 decided wheelers
mind over matter 57
not lose sleep over sth 34
pay over the odds 32
pull the wool over sb's eyes 28
that's sb all over 51
turn over a new leaf 42
after your own heart 60
an own goal 60
blow your own trumpet 60
come into your own 60
dig your own grave 60
feather your own nest 3, 60
get your own back 60
go their own ways 60
hold your own 60
in your own time 60 benedmun end eyeb a'dda \ a'da
line your own pockets 28
mind your own business 57
of your own making 60
your own flesh and blood 26
be your own person 60
out of your own pocket 5
play sb at their own game 60 lie intginbin and mud
save your own skin 60
take matters into your own hands 60 and the glab a
would sell your own grandmother 32
as if (he) owned the place 60
pack a punch 40 SE egos blo sol yenom
send sb packing 21 2 ayab blo boog arts
a page-turner 25 22 888 donesid avillo no 100 blod
no pain no gain 11 15 quowe liel ano te
be no oil painting 52
be beyond the pale 3
have sb eating out of / in the palm of your hand 53

a flash in the pan 1, 15 Pandora's box 20 fly by the seat of your pants 16 a paper tiger 46 part and parcel 6 as sick as a parrot 17 part and parcel 6 parting shot 20 silent / sleeping partner 29 a man / woman of many parts 27 the life and soul of the party 55 be like ships that **pass** in the night 22 run out of patience 36 pay over the odds 32 uneasy **peace** 39 be like two **peas** in a pod 50 bring sb down a peg or two 50 not have two pennies to rub together 50 penny-pinching 32 be two a penny 50 the **penny** drops 43 be your own **person** 60 pick holes in 25 pick holes in sth 38 bone to pick 38 be no picnic 52 not the whole picture 41 36 assumen to sibmud a sid eat like a pig 34 make a pig's ear of 37 put the cat amongst the pigeons 38 penny-pinching 32 piping hot 47 a mere pittance 47 as if (he) owned the place 60 between a rock and a hard place 31 put sb in their place 38 have friends in high places 26 a game plan 48 as thick as two short planks 9 hand sth to sb on a plate 53 play cat and mouse 48 play dirty 48 play for time 48 play games 37 play God 48 play gooseberry 48 play hardball 19 play into sb's hands 53 play it cool 48 play it safe 48 play your ace / trump card 19

play sb at their own game 60 play sb for a fool 48 play second fiddle 48 play the fool 27 play the game 48 play to the gallery 25 play your cards close to your chest 19 two can play at that game 50 have plenty of strings to your bow 27 There are plenty more fish in the sea. 12 lose the **plot** 37 the **plot** thickens 44 plunge into chaos 39 plus ça change 13 poacher turned gamekeeper 28 have sth burning a hole in your pocket 6 out of your own pocket 5 line your own pockets 28 and but bleed its nadar live in each other's pockets 26 to too bolly add sales be like two peas in a **pod** 50 point the finger at 18 point the way to 41 a case in point 41 see the point 4 and souls amount omes out must only sticking point 38 poker-faced 19 big fish in a small pond 30 as **poor** as a church mouse 9 any port in a storm 14

pound of flesh 21 pour oil on troubled waters 45 It never rains but it pours. 11 the **power** behind the throne 33 There's no time like the present. 40, 44, 52 hot off the press 24 be hard **pressed** to 58 prey on your mind 57 prick your ears up 2 Pride comes before a fall. 59 Prince Charming 22 no prizes for guessing sth 52 epic proportions 20 mind your Ps and Qs 57 public enemy number one 33 be in the **public** eye 33 huff and puff 10 pull rank 4 pull the rug from under your feet 37 pull the strings 33 pull the wool over sb's eyes 28 not pull any punches 19

a crowd-puller 25 keep your finger on the pulse 18 punch-drunk 19 pack a punch 40 not pull any punches 19 a glutton for punishment 27 push the envelope 31 push the right buttons 24 put our heads together 18 put sb in their place 38 put sb's nose out of joint 37 put the brakes on 16 **put** two fingers up at sth 50 put your foot down 38 put your foot in it 1 inslides bed on somebbly bood put your hand on your heart 53 put your money where your mouth is 42 put your shoulder to the wheel 42 be hard **put** to 58 if you put your mind to it 57 to put it mildly 43 a Pyrrhic victory 20 mind your Ps and Qs 57 beg the question 41 out of the question 38 as quick as a flash 9 be quids in 2 as quiet as a mouse 1 do anything for a quiet life 55 status **quo** 13 like a deer / rabbit caught in the headlights 3 the rat race 29 fall off the radar 8 rags to riches 32 go off the rails 16 take a rain check 19 It never rains but it pours. 11 raise your game 48 as thin as a rake 9 as stiff / straight as a ramrod 2 pull rank 4 ioin the ranks of 15 be all over sb like a rash 9 a love rat 27 the rat race 29 rattle sb's cage 36 razor-sharp 47 reach for the stars 42 read sb's mind 57 and during spinning own available for good reason 43 see reason 4 Ill Emel now rebrui mont sun entitlug

receive a windfall 30	hard-and-fast rules 58 de ameg navo de de de valo
a recipe for disaster 46	run a tight ship 3, 14
track record 29	run in the family 26
as red as a beetroot 9 one as Obdonug a sloop	run its course 2
get the red card 19	run like the wind 9
see red 4, 36	run out of patience 36
reduce to tears 36	run out of steam 16 da may of saola abisa moy yishq
rein in spending 30	run the gauntlet 15 OZ smsg Jadi Ja yalq nas owi
hand over the reins 53	cut and run 14 seed mode of against to vinola even
reinvent the wheel 24	The course of true love never did run smooth. 21
rest on your laurels 20 Te mon lo suo seon e de suo	do a runner 28 State party 55 TE dolg sitt seol
beat a retreat 15 and	be given the sack 3
filthy rich 47	saddled with debt 30
rags to riches 32	safe and sound 1 32 ELegnada so aulq
Good riddance (to bad rubbish)! 12, 44	better safe than sorry 11
ride high 46 minus 52 med aboy no bristlauoy fuq	play it safe 48 along may alolon a grimud die syad
take sb for a ride 28	there's a lot to be said for 43
rig an election 33 Releady and of rebluods your due	when all's said and done 43
right off the bat 7 man and ad all all all all all all all all all	take the wind out of sb's sails 14
all right on the night 25 and bolim may due now it	trim your sails 42 DE bog a ni assignment and
give your right arm for 18	same difference 44
hit the right note 35	be on the same wavelength 6
nobody in their right mind 57 25 bns 29 way balm	of the same mind 45
push the right buttons 24 IA nolleaup add god	sing from the same hymn sheet 45
take the words right out of my mouth 45	two sides of the same coin 50
ring the changes 42	be built on sand 46
risk life and limb 55	bury your head in the sand 18 and lisms and deligid
do a roaring trade 29	save your own skin 60 Passuom datudan as 1009 as
rock bottom 47 messel still salup a rol gnidtyna ob	scrimp and save 32
rock hard 47 back 60 EL oup zutstz	face-saving 18
between a rock and a hard place 31 and head a said	to say nothing of 43
it's not rocket science 24	to say the least 43
on the rocks 14 60 8 and and the list	it does exactly what it says on the tin 8 drawlog and
heads will roll 30 has 28 SE and an or agen	scare the life out of 55
heads will roll 30 less 32 gas and not again on a roll 46 gas and a specific	set the scene / stage 41 ml plane 3 22 and and flo dod
rolling in the aisles 25	a half-baked scheme 49
be rolling in it 32 m MAAA awoog statud anien neven st	it's not rocket science 24
Rome wasn't built in a day. 11	settle a score 37 Squ 2169 100y xlahq
fiddle while Rome burns 20	up to scratch 23 nor placelled a ground some shirt
the elephant in the room 17 at 6 26 3 dg 5 dz \ \ dd 26 a	scrimp and save 32 state 58 Segniment anning
wouldn't give sth house room 36	There are plenty more fish in the sea. 12
grass roots 33	be falling apart at the seams 59 and mogorquia
money for old rope 32	a back-seat driver 16 Te ag bns ag nuoy bnim
learn by rote 23 Manuface 60 TS for evol 8	fly by the seat of your pants 16 down your pall due
round the clock 23	in the driving seat 16 EE eye alldug ent med
get your mind / head round 57	keep sb on the edge of their seat 2501 Mug bos Mud
get your tongue round sth 18	for a split second 43
rub shoulders with sb 26	play second fiddle 48 hugy sebru mod gur edi Iluq
not have two pennies to rub together 50 maids bear	a second-class citizen 33
Good riddance (to bad rubbish)! 12, 44	see eye to eye 1, 6
pull the rug from under your feet 37	see life 55 are / trump card EL and any gran Iluq ton

put your **shoulder** to the wheel 42 see reason 4 see red 4, 36 be head and **shoulders** above sb 18 rub shoulders with sb 26 see sense 4 see the joke 4 show your hand 53 steal the show 25 see the light 4 see the point 4 worship at the altar / shrine / temple of 30 see the writing on the wall 20 shrouded in mystery 39 can't see the wood for the trees 37 shut up shop 29 sick and tired 5 I'll believe it when I see it. 12 sick to death of sth 56 suck it and see 31 self-made man 33 as sick as a parrot 17 give sb the hard sell 58 Look on the bright **side**. 12 would sell your own grandmother 32 two sides of the same coin 50 send sb packing 21 a memory like a **sieve** 23 send shivers down your spine 25 set your sights on 23 see sense 4 silent majority 33 non sequitur 13 silent partner 29 as silent as the grave 9 first come, first served 11 as smooth as silk 9 set in motion 41 every cloud has a silver lining 11 set the scene / stage 41 set the wheels in motion 24 sing from the same hymn sheet 45 set your sights on 23 all-singing, all-dancing 51 settle a score 37 It's not over till the fat lady sings. 12 at sixes and sevens 10 sink like a stone 2 movers and shakers 33 fall for sb / sth hook, line and **sinker** 59 knock into shape 2 have a sinking feeling 36 a short sharp shock 28 sit on the fence 6 razor-sharp 47 sit on your hands 53 a Catch-22 situation 22 shed crocodile tears 17 a wolf in **sheep**'s clothing 17 knock sb for six 19, 36 might as well be hung for a **sheep** as a lamb 17 at sixes and sevens 10 That's about the size of it! 45 sort (out) the **sheep** from the goats 17 shell-shocked 15 get your **skates** on 12 take a **shine** to sb 1 be (**skating**) on thin ice 42 save your own skin 60 run a tight ship 3, 14 be like **ships** that pass in the night 22 blue-**sky** thinking 31 shoot sky-high 30 the shit hits the fan 3 m 2005 as borne 0 to brown and send shivers down your spine 25 a slap in the face 37 a short sharp shock 28 sleep on it 34 get the **shock** of your life 55 not lose sleep over sth 34 sleeping partner 29 shell-**shocked** 15 live on a shoestring 32 let **sleeping** dogs lie 38 shoot yourself in the foot 15 have sth up your sleeve 4 **shoot** sb down in flames 15 wear your heart on your sleeve 54 shoot sky-high 30 slog your guts out 29 life in the **slow** lane 16 shut up shop 29 a **short** sharp shock 28 a small fortune 47 as thick as two short planks 9 big fish in a small pond 30 fall short of 59 a smart move 40 not be **short** of a bob or two 50 be all smiles 51 as smooth as silk 9 and a silk 9 parting **shot** 20

The course of true love never did run smooth . 21
So far, so good. 12 deeveds mebluoda bas basel ed
for a song 32
like a bear with a sore head 5
Better safe than sorry . 11
sort (out) the sheep from the goats 17
the life and soul of the party 55
safe and sound 1 call a spade a spade 22 spick and span 10 22 gods ou dud 2 benit bns slok 3 de due to duesto or slok
call a spade a spade 22
spick and span 10
throw a spanner in the works 24 domag a see also as
go spare 3 and 15 SI sebia Iriginal entrino aloo.
no expense spared 32
rein in spending 30
Variety is the spice of life. 11
spick and span 10
spick and span 10 send shivers down your spine 25
spirit of adventure 5
enter into the spirit of sth 35
the spitting image 26 minil neville 6 and buolo years
split hairs 45
for a split second 43
throw in the sponge 19
hit the a stone 2
a leopard can't change its spots 17
be no spring chicken 52
full of the joys of spring 35 win your spurs 46 a square meal 34
win your spurs 46
a square meal 34 SS nothbusha SS-rished in
be back to square one 6
squeaky-clean 47
be / take centre-stage 4
set the scene / stage 41
at stake 43 at sta
stand out from the crowd 40
stand your ground 38 IE gnoland yole-suld
make your hair stand on end 21
come to a standstill 16
star-crossed lovers 21
stark naked 47
have stars in your eyes 35
reach for the stars 42
status quo 13 ape 32 A eveela nuoy qui its ever
steal a march on sb 15
steal the show 25
run out of steam 16 mund 331 and wole add ni all
step on it 16
mind your step 57 was 05 boog limms and dell gio
go / move / step up a gear 16
stick in my mind 23
stick two fingers up at sth 50

stick your neck out 42 sticking point 38 as stiff as a ramrod 2 stone cold 47 a heart of stone 54 leave no stone unturned 20 sink like a stone 2 full stop 47 a storm in a teacup 22 any port in a **storm** 14 go down a **storm** 46 weather the storm 14 end of (story) 8 straight from the horse's mouth 17 as straight as a ramrod 2 on the **straight** and narrow 28 be **strapped** for cash 32 be a tower of strength 26 do a stretch 28 strike at the heart of 54 have plenty of strings to your bow 27 no strings attached 52 pull the **strings** 33 highly strung 27 as stubborn as a mule 9 There's no **such** thing as a free lunch. 52 suck it and see 31 You're teaching your grandmother to **suck** eggs! 23 live out of a **suitcase** 55 men in grey suits 33 hard to swallow 58 blood, sweat and tears 10 sweep sth under the carpet 37 go with a swing 35 at one fell **swoop** 21 fall on your **sword** 20 the **sword** of Damocles 20 it's all systems go 51 and a movement and a beautiful be bring to the **table** 31 be like a dog with two tails 50 take centre stage 4, 25 take a nosedive 16, 30 take a rain check 19 take a shine to sb 1 take each day as it comes 34 take heart 54 take it easy 12 take matters into your own hands 60 take your eye off the ball 37 take your mind off it 57 take sb for a ride 28

take sb to the cleaner's 32 take the biscuit / cake 7 take the flak 4 102 bword a describe encomed about take the wind out of sb's sails 14 take the words right out of my mouth 45 take to the next level 30 take years off sb 40 take centre stage 4, 25 give or take 10 not take no for an answer 52 be taken aback 14 It takes two to tango. 11, 50 live to tell the tale 55 marathon talks 39 We owl to dod allo hode ad ton It takes two to tango. 11, 50 teach sb a lesson 23 You can't **teach** an old dog new tricks 23 You're **teaching** your grandmother to suck eggs! 23 a storm in a teacup 22 wear and tear 10 blood, sweat and tears 10 it will all end in tears 44 % homeofrom everal reduce to tears 36 shed crocodile tears 17 and SSA theo sligger and Issagus get your **teeth** into sth 18 teething troubles 18 tell me about it 45 miss and to be be to be supply and to be live to **tell** the tale 55 time will tell 44 worship at the altar / shrine / temple of 30 tempt fate 42 a contradiction in terms 41 in no uncertain terms 52 uncharted territory / waters 4 as thick as thieves 9 as thick as two short planks 9 through thick and thin 26 Ald day de la salew add al the plot thickens 44 as thick as thieves 9 A list and yill gold an exit as thin as a rake 9 US list and no uniting and see be (skating) on thin ice 42 through thick and thin 26 M RE valuus molauw not be your thing 36 There's no such thing as a free lunch. 52 be all things to all men 51 along to all men 51 think outside the box 31 think twice 42 blue-sky thinking 31 joined-up thinking 31 I thought as much. 44

be batting a thousand 7 Two's company, three's a crowd. 50 the power behind the throne 33 throw a lifeline 30 throw a spanner in the works 24 throw in the sponge 19 throw money down the drain 32 throw sb a curveball 7 throw the book at 28 I wouldn't trust sb as far as I could **throw** them 44 fingers and thumbs 10 a face like thunder 9 tick all the boxes 31 neat and tidy 10 tie the knot 5 woodserful by 12 85 broom slamb sb's hands are tied 53 a paper tiger 46 in a tight corner 37 run a tight ship 3, 14 have your hand in the till 28 time after time 10 time will tell 44 days 83 to good edit of ill ills ahead of its time 40 all in good **time** 51
an all-**time** high / low 51 at this moment in time 31 big time 8 The section in the boow and seed the section in the sec do time 28 have the **time** of your life 55 in next to no time 52 in your own time 60 live on borrowed time 55 no **time** like the present 52 not give sb the **time** of day 26 play for time 48 There's no **time** like the present. 40, 44 fall on hard times 58, 59 it does exactly what it says on the tin 8 the **tip** of the iceberg 5 sick and tired 5 toe the line 38 make sb's **toes** curl 18 tread on sb's toes 18 get your act together 6 not have two pennies to rub together 50 put our heads together 18 all told 51 every Tom, **Dick** and Harry 5 like there's no tomorrow 52 and all moved additional as get your tongue round sth 18 as lo anilalniwal and ni hold / bite your tongue 18 mag to 19 a yeld not own

too clever by half 49 too much information! 8 at the top of the ladder 29 of an amount of be torn 45 war-torn country 39 argue the toss 38 touch base 31 lose your touch 37 the Midas touch 20 tough it out 42 tow the line 38 be a **tower** of strength 26 an ivory tower 22 go out on the town 34 track record 29 back on track 16 have a one-track mind 57 on track 23 do a roaring **trade** 29 gravy train 33 a death trap 56 fall into the trap of 59 tread on sh's toes 18 tread the boards 24 go down a treat 35 be barking up the wrong tree 45 can't see the wood for the trees 37 You can't teach an old dog new tricks 23 85 amil ob trim your sails 42 a Troian horse 20 pour oil on troubled waters 45 (18 amil nwo nuov ni teething troubles 18 lay it on with a trowel 21 a dream come true 35 % was to smill and de swip for The course of **true** love never did run smooth. 21 play your ace / trump card 19 come up trumps 46 I wouldn't **trust** sb as far as I could throw them 44 truth will out 12 turn over a new leaf 42 turn the other cheek 20 do a U-turn 16 done to a turn 34 poacher turned gamekeeper 28 mag owl synd too a page-turner 25 that's a turn-up for the books 43 think twice 42 a twinkle in your father's eye 26 in the twinkling of an eye 21 bound bug not suov ten two can play at that game 50 two heads are better than one 50 two sides of the same coin 50 two's company, three's a crowd. 50 as thick as **two** short planks 9 bring sb down a peg or two 50 be in **two** minds 45 be like a dog with **two** tails 50 be like **two** peas in a pod 50 be **two** a penny 50 be **two** of a kind 50 cut both / two ways 50 have **two** left feet 50 It takes two to tango, 11, 50 not be short of a bob or two 50 not have **two** pennies to rub together 50 put / stick two fingers up at sth 50 that makes two of us 50 do a U-turn 16 in no uncertain terms 52 uncharted territory / waters 4 uneasy peace 39 leave no stone unturned 20 have the upper hand 53 upset the apple cart 42 that makes two of us 50 Variety is the spice of life. 11 Nothing ventured, nothing gained. 11 wods am list burst a blood vessel 36 a Pyrrhic victory 20 C'est la vie, 13 a lone voice 45 grey vote 33 wade through 25 wait in the wings 25 play a / the waiting game 48 in sb's / sth's wake 14 in the wake of sb / sth 14 go to the wall 29 like nailing jelly to a wall 8 see the writing on the wall 20 wax and wane 10 war-torn country 39 All's fair in love and war. 11 be on the warpath 15 watch with half an eye 49 mind / watch your back 57 water under the bridge 38 dead in the water 56 You can lead a horse to water (but you can't make him drink). 12 pour oil on troubled waters 45

uncharted territory / waters 4 be on the same wavelength 6 wax and wane 10 bluff your way 4 go back a long way 26 laugh all the way to the bank 32 learn the hard way 58 point the way to 41 Where there's a will there's a way. 11 cut both / two ways 50 go their own ways 60 wear and tear 10 wear your heart on your sleeve 54 weather the storm 14 a fair-weather friend 26 on a weekly basis 31 cry / weep buckets 7 outstay your welcome 34 You may well ask! 44 a wet blanket 26 double whammy 46 what is the world coming to? 44 it does exactly what it says on the tin 8 Whatever floats your boat! 8 at / behind the wheel 16 put your shoulder to the wheel 42 reinvent the wheel 24 oil the wheels 24 set the wheels in motion 24 when all's said and done 43 cross that bridge when you come to it 42 I'll believe it when I see it. 12 where there's a will there's a way. 11 put your money where your mouth is 42 not know whether you're coming or going 34 the cat's whiskers 17 black and white 10 a whizz kid 27 a whole new ball game 19 go the whole hog 22 not the whole picture 41 give sb / sth a wide berth 14 wild horses couldn't make me 36 a wild-goose chase 21 beyond your wildest dreams 40 battle of wills 15 win by a landslide 33

win hands down 53 win your spurs 46 run like the wind 9 take the wind out of sb's sails 14 receive a windfall 30 have a window 31 clip sb's wings 5 wait in the wings 24 the conventional wisdom 41 It's easy to be wise after the event. 12 within an inch of your life 55 a wolf in sheep's clothing 17 cry wolf 17 a man / woman of many parts 27 Hindsight is a wonderful thing, 12 can't see the wood for the trees 37 dead wood 56 pull the wool over sb's eyes 28 word for word 23 from the word go 43 Mum's the word, 12 at a loss for words 5 take the words right out of my mouth 45 work like a dog 9 donkey / grunt work 7 make hard work of 58 Nice work if you can get it! 44 throw a spanner in the works 24 a world of difference 40, 45 dead to the world 56 go up in the world 2 be / live in a dream world 55 do yourself the world of good 40 What is the world coming to? 44 a fate worse than death 56 worship at the altar / shrine / temple of 30 not be worth a dime 7 lick your wounds 2 see the writing on the wall 20 be barking up the wrong tree 45 don't get me wrong 44 fall into the wrong hands 59 You're not wrong! 45 be light years away from sth 24 take vears off sb 40 catch some z's 7

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